2015

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Attorney-General)

Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

Contents

		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
3	Legislation amended	3
Part 2	Crimes Act 1900	
4	Acts endangering health etc New section 28 (2) (aa)	4
5	Alternative verdicts for certain other offences against the person Table 49, new item 7A	4

J2015-129

contents 2

		Page
6	Table 49, new item 11A	4
Part 3	Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2008	ŧ
7	Registrar may adjourn proceedings etc Section 23 (2), note	5
8	New division 4.1 and division 4.2 heading	5
9	Section 29 heading	7
10	Section 30 heading	7
11	Section 30 (3)	7
12	New section 30A	7
13	Section 31 heading	8
14	Section 32 heading	8
15	Section 33 heading	8
16	Section 34 heading	9
17	Section 34 (1) (a)	9
18	Section 34 (1) (b) and (2)	9
19	New section 34A	9
20	Section 35 heading	10
21	Section 36 heading	10
22	Section 36	10
23	Section 36	10
24	Section 36 (as amended)	10
25	Length of interim orders not by consent Section 37	11
26	Section 38	11
27	What if interim orders would expire before final orders are served? Section 39	11
28	Section 40 heading	12
29	Sections 41 and 42	12
30	New divisions 4.3 and 4.4	12
31	Consent orders Section 43 (4) (b)	17
32	Section 43 (4) (b) Section 44 heading	17
3 <u>Z</u>	Section 44 Heading	17

Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

		Page
33	Section 45	18
34	Amendment generally Section 58 (3), note 1	18
35	Section 61	18
36	Service of non-emergency protection orders Section 64 (1) (a)	19
37	New sections 90A and 90B	19
38	Application for review of particular final orders Section 91 (1) (a)	20
39	Section 91 (1), note 1	21
40	Section 93 heading	21
41	Section 93 (1)	21
42	Section 93 (3) (a)	21
43	Section 94 heading	21
44	Section 94 (2)	22
45	Deciding application if criminal proceedings Section 113, new note	22
46	Dictionary, new definitions	22
47	Dictionary, definition of interim order	22
48	Dictionary, new definitions	22
Part 4	Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1991	
49	Parts 1 to 3	23
50	Division 3.1 heading	23
51	Divisions 3.2 to 3.6	23
52	Part 4 heading	23
53	Division 4.1 heading	24
54	Section 37 heading	24
55	Section 37, definition of less serious violent offence	25
56	Section 37, definition of serious violent offence, new paragraph (a) (xiia)	26
57	Section 37, definition of serious violent offence, new paragraph (b) (iii) and (iv)	26

Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

contents 3

		Page
58	Section 37, new definitions	26
59	Division 4.2	26
60	Section 38B heading	27
61	Section 38B (1)	27
62	Section 38B (as amended)	27
63	Section 38BA heading	27
64	Section 38BA	27
65	Section 38BA (as amended)	27
66	Division 4.2A	28
67	Meaning of <i>complainant</i> —div 4.2A Section 40A	28
68	Section 40B heading	28
69	Section 40B (1) (c) and (d)	28
70	Section 40C heading	28
71	Section 40C (1) (c) and (d)	28
72	Section 40D heading	29
73	Section 40D (2)	29
74	Division 4.2B	29
75	Section 40P heading	29
76	Section 40P (3)	29
77	Division 4.3	29
78	Meaning of complainant and sexual offence proceeding—div 4.3 Section 41 (2) (c)	29
79	Meaning of <i>violent offence proceeding</i> —div 4.3 Section 41A (1) (c)	30
80	Meaning of sexual offence and violent offence—div 4.3 Section 41B	30
81	Proceedings to which div 4.3 applies Section 42 (1) (c) (i)	30
82	Section 42 (3)	30
83	Failure to comply with div 4.3 Section 47	30
84	Divisions 4.4 to 4.6	30
85	New part 4.3	31

