#### 2007

# THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Health)

## **Gene Technology Amendment Bill 2007**

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#### 2007

## THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Minister for Health)

### **Gene Technology Amendment Bill 2007**

### A Bill for

An Act to amend the Gene Technology Act 2003

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

	1	Name of Act
		This Act is the Gene Technology Amendment Act 2007.
	2	Commencement
		This Act commences on a day fixed by the Minister by written notice.
		Note 1 The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
		Note 2 A single day or time may be fixed, or different days or times may be fixed, for the commencement of different provisions (see Legislation Act, s 77 (1)).
		Note 3 If a provision has not commenced within 6 months beginning on the notification day, it automatically commences on the first day after that period (see Legislation Act, s 79).
	3	Legislation amended
		This Act amends the Gene Technology Act 2003.
	4	Simplified outline—pt 4 New section 31 (b) (ia)
		insert
		(ia) the dealing is specified in an emergency dealing determination; or
Ì	5	Section 32
		substitute
	32	Person not to deal with GMO without licence
		A person commits an offence if—
		(a) the person deals with a GMO, knowing that it is a GMO; and

1 2 3		(b)	the dealing with the GMO by the person is not authorised by a GMO licence, and the person knows or is reckless about that fact; and
4 5 6		(c)	the dealing with the GMO is not specified in an emergency dealing determination, and the person knows or is reckless about that fact; and
7 8		(d)	the dealing is not a notifiable low risk dealing, and the person knows or is reckless about that fact; and
9 10		(e)	the dealing is not an exempt dealing and the person knows or is reckless about that fact; and
11 12		(f)	the dealing is not included on the GMO Register, and the person knows or is reckless about that fact.
13		Max	ximum penalty:
14 15		(a)	for an aggravated offence—2 000 penalty units, imprisonment for 5 years or both; or
16 17		(b)	in any other case—500 penalty units, imprisonment for 2 years or both.
18		Note	1 Aggravated offence is defined in s 38.
19 20		Note	2 For provisions corresponding to the Commonwealth Act, s 32 (4), see the Legislation Act, s 48.
21 22 23	6	liab	son not to deal with GMO without licence—strict illity offence v section 33 (1) (ba)
24		inse	` , ` ,
25 26		(ba)	the dealing with the GMO is not specified in an emergency dealing determination; and

1	7		Section 33 (2)
2			after
3			subsection (1) (b),
4			insert
5			(ba),
6 7	8		Person must not breach conditions of GMO licence Section 34 (1)
8			substitute
9		(1)	The holder of a GMO licence commits an offence if—
10 11			(a) the holder intentionally takes an action or omits to take an action; and
12 13			(b) the action or omission contravenes the licence, and the holder knows or is reckless about that fact.
14			Maximum penalty:
15 16			(a) for an aggravated offence—2 000 penalty units, imprisonment for 5 years or both; or
17 18			(b) in any other case—500 penalty units, imprisonment for 2 years or both.
19	9		Section 34 (2) (b) and (c)
20			substitute
21			(b) the person has knowledge of the conditions of the licence; and
22 23			(c) the action or omission contravenes a condition of the licence, and the person knows or is reckless about that fact.

1	10		New sections 35A and 35B
2			insert
3	35A		Person must not breach conditions of emergency dealing determination
5			A person commits an offence if—
6 7			(a) the person intentionally takes an action or omits to take an action; and
8 9			(b) the person has knowledge of the conditions to which an emergency dealing determination is subject; and
10 11			(c) the action or omission contravenes such a condition, and the person knows or is reckless about that fact.
12			Maximum penalty:
13 14			(a) for an aggravated offence—2 000 penalty units, imprisonment for 5 years or both; or
15 16			(b) in any other case—500 penalty units, imprisonment for 2 years or both.
17			<i>Note</i> This section differs from the Commonwealth Act, s 35A.
18 19	35B		Person must not breach conditions of emergency dealing determination—strict liability offence
20	(	1)	A person commits an offence if—
21			(a) the person takes an action or omits to take an action; and
22 23			(b) the person has knowledge of the conditions to which an emergency dealing determination is subject; and

