## SEAT OF GOVERNMENT (ADMINISTRATION)

## No. 12 of 1965

An Ordinance to amend the Seat of Government (Administration) Ordinance 1930–1963.

Short title and citation.

**1.**—(1.) This Ordinance may be cited as the Seat of Government (Administration) Ordinance 1965.\*

(2.) The Seat of Government (Administration) Ordinance 1930-1963<sup>†</sup>, as amended by this Ordinance, may be cited as the Seat of Government (Administration) Ordinance 1930-1965.

2. Section 15 of the Seat of Government (Administration) Ordinance 1930-1963 is repealed and the following section inserted in its stead:—

"15.--(1.) In this section, 'duly admitted legal practitioner' means a person duly admitted to practise as a barrister or solicitor or barrister and solicitor in---

- (a) the High Court of Australia;
- (b) the Supreme Court of a State; or
- (c) the Supreme Court of the Territory or of another Territory of the Commonwealth.

"(2.) Subject to the next succeeding sub-section, a duly admitted legal practitioner is entitled to practise as a barrister, and is entitled to practise as a solicitor, in the Territory.

"(3.) A duly admitted legal practitioner is not entitled to practise as a barrister or solicitor in the Territory during any period during which his authority to practise is suspended by a court or by other competent authority.".

Right to practise as barrister or solicitor in the Territory.

Made on 8 July, 1965; notified in the Commonwealth Gazette and commenced on 12 August, 1965.
Ordinance No. 5, 1930, as amended by No. 21, 1931; No. 4, 1933; No. 4, 1937; Nos. 25, 32 and 36, 1938; No. 8, 1939; No. 16, i940; No. 14, 1941; No. 10, 1950; No. 22, 1959; No. 10, 1961; and No. 2, 1963.