contents 4 Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

		Page	
86	Parts 5 to 7	42	
87	Divisions 7.1 to 7.3	42	
88	Parts 8 and 9	43	
89	Dictionary, note 2	43	
90	Dictionary, definition of complainant	43	
91	Dictionary, new definitions	44	
92	Dictionary, definitions of relative, relevant person and sexual offence	44	
93	Dictionary, new definitions	45	
94	Dictionary, definition of violent offence	45	
95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2	45	
96	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2A	46	
97	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2B	46	
98	Further amendments, mentions of 4.3	47	
99	Further amendments, mentions of 4.4	48	
100	Further amendments, mentions of 4.5		
101	Further amendments, mentions of 4.6	49	
102	Further amendments, mentions of div		
103	Further amendments, mentions of division		
104	Further amendments, mentions of part		
105	Further amendments, mentions of part 4	51	
106	Further amendments, mentions of <i>pt</i>	52	
Schedu	le 1 Consequential amendments	53	
Part 1.1	Children and Young People Act 2008	53	
Part 1.2	Confiscation of Criminal Assets Act 2003	54	
Part 1.3	Court Procedures Act 2004	54	
Part 1.4	Court Procedures Rules 2006	55	
Part 1.5	Crimes Act 1900	56	
Part 1.6	Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000	56	
Part 1.7	Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005	57	

Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

contents 5

		Page
Part 1.8	Evidence Act 2011	57
Part 1.9	Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulation 2009	58
Part 1.10	Firearms Act 1996	58
Part 1.11	Supreme Court Act 1933	59

Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

2015

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

(As presented)

(Attorney-General)

Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

A Bill for

An Act to amend legislation about crimes of domestic and family violence, and for other purposes

The Legislative Assembly for the Australian Capital Territory enacts as follows:

Part 1 Preliminary

2	1	Name of Act
3 4		This Act is the Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Act 2015.
5	2	Commencement
6 7	(1)	This Act (other than the following provisions) commences on the day after its notification day:
8		• part 4 (Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1991);
9		• schedule 1, amendment 1.1;
0		• schedule 1, part 1.2 (Confiscation of Criminal Assets Act 2003);
1		• schedule 1, part 1.3 (Court Procedures Act 2004);
2		• schedule 1, part 1.4 (Court Procedures Rules 2006);
3		• schedule 1, part 1.6 (Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000);
4		• schedule 1, part 1.7 (Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005);
5		• schedule 1, part 1.8 (Evidence Act 2011);
6 7		• schedule 1, part 1.9 (Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulation 2009);
8		• schedule 1, part 1.11 (Supreme Court Act 1933).
19 20		Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).
21	(2)	The provisions mentioned in subsection (1) commence 6 months after this Act's notification day.

1	3	Legislation	amende	be
1	J	Legisiation	anichiu	JU

- This Act amends the following legislation:
- *Crimes Act 1900*

5

- Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2008
 - Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1991.
 - *Note* This Act also amends other legislation (see sch 1).

Part 2

Acts endangering health etc 2 New section 28 (2) (aa) 3 before paragraph (a), insert 4 (aa) chokes, suffocates or strangles another person; or 5 Alternative verdicts for certain other offences against the 6 person 7 Table 49, new item 7A 8 insert 7A section 27 (3) (a) section 28 (2) (aa) (Choking etc rendering person unconscious etc) Table 49, new item 11A 10 11 insert 11A section 28 (2) (aa) section 26 (Choking, suffocating or strangling)

Crimes Act 1900

1 2	Part 3	Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2008
3 4	7	Registrar may adjourn proceedings etc Section 23 (2), note
5		substitute
6		<i>Note</i> The registrar may also extend a general interim order (see s 41E).
7	8	New division 4.1 and division 4.2 heading
8		insert
9	Divisio	n 4.1 Definitions
10 11	28A	Meaning of interim order, general interim order and special interim order—Act
12		In this Act:
13		general interim order—
14 15 16		(a) means a protection order (including a consent order) made under section 30A (b) (Interim orders—general interim orders and special interim orders); and
17 18		(b) includes an order (other than a final order) that amends or revokes a general interim order.
19		interim order means—
20		(a) a general interim order; or
21		(b) a special interim order.