2			condition.
3			Maximum penalty:
4			(a) for an aggravated offence—200 penalty units; or
5			(b) in any other case—50 penalty units.
6		(2)	Strict liability applies to subsection (1) (a) and (c).
7			<i>Note</i> This section differs from the Commonwealth Act, s 35B.
8	11		New section 40A
9			insert
10	40A		Licences relating to inadvertent dealings
11		(1)	If the regulator is satisfied that a person has come into possession of
12			a GMO inadvertently the regulator may, with the agreement of the
13 14			person, treat the person as having made an inadvertent dealings application.
15		(2)	To remove any doubt, subsection (1) does not prevent a person from
16			making an application under section 40 in relation to a GMO that
17			has inadvertently come into the person's possession.
18			Note Section 46A and s 49 have the effect that the regulator may expedite
19			consideration of an application to dispose of a GMO that has come into a person's possession inadvertently. These sections have effect whether
20 21			the application is made under s 40, or is taken to have been made under
22			this section.

1 2 3	12		Regulator may require applicant to give further information New section 42 (3)
4			insert
5 6 7		(3)	The regulator may require information to be given under this section at any time before the regulator decides the application, whether before or after the regulator has begun to consider the application.
8 9 10	13		Regulator must consider applications except in certain circumstances Section 43 (2)
11			omit
12			application if—
13			substitute
14			application, or may cease considering the application, if—
15	14		New section 43 (2) (f)
16			insert
17 18 19			(f) the regulator is satisfied (having regard to the matters mentioned in section 58) that the applicant is not a suitable person to hold a licence.

15	New section 46A
	insert
l6A	Division does not apply to an application relating to inadvertent dealings
	Despite section 46, this division does not apply to an application for a GMO licence if the regulator is satisfied that—
	<ul> <li>(a) the dealings proposed to be authorised by the licence are limited to dealings to be undertaken for the purposes of, or for purposes relating to, disposing of a GMO; and</li> </ul>
	(b) the applicant for the licence came into possession of the GMO inadvertently.
16	Section 49
	substitute
49	Division does not apply to an application relating to inadvertent dealings
	Despite section 48, this division does not apply to an application for a GMO licence if the regulator is satisfied that—
	<ul> <li>(a) the dealings proposed to be authorised by the licence are limited to dealings to be undertaken for the purposes of, or for purposes relating to, disposing of a GMO; and</li> </ul>
	(b) the applicant for the licence came into possession of the GMO inadvertently.
17	Regulator must prepare risk assessment and risk management plan
	Section 50 (2)

1	18		Sec	tion 50 (3)
2			omi	
3			The	
4			subs	rtitute
5 6				ess section 50A applies in relation to the application for the ace, the
7	19		Nev	v section 50A
8			inse	rt
9	50A		Lim	ited and controlled release applications
0		(1)		s section applies to an application for a licence if the regulator is fied that—
3			(a)	the principal purpose of the application is to enable the licence holder, and people covered by the licence, to conduct experiments; and
6			(b)	the application proposes in relation to any GMO for which dealings are proposed to be authorised—
7 8				(i) controls to restrict the dissemination or persistence of the GMO and its genetic material in the environment; and
9				(ii) limits on the proposed release of the GMO; and
20 21 22			(c)	the regulator is satisfied that the controls and limits are of such a kind that it is appropriate for the regulator not to seek the advice mentioned in section 50 (3).

1 2 3	(2)	In deciding whether the principal purpose of an application is to enable the licence holder, and people covered by the licence, to conduct experiments, the regulator—
4 5 6		(a) must have regard to whether the applicant proposes that any or all of the following be authorised by, and done under, the licence:
7		(i) testing hypotheses;
8		(ii) gaining scientific or technical knowledge;
9 10		(iii) gaining data for regulatory purposes, or for product development or marketing; and
11 12		(b) may have regard to anything else the regulator considers to be relevant.
13	(3)	In this section:
14 15 16		<i>controls</i> , in relation to restricting the dissemination or persistence of a GMO and its genetic material in the environment, include the following:
17		(a) stated methods for disposal of the GMO or its genetic material;
18 19		(b) data collection requirements, including studies to be conducted about the GMO or its genetic material;
20 21		(c) a restricted geographic area in which the proposed dealings with the GMO or its genetic material may occur;
22 23		(d) compliance, in relation to dealings with the GMO or its genetic material, with—
24		(i) a code of practice issued under section 24; or
25 26		(ii) a technical or procedural guideline issued under section 27.

1		<i>limits</i> , in relation to the release of a GMO that is proposed to be authorised by a licence, includes limits on any of the following:
3		(a) the scope of the dealings with the GMO;
4		(b) the scale of the dealings with the GMO;
5		(c) the locations of the dealings with the GMO;
6		(d) the duration of the dealings with the GMO;
7 8		(e) the people who are to be permitted to conduct of the dealings with the GMO.
9		<i>Note</i> This section differs from the Commonwealth Act, s 50A.
10 11 12	20	Matters regulator must take into account in preparing risk assessment and risk management plan Section 51 (1) (a)
13		omit everything after
14		matters
15		substitute
16		prescribed by regulation;
17	21	Section 51 (1) (b)
18		omit
19	22	Section 51 (2) (b)
20		omit

1 2 3	23	Public notification of risk assessment and risk management plan Section 52 (1)
4		omit
5		sections 49 (if applicable), 50 and 51
6		substitute
7		section 50 and section 51
8	24	New section 52 (2) (ba)
9		insert
10 11 12 13		(ba) if the regulator is satisfied that 1 or more dealings proposed to be authorised by the licence may pose a significant risk to the health and safety of people or to the environment—state that the regulator is so satisfied; and
14	25	Section 52 (2) (d)
15		omit everything after
16		earlier
17		substitute
18		than—
19 20		(i) if the notice states that the regulator is satisfied that the dealings proposed to be authorised by the licence may
21		pose a significant risk to the health and safety of people or to the environment—50 days after the date on which the
22 23		notice was published; or
24 25		(ii) in any other case—30 days after the date on which the notice was published.

1 2 3	26	Regulator must not issue the licence unless satisfied as to risk management Section 56 (2) (a) and (b)
4		substitute
5 6		(a) the risk assessment prepared under section 47 or section 50 in relation to the dealings;
7 8		<ul><li>(b) the risk management plan prepared under section 47 or section 50 in relation to the dealings;</li></ul>
9	27	Section 56 (2), new note
10		insert
11 12		Note Subsections (2) (a) to (c) do not apply to an inadvertent dealings application.
13 14 15	28	Other circumstances in which regulator must not issue the licence New section 57 (3)
16		insert
17	(	3) Subsection (2) does not apply to an inadvertent dealings application.
18 19	29	Period of licence New section 60 (3)
20		insert
21 22 23	(	3) A licence issued as a result of an inadvertent dealings application must not be expressed to be in force for a period of longer than 12 months.

1 2	30	Protection of persons who give information Section 67
3		omit
4		or section 66
5		substitute
6		, section 66 or the Commonwealth Act, section 72D (2) (h)
7 8	31	Variation of licence Section 71 (1)
9		substitute
10 11	(1)	The regulator may vary a licence, by written notice given to the licence holder—
12		(a) at any time, on the regulator's own initiative; or
13		(b) on application by the licence holder.
14 15	(1A)	An application for a variation must be in writing, and must contain—
16		(a) any information prescribed by regulation; and
17		(b) any information specified in writing by the regulator.
18	32	Section 71 (2)
19		omit
20		However, the
21		substitute
22		The