page 6

1		special interim order—
2 3 4		 (a) means a domestic violence order (including a consent order) made under section 30A (a) (Interim orders—general interim orders and special interim orders); and
5 6		(b) includes an order (other than a final order) that amends or revokes a special interim order.
7	28B	Meaning of <i>related</i> charges—Act
8		In this Act:
9 10 11		related —a charge against a person for an offence is related to an application for a final order and, if an interim order is made on the application, an interim order if—
12		(a) the person charged is—
13		(i) the respondent for the application; and
14		(ii) a relevant person in relation to the aggrieved person; and
15 16 17		(b) the offence is a domestic violence offence, other than an offence against section 90 (Offence for contravention of protection order).
18	28C	Meaning of outstanding charges—pt 4
19		In this part:
20		outstanding—a charge against a person for an offence is
21		outstanding until the charge is finally dealt with in any of the
22		following ways:
23		(a) the charge is withdrawn;
24		(b) the charge is dismissed by a court;
25 26		(c) the person is discharged by a court following a committal hearing;

	(d) the person is acquitted, convicted or found guilty by a court of the offence.
	Note Found guilty, of an offence—see the Legislation Act, dictionary, pt 1.
Divisio	n 4.2 Making interim orders
9	Section 29 heading
	substitute
29	Interim orders—grounds for making
10	Section 30 heading
	substitute
30	Interim orders—only on application for final order
11	Section 30 (3)
	omit
12	New section 30A
	insert
30A	Interim orders—general interim orders and special interim orders
(1)	If the Magistrates Court is making an interim order on an application, the court may make—
	(a) a special interim order if—
	(i) the application is for a final domestic violence order; and
	(ii) there is a related charge outstanding in relation to the respondent; or

1			(b) in any other case—a general interim order.
2		(2)	If the court makes a special interim order in circumstances where a general interim order may be made—
4 5			(a) the operation of the special interim order is not affected by the fact that a general interim order may have been made; and
6 7			(b) the court may set aside the special interim order and make a general interim order.
8 9		(3)	If the court makes a general interim order in circumstances where a special interim order may be made—
10 11			(a) the operation of the general interim order is not affected by the fact that a special interim order may have been made; and
12 13			(b) the court may set aside the general interim order and make a special interim order.
14	13		Section 31 heading
15			substitute
16	31		Interim orders—court consideration of children
17	14		Section 32 heading
18			substitute
19	32		Interim orders—respondent with legal disability
20	15		Section 33 heading
21			substitute
22	33		Interim orders—service of application unnecessary

1	16		Section 34 heading
2			substitute
3 4	34		General interim order—extension of return date for final order
5	17		Section 34 (1) (a)
6			omit
7			an interim order
8			substitute
9			a general interim order
0	18		Section 34 (1) (b) and (2)
1			omit
2			the interim order
3			substitute
4			the general interim order
5	19		New section 34A
6			insert
7	34A		Special interim order—return date for final order
8		(1)	This section applies if the Magistrates Court makes a special interim order.
20		(2)	The return date for the application for the final order must be—
21			(a) not earlier than the day all related charges are finalised; and

1 2	(b) not later than 21 days after the day all related charges are finalised.
3 4 5	Note Finalised—see s 42. Related charges—see s 28B. Special interim order—see s 28A.
20	Section 35 heading
7	substitute
8 35	Interim orders—content
9 21	Section 36 heading
0	substitute
1 36	General interim orders—becoming final orders
2 22	Section 36
3	omit
4	an interim order
5	substitute
6	a general interim order
23	Section 36
8	omit
9	the interim order
20	substitute
21	the general interim order
22 24	Section 36 (as amended)
23	relocate to division 4.3 as section 41C
page 10	Crimes (Domestic and Family Violence) Legislation Amendment Bill 2015

1	25	Length of interim orders not by consent Section 37
3		omit
4	26	Section 38
5		substitute
6	38	Interim orders—ending
7		An interim order ends if any of the following happens:
8 9		(a) for a general interim order—the end of the period stated in the order;
0 1 2 3		Note A general interim order (other than a consent order) must not be in force for more than 2 years (see s 41A). A general interim order made as a consent order remains in force for the period of up to 16 weeks stated in the order (see s 45).
4		(b) the interim order is revoked;
5 6		(c) the application on which the interim order was made is dismissed;
7 8		(d) if a final order is made on the application and the respondent is present when the final order is made—the final order is made;
19 20 21		(e) if a final order is made on the application but the respondent is not present when the final order is made—the final order is served on the respondent.
22 23 24	27	What if interim orders would expire before final orders are served? Section 39
25		omit

1	28	Section 40 heading
2		substitute
3	40	Interim orders—respondent's firearms
4	29	Sections 41 and 42
5		omit
6	30	New divisions 4.3 and 4.4
7		insert
8	Division	1 4.3 General interim orders—no related charges
10	41	General interim orders—only one may be made
11 12 13		Only 1 general interim order may be made in relation to an application for a final order unless section 41D (General interim orders—further orders) applies.
14	41A	General interim orders—length
15 16		A general interim order (other than a consent order) must not be in force for more than 2 years.
17 18		Note Section 45 provides for how long a general interim order made as a consent order may be in force.
19 20	41B	General interim orders—taken to be special interim orders if related charges laid
21	(1)	This section applies if—
22 23		(a) the court has made a general interim order on an application; and

1 2			(b) after the general interim order is made, but before the final order is made, the respondent is charged with an offence; and
3			(c) the charge is related to the application.
4			Note Related charges—see s 28B.
5		(2)	The general interim order is taken to be a special interim order—
6			(a) in the same terms as the general interim order; and
7			(b) subject to same conditions as the general interim order.
8		(3)	The return date for the application must be changed to a day—
9			(a) not earlier than the day all related charges are finalised; and
10 11			(b) not later than 21 days after the day all related charges are finalised.
12 13 14			Note Finalised—see s 42. Related charges—see s 28B. Special interim order—see s 28A.
15	41D		General interim orders—further orders
16 17		(1)	This section applies if a general interim order has ended or is about to end.
18 19 20 21		(2)	The Magistrates Court may make a further general interim order if satisfied there are special or exceptional circumstances (having regard to the principles for making protection orders) that justify the making of a further general interim order.
22			<i>Note</i> The principles for making protection orders are set out in s 7.
23 24		(3)	However, a further general interim order must not be made as a consent order.
25			<i>Note</i> An interim order may be amended in certain circumstances (see s 58).

General interim orders—extension of orders
This section applies if the registrar adjourns a proceeding for a final order because the respondent has not been served with a copy of the application and a notice about the proceeding stating the date for the application's return before the Magistrates Court.
The registrar may also amend a general interim order made in relation to the application by extending it to take into account the delay caused by the adjournment.
The registrar must not extend a general interim order under subsection (2) for longer than 8 weeks.
Note A general interim order must not be extended if the extension would mean the interim order would be in force for more than 16 weeks (see s 61 (2)).
General interim orders—expiry before final order served
This section applies if—
(a) a final order is made on an application for an interim order; and
(b) the respondent is not present at the making of the final order; and
(c) a general interim order made in relation to the same application would, but for this section, expire before the final order is served on the respondent.
Note A further order may be made in special or exceptional circumstances (see s 41D).
The general interim order is taken to continue in force until the final order is served on the respondent.
To remove any doubt, section 90 (Offence for contravention of protection order) applies to the general interim order continued in force.

1 2 3	Division	4. 4	ļ	Special interim orders—related domestic violence charges outstanding
4	42	Mea	aning of	f outstanding related charges finalised—div 4.4
5		In th	nis divisi	on:
6		fina	<i>lised</i> —a	n outstanding related charge is <i>finalised</i> if—
7		(a)	the char	rge is withdrawn; or
8 9 10		(b)		ector of public prosecutions declines to proceed further e prosecution of the offences and causes it to be brought ad; or
11		(c)	the char	rge is dismissed by a court; or
12 13		(d)	the per hearing	son is discharged by a court following a committal; or
14 15		(e)	the pers	son is acquitted, convicted or found guilty by a court of ence.
16 17			Note	<i>Found guilty</i> , of an offence—see the Legislation Act, dictionary, pt 1.
18 19	42A	•	ecial inte ided	erim orders—continue until application
20 21 22		appl	ication f	strates Court makes a special interim order on an for a final order, the special interim order continues in the application is decided.