1	33	New section 71 (2A)
2		insert
3	(2A)	The regulator must not vary a licence if the original application for
4	<b>\</b> /	the licence was an application to which section 50A applied,
5		unless—
6		(a) the regulator is satisfied that the principal purpose of the
7		licence as proposed to be varied is to enable the licence holder,
8		and people covered by the licence, to conduct experiments; and
9		(b) the application for variation proposes, in relation to any GMO
0		for which dealings are proposed to be authorised as a result of
1		the variation—
2		(i) controls to restrict the dissemination or persistence of the
3		GMO and its genetic material in the environment; and
4		(ii) limits on the proposed release of the GMO; and
5		(c) the regulator is satisfied that the controls and limits are of such
6		a kind that it is appropriate for the regulator not to seek the
7		advice mentioned in section 50 (3).
8		Note Section 50A applies to an application that proposes controls and limits
9		on the dissemination, persistence and release of the GMO concerned
20		and is for the purpose of conducting experiments.
21	(2B)	The regulator must not vary a licence if the regulator is satisfied that
22		the risk assessment and the risk management plan in relation to the
23		original application for the licence did not cover the risks posed by
24		the dealings proposed to be authorised by the licence as varied.

1	34	Section 71 (4)
2		omit
3		However, the regulator must not vary the
4		substitute
5		The regulator must not vary a
6	35	New section 71 (5) to (8)
7		insert
8 9 10	(:	The regulator must not vary a licence unless any local council that the regulator considers appropriate has been consulted about the proposed variation.
11 12	((	The regulator must not vary a licence in the circumstances (if any) prescribed by regulation.
13 14 15	(	7) If an application has been made for variation of a licence, the regulator must vary the licence or refuse to vary the licence, within the period (if any) prescribed by regulation.
16	(3)	3) In this section:
17		controls—see section 50A (3).
18		<i>limits</i> —see section 50A (3).
19 20 21	36	Regulator to notify of proposed suspension, cancellation or variation New section 72 (8)
22		insert
23 24	(8	B) This section does not apply to a variation of a licence if the regulator is satisfied that the variation is of minor significance or complexity.

1 2	37	GMO licence—annual charge Section 72A
3		renumber as section 72AA
4	38	New part 5A
5		insert
6	Part 5	Emergency dealing determinations
8		Note to pt 5A
9		This part differs from the Commonwealth Act, pt 5A.
10 11	72A	Application of Commonwealth emergency dealing determinations
12 13 14		An emergency dealing determination in force under the Commonwealth Act, section 72B applies, as far as applicable, as a law of the Territory.
15		<i>Note</i> This section differs from the Commonwealth Act, s 72A.
16	72B	Minister may make emergency dealing determination
17 18 19		Note The Commonwealth Act, s 72B permits the Commonwealth Minister to make emergency dealing determinations with a GMO for the purposes of the Commonwealth Act, part 5A.
20	72C	Period of effect of emergency dealing determination
21 22 23 24		Note The Commonwealth Act, s 72C provides for when an emergency dealing determination takes effect, when it ceases to have effect and how the period of effect may be extended by the Commonwealth Minister responsible for emergency dealing determinations.

Divisio	n 5A.3	Effect and conditions of emergency dealing determination
72D	_	ency dealing determination authorises dealings, et to conditions
	Note	The Commonwealth Act, s 72D authorises dealings with a GMO subject to conditions, including those referred to in s 72D (2).
Divisio	n 5A.4	Variation, suspension and revocation of emergency dealing determination
72E		on, suspension and revocation of emergency g determination
	Note	Under the Commonwealth Act, s 72E, the Commonwealth Minister responsible for emergency dealing determinations may suspend an emergency dealing determination, revoke an emergency dealing determination or vary the conditions to which an emergency dealing determination is subject.
39	registe	ator may include dealings with GMOs on GMO er n 78 (4)
	omit	
40	-	fied outline—pt 7 n 82 (2) and (4)
	after	
	Licence	e conditions
	insert	
	, or co subject,	enditions to which an emergency dealing determination is