1 2	42B		until related charges finalised
3 4 5		(1)	If the Magistrates Court makes a special interim order on an application for a final order, the Court must not decide the application until all related charges are finalised.
6			Note Finalised—see s 42.
7 8		(2)	However, the application may be withdrawn, or decided by the court by consent, before all related charges are finalised.
9	42C		Special interim orders—final application decided
10		(1)	This section applies if—
11 12			(a) the Magistrates Court has made a special interim order on an application for a final order; and
13			(b) all charges related to a special interim order are finalised; and
14			(c) the application for the final order has not yet been decided.
15			Note 1 Finalised—see s 42.
16 17			Note 2 The Court must not decide the application, unless by consent, until all related charges are finalised (see s 42B).
18 19		(2)	After the final related charge is finalised by the court, the court must also—
20 21			(a) if the court is the Magistrates Court—decide the application for the final order; or
22			(b) if the court is another court—
23 24			(i) decide the application for the final order as if it were the Magistrates Court; or

25	44		Consent orders—party with legal disability
24			substitute
23	32		Section 44 heading
22			section 45 (Consent orders—length of general interim orders)
21			substitute
20			section 45 (Length of interim orders by consent)
9			omit
8			Section 43 (4) (b)
7	31		Consent orders
6		(-)	section may set a return date for the application.
5		(5)	The court deciding the application for the final order under this
3 4		(4)	A decision to dismiss the application may only be made after giving the parties an opportunity to be heard.
2		(4)	order.
1			(b) the Magistrates Court must decide the application for the final
0			order; and
8 9			(a) the court may give the Magistrates Court guidance about, or a direction for, suitable conditions to be included in the final
6 7		(3)	If a court notifies the Magistrates Court under subsection (2) (b) (ii)—
5			application.
3 4			Note It is sufficient for a Magistrate to be satisfied on the balance of probabilities in relation to any matter to be decided in proceedings on an
2			has been decided.
1			(ii) notify the Magistrates Court that the final related charge

page 18

1	33		Section 45		
2			substitute		
3	45		Consent orders—length of general interim orders		
4 5		(1)	A general interim order made as a consent order remains in force for the period of up to 16 weeks stated in the order.		
6 7		(2)	To remove any doubt, section 61 (2) applies to a general interim order made by consent.		
8 9			Note 1 Under s 61 (2), a general interim order made by consent may not be amended by extending it to be in force for longer than 16 weeks.		
0 1			Note 2 A special interim order made as a consent order continues in force until the application for the final order is decided (see s 42A).		
2	34		Amendment generally Section 58 (3), note 1		
4			substitute		
5 6 7 8			 Note 1 The following sections expressly deal with the grounds for amendment: s 61 (Extension of general interim orders made by consent) s 62 (Extension of final orders) s 78 (Emergency amendment and revocation of emergency orders) 		
9			 s 79 (Non-emergency amendment and revocation of emergency orders). 		
1	35		Section 61		
22			substitute		
23	61		Extension of general interim orders made by consent		
24 25 26		(1)	The Magistrates Court may, on application, amend a general interim order that is a consent order by extending it for an additional period, or further additional period, of up to 8 weeks.		

1 2 3	(2)	However, a general interim order must not be extended if the extension would mean the order would be in force for more than 16 weeks.
4 5 6 7		Note 1 The registrar may extend a general interim order if the application for the final order has not been served on the respondent (see s 41F) or if the registrar is exercising the Magistrates Court's jurisdiction to make a consent order.
8 9		Note 2 A special interim order made as a consent order continues in force until the application for the final order is decided (see s 42A).
10 11	36	Service of non-emergency protection orders Section 64 (1) (a)
12		substitute
13 14 15		(a) if the order is an interim order—serve 2 copies of the order (1 marked as the endorsement copy) on the respondent not later than—
16 17		(i) for a general interim order—14 days before the return date for the application for the final order; or
18 19		(ii) for a special interim order—14 days after the special interim order is made; and
20	37	New sections 90A and 90B
21		in part 11, insert
22	90A	Application for review of special interim orders
23 24 25		The Magistrates Court may, on application by the respondent to a special interim order, give leave to the respondent to apply to the court for review of the order in relation to any of the following only:
26		(a) the identity of the respondent;
27		(b) an administrative defect or error in the special interim order;