1 2	41	Application for certification Section 83 (2), note
3		after
4		licence
5		insert
6		, or conditions to which an emergency dealing determination is subject,
7 8 9	42	Regulator to notify of proposed suspension, cancellation or variation New section 89 (8)
10		insert
11 12	3)	This section does not apply to a variation of a licence if the regulator is satisfied that the variation is of minor significance or complexity.
13	43	New section 89A
14		insert
15	89A	Transfer of certification
16 17 18	(1	) The holder of a certification and another person (the <i>transferee</i> ) may jointly apply to the regulator for the certification to be transferred from the holder of the certification to the transferee.
19	(2	The application must be in writing and must contain—
20		(a) any information prescribed by regulation; and
21		(b) any information required, in writing, by the regulator.
22 23 24	(3	The regulator must not transfer the certification unless satisfied that, if the certification is transferred, any conditions to which the certification is subject will continue to be met.
25 26	(4	The regulator must give written notice of his or her decision on the application to the holder of the certification and the transferee.

1		(5)	If the regulator decides to transfer the certification—	
2			(a) the transfer takes effect on the date stated in the n	notice; and
3			(b) the certification continues in force; and	
4 5			(c) the certification is subject to the same conditio force immediately before the transfer.	ns as those is
6 7	44		Application for accreditation Section 91 (1), note	
8			substitute	
9 10 11 12			Note 1 The conditions of a licence may require supervision of institutional biosafety committee (see s 62 (2) (m)), may require such supervision of notifiable (see s 75 (2) (c)).	and a regulatio
13 14 15			Note 2 The conditions to which an emergency dealing determ may require supervision of dealings by an institute committee (see the Commonwealth Act, s 72D (2) (t)).	
16 17	45		Regulator may accredit organisations Section 92 (2) (a)	
18			omit	
19			, or proposes to establish,	
20	46		Section 92 (2) (b) and (c)	
21			substitute	
22 23 24 25			(b) if the organisation has established an institution committee—whether the organisation will be ab the institutional biosafety committee in accord guidelines; and	ole to maintai

	(c) if the organisation has established an institutional biosafety committee—whether the organisation has appropriate indemnity arrangements for its institutional biosafety committee members; and
	(ca) if the organisation has not established an institutional biosafety committee as mentioned in paragraph (a)—whether the organisation will be in a position to use an institutional biosafety committee established by an accredited organisation; and
47	Regulator to notify of proposed suspension, cancellation or variation New section 97 (8)
	insert
(8)	This section does not apply to a variation of an accreditation if the regulator is satisfied that the variation is of minor significance or complexity.
48	Part 8 heading
	substitute
Part 8	Gene technology technical advisory committee and gene technology ethics and community consultative committee
	(8) <b>48</b>

1 2	49	Simplified outline—pt 8 Section 99 (b) and (c)
3		substitute
4 5		(b) gene technology ethics and community consultative committee.
6	50	Division 8.3 heading
7		substitute
8 9	Division	8.3 Gene technology ethics and community consultative committee
0	51	Section 106 heading
1		substitute
3		Gene technology ethics and community consultative committee
4	52	Section 106, note
5		after
6		technology
7		insert
8		ethics and

1	53	Section 107
2		substitute
3	107	Function of ethics and community committee
4 5 6		The function of the ethics and community committee under this Act is to provide advice, on request of the regulator or the ministerial council, on the following:
7		(a) ethical issues relating to gene technology;
8 9		(b) the need for, and content of, codes of practice in relation to ethics for conducting dealings with GMOs;
10 11 12		<ul><li>(c) the need for, and content of, policy principles in relation to dealings with GMOs that should not be conducted for ethical reasons;</li></ul>
13 14 15 16		(d) the need for policy principles, policy guidelines, codes of practice and technical and procedural guidelines in relation to GMOs and GM products and the content of such principles, guidelines and codes;
17 18 19		(e) community consultation about the process for applications for licences covering dealings that involve intentional release of a GMO into the environment;
20 21		(f) risk communication matters in relation to dealings that involve the intentional release of a GMO into the environment;
22 23		(g) matters of general concern identified by the regulator in relation to applications made under this Act;
24		(h) matters of general concern in relation to GMOs.