1		(c) whether or not there are outstanding related charges in relation to the respondent;
3		(d) whether a general interim order should have been made.
4 5		Note 1 Section 30A deals with the making of general interim orders and special interim orders.
6 7		Note 2 If a form is approved under the Court Procedures Act 2004 for an application under this section, the form must be used.
8	90B	Review of special interim orders
9 10	(1)	On hearing an application for review under section 90A, the Magistrates Court must, by order—
11		(a) dismiss the application; or
12		(b) confirm the special interim order; or
13		(c) revoke the special interim order; or
14 15		(d) set aside the special interim order and make a new interim order.
16 17 18		Note Section 29 sets out the grounds for making interim orders and s 30A deals with whether it is a general interim order or a special interim order.
19 20 21	(2)	The Magistrates Court may revoke the special interim order only if the Magistrates Court is satisfied that the special interim order is no longer necessary for the protection of the person it protects.
22 23	38	Application for review of particular final orders Section 91 (1) (a)
24		substitute
25 26 27		(a) an application by a respondent for review of a general interim order that became final under section 41C (General interim orders—becoming final orders); and

1	39		Section 91 (1), note 1
2			omit
3			s 36
4			substitute
5			s 41C
6	40		Section 93 heading
7			substitute
8 9	93		Application by respondent for review of order finalised under s 41C
10	41		Section 93 (1)
11			substitute
12 13 14		(1)	This section applies if a general interim order has become a final order (the <i>original order</i>) under section 41C (General interim orders—becoming final orders).
15	42		Section 93 (3) (a)
16			omit
17			section 36
18			substitute
19			section 41C
20	43		Section 94 heading
21			substitute
22	94		Review of order finalised under s 41C

page 22

1	44	Section 94 (2)
2		substitute
3 4		(2) If the Magistrates Court makes a new general interim order, section 41C applies to the order.
5 6	45	Deciding application if criminal proceedings Section 113, new note
7		insert
8 9 10		Note If the Magistrates Court is making an interim order under s 29, and there is a related charge outstanding in relation to the respondent, the court must make a special interim order.
11	46	Dictionary, new definitions
12		insert
13 14 15		<i>finalised</i> , for an outstanding related charge, for division 4.4 (Special interim orders—related domestic violence charges outstanding)—see section 42.
16		general interim order—see section 28A.
17	47	Dictionary, definition of interim order
18		substitute
19		interim order—see section 28A.
20	48	Dictionary, new definitions
21		insert
22 23		<i>outstanding</i> , for a charge, for part 4 (Interim orders)—see section 28C.
24		related, for a charge—see section 28B.
25		special interim order—see section 28A.

1	Part 4	Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1991
3	49	Parts 1 to 3
4		renumber as chapters 1 to 3
5	50	Division 3.1 heading
6		substitute
7	Part 3.	1 Preliminary—ch 3
8	51	Divisions 3.2 to 3.6
9		renumber as parts 3.2 to 3.6
10	52	Part 4 heading
11		substitute
12 13 14	Chapte	er 4 Evidence in sexual, violent and domestic violence offence proceedings
15	Part 4.	1 Preliminary—ch 4
16	36A	Failure to comply with ch 4
17 18 19	(1)	If the evidence of the complainant or a similar act witness is not given in accordance with this chapter, the evidence is not inadmissible for that reason only.
20 21	(2)	Failure to comply with this chapter in relation to a proceeding does not affect the validity of the proceeding.

1	36D	Meaning of intellectually impaired—ch 4
2		In this chapter:
3 4		intellectually impaired—a person is intellectually impaired if the person has—
5		(a) an appreciably below average general intellectual function; or
6 7 8		(b) a cognitive impairment (including dementia or autism) arising from an acquired brain injury, neurological disorder or a developmental disorder; or
9		(c) any other intellectual disability.
10 11	Part 4	Evidence in sexual and violent offence proceedings
12	53	Division 4.1 heading
13		substitute
14	Divisio	n 4.2.1 Preliminary—pt 4.2
15	54	Section 37 heading
16		substitute
17	37	Definitions—pt 4.2

1	55 Section 37, definition of less serious violent offence	
2	substitute	
3	less serious violent offence means—	
4 5	(a) an offence against any of the following provisions of <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> :	the
6	(i) section 21 (1) (Wounding);	
7	(ii) section 22 (Assault with intent to commit other offen	ce);
8	(iii) section 23 (1) (Inflicting actual bodily harm);	
9	(iv) section 24 (1) (Assault occasioning actual bodily hard	n);
10	(v) section 25 (Causing grievous bodily harm);	
11	(vi) section 26 (Common assault);	
12	(vii) section 28 (Acts endangering health etc);	
13 14	(viii) section 29 (4) and (5) (Culpable driving of n vehicle);	otor
15	(ix) section 31 (Threat to inflict grievous bodily harm);	
16	(x) section 37 (Abduction of young person);	
17	(xi) section 41 (Exposing or abandoning child);	
18	(xii) section 116 (Destroying or damaging property); or	
19 20	(b) an offence against the Criminal Code, section 403 (Dama property); or	ging
21 22	(c) an offence against the <i>Domestic Violence and Prote</i> Orders Act 2008, section 90 (Offence for contravention	
23	protection order).	