54	Sections 108 and 109, notes
	omit
	consultative
	substitute
	ethics and community
55	Regulations Section 110, note
	omit everything after
	membership
	substitute
	and procedures of the ethics and community committee.
56	Subcommittees Section 110A
	omit
57	New sections 111 and 112
	in division 8.3, insert
111	Subcommittees
	Note The Commonwealth Act, s 111 deals with the establishment of subcommittees by the ethics and community committee.
112	Expert advisers
	Note The Commonwealth Act, s 112 provides for the appointment of expert advisers to the ethics and community committee.
58	Gene technology ethics committee Division 8.4
	omit

			_	
1	59			arterly reports v sections 136A (2) (ba) and (bc)
3			inse	rt
4 5			(ba)	emergency dealing determinations made by the Minister during the quarter;
6 7 8			(bb)	any breaches of conditions of an emergency dealing determination that have come to the regulator's attention during the quarter;
9 10	60			cord of GMO and GM product dealings v section 138 (1A)
11			inse	rt
12 13 14		(1A)	conf	GM record must contain the following information, other than fidential commercial information, in relation to each emergency ing determination made under section 72B:
15 16			(a)	the dealings specified in the emergency dealing determination and the GMO to which those dealings relate;
17 18			(b)	any conditions to which the emergency dealing determination is subject;
19 20			(c)	the date on which the emergency dealing determination takes effect;
21 22			(d)	the date on which the emergency dealing determination will cease to have effect.
23	61		Sec	etion 138 (5)
24			afte	r
25			(1),	
26			inse	rt
27			(1A)	),

62	Simplified outline—pt 10 Section 145 (a) (ii)
	after
	environment
	insert
	, or for certain other reasons
63	
63	New section 145 (aa)
	insert
	(aa) authorises the regulator to give directions to a person permitted
	by an emergency dealing determination to deal with a GMO if—
	(i) the regulator believes that the person is not complying with this Act; and
	(ii) the regulator believes that it is necessary to do so in order
	to protect the health and safety of people or to protect the environment or for certain other reasons; and
64	Regulator may give directions Section 146 (1) (b)
	substitute
	(b) either of the following applies:
	(i) it is necessary to exercise powers under this section in
	order to protect the health and safety of people or to protect the environment;
	(ii) it is desirable in the public interest, having regard to the matters mentioned in subsection (2A), for the regulator to exercise powers under this section;

1	65	Section 146 (2) (a)
2		substitute
3 4		(a) 1 of the following kinds of people is not complying with this Act in relation to a thing:
5		(i) a person covered by a GMO licence;
6 7		(ii) a person dealing with, or who has dealt with, a GMO specified in an emergency dealing determination; and
8	66	Section 146 (2) (b)
9		substitute
0		(b) either of the following applies:
1  2  3		<ul> <li>(i) it is necessary to exercise powers under this section in order to protect the health and safety of people or to protect the environment;</li> </ul>
4 5 6		(ii) it is desirable in the public interest, having regard to the matters mentioned in subsection (2A), for the regulator to exercise powers under this section;
7	67	New section 146 (2A)
8		insert
19 20 21 22	(2A)	For the purposes of deciding under subsection (1) (b) (ii) or subsection (2) (b) (ii) whether it is desirable to exercise powers under this section to give directions to a licence holder or another person, the regulator must have regard to the following:
23 24 25		(a) the types of dealings with GMOs authorised by the licence or specified in the emergency dealing determination concerned, and, in particular, whether the dealings are ongoing;

1 2 3		(b)	whether measures have been, or are being, taken to address the non-compliance with this Act that the regulator believes is occurring (the <i>suspected non-compliance</i> );
4 5		(c)	the likelihood of the licence holder or other person not complying with this Act at a future time;
6		(d)	the severity of the suspected noncompliance;
7		(e)	whether, on 1 or more occasions, the licence holder or other person—
9 10			(i) has been charged with or convicted of an offence against this Act; or
11			(ii) has been given a direction under this section;
12 13 14		(f)	other means available to the regulator to address the suspected noncompliance (including, but not limited to, by cancelling, varying or suspending a licence, accreditation or certification);
15 16		(g)	whether, in the regulator's opinion, the suspected noncompliance was deliberate;
17 18		(h)	the desirability of deterring future noncompliance with this Act or the regulations.
19 20	68		nplified outline—pt 11 ction 149 (e)
21		afte	r
22		lice	nce
23		inse	rt
24		or a	n emergency dealing determination

1 2	69	Powers available to inspectors for monitoring compliance New section 152 (2) (d)
3		insert
4 5 6		(d) the occupier of the premises is a person dealing with, or who has dealt with, a GMO specified in an emergency dealing determination, and the entry is at a reasonable time.
7	70	Section 152 (3)
8		omit
9		subsection (2) (c) does not
10		substitute
11		subsection (2) (c) or (d) does not
12	71	Section 177
13		substitute
14	177	Pt 11 does not limit power to impose conditions
14 15 16 17	177	Pt 11 does not limit power to impose conditions  This part does not limit the regulator's power to impose licence conditions or the Minister's power to impose conditions on an emergency dealing determination.
15 16	177 72	This part does not limit the regulator's power to impose licence conditions or the Minister's power to impose conditions on an
15 16 17 18		This part does not limit the regulator's power to impose licence conditions or the Minister's power to impose conditions on an emergency dealing determination.  Meaning of reviewable decision and eligible person

1	73	Section 179, table, new item 5A
2		insert
	5A	to refuse to vary a licence the licence holder under section 71
3	74	Section 179, table, new item 7A
4		insert
	7A	to refuse to transfer a an applicant for the transfer certification under section 89A
5 6	75	Deadlines for making reviewable decisions Section 182 (a)
7		substitute
8 9		(a) this Act provides for a person to make an application of any kind to the regulator; and
10	76	Section 182
11		omit
12		decision to refuse the application
13		substitute
14 15		reviewable decision to refuse the application, and the person may seek internal review of the reviewable decision under section 181

1 2 3	77		Regulator may declare information is confidential commercial information New section 185 (5A)
4			insert
5		(5A)	If—
6 7 8			(a) a person has made an application under section 184 for a declaration that stated information is confidential commercial information; and
9			(b) the regulator has not yet made a decision on the application;
10 11			the information is to be treated as confidential commercial information until the regulator makes a decision on the application.
12 13 14	78		Interference with dealings with GMOs Section 192A (2), definition of <i>authorised GMO dealings</i> , new paragraph (aa)
15			insert
16 17 18			(aa) that are specified in an emergency dealing determination and are not prohibited from being undertaken at the premises or facility by a condition of the determination; or
19 20	79		Section 192A (2), definition of <i>authorised GMO dealings</i> , paragraph (d)
21			after
22			are
23			insert
24			dealings
25	80		Dictionary, definition of consultative committee
26			omit

81	Dictionary, definition of deal with
	omit everything after paragraph (g), substitute
	(h) transport the GMO;
	(i) dispose of the GMO;
	and includes the possession, supply or use of the GMO for the purposes of, or in the course of, a dealing mentioned in any of paragraphs (a) to (i).
82	Dictionary, new definition of ethics and community committee
	insert
	ethics and community committee means the gene technology ethics and community consultative committee established by the Commonwealth Act, section 106.
83	Dictionary, definition of ethics committee
	omit
84	Dictionary, new definition of <i>inadvertent dealings</i> application
	insert
	<i>inadvertent dealings application</i> means an application for a GMO licence to which division 5.3 or division 5.4 does not apply because of the operation of section 46A or section 49.
85	Dictionary, definition of institutional biosafety committee
	substitute
	institutional biosafety committee means a committee established as an institutional biosafety committee in accordance with the

#### **Endnotes**

#### 1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 2007.

2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on 2007.

3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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