56	Section 37, definition of <i>serious violent offence</i> , new paragraph (a) (xiia)
	insert
	(xiia) section 35 (Stalking);
57	Section 37, definition of serious violent offence, new paragraph (b) (iii) and (iv)
	insert
	(iii) section 311 (Burglary) if the complainant was in the building at the time of the offence;
	(iv) section 312 (Aggravated burglary) if the complainant was in the building at the time of the offence.
58	Section 37, new definitions
	insert
	sexual or violent offence means—
	(a) a sexual offence; or
	(b) a violent offence.
	sexual or violent offence proceeding means—
	(a) a sexual offence proceeding; or
	(b) a violent offence proceeding.
59	Division 4.2
	renumber as division 4.2.2

1	60	Section 38B heading
2		substitute
	38B	Magning of relevant person of A
3	SOD	Meaning of relevant person—ch 4
4	61	Section 38B (1)
5		omit
6		For this division,
7		substitute
8		In this chapter:
9	62	Section 38B (as amended)
10		relocate to part 4.1 as section 36B
11	63	Section 38BA heading
12		substitute
13	38BA	Meaning of <i>relative</i> —ch 4
14	64	Section 38BA
15		omit
16		For this division, a
17		substitute
18		In this chapter:
19	65	Section 38BA (as amended)
20		relocate to part 4.1 as section 36C

66	Division 4.2A
	renumber as division 4.2.2A
67	Meaning of <i>complainant</i> —div 4.2A Section 40A
	omit
68	Section 40B heading
	substitute
40B	Meaning of sexual offence proceeding—div 4.2.2A
69	Section 40B (1) (c) and (d)
	substitute
	(c) an appeal arising out of a proceeding mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).
70	Section 40C heading
	substitute
40C	Meaning of violent offence proceeding—div 4.2.2A
71	Section 40C (1) (c) and (d)
	substitute
	(c) an appeal arising out of a proceeding mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).

72	Section 40D heading
	substitute
40D	Meaning of witness—div 4.2.2A
73	Section 40D (2)
	substitute
	Note Intellectually impaired—see s 36D.
74	Division 4.2B
	renumber as division 4.2.2B
75	Section 40P heading
	substitute
40P	Meaning of witness—div 4.2.2B
76	Section 40P (3)
	substitute
	Note Intellectually impaired—see s 36D.
77	Division 4.3
	renumber as division 4.2.3
78	Meaning of <i>complainant</i> and <i>sexual offence proceeding</i> —div 4.3 Section 41 (2) (c)
	omit

1 2	79	Meaning of <i>violent offence proceeding</i> —div 4.3 Section 41A (1) (c)
3		omit
4 5	80	Meaning of sexual offence and violent offence—div 4.3 Section 41B
6		omit
7 8	81	Proceedings to which div 4.3 applies Section 42 (1) (c) (i)
9		insert
10		Note Relevant person—see s 38B.
11	82	Section 42 (3)
12		omit
13 14	83	Failure to comply with div 4.3 Section 47
	83	• •
14	83	Section 47

1	85	New part 4.3
2		insert
3	Part 4	.3 Evidence in domestic violence proceedings
5	Divisio	n 4.3.1 Definitions—pt 4.3
6	74	Meaning of domestic violence offence—pt 4.3
7		In this part:
8 9 0		domestic violence offence means an offence mentioned in the Domestic Violence and Protection Orders Act 2008, schedule 1, table 1.2.
1 2 3		Note Complainant, for a domestic violence offence proceeding, is an adult who is a relevant person in relation to the accused (see s 76). Relevant person—see s 36B.
4	75	Meaning of domestic violence offence proceeding—pt 4.3
5	(1)	In this part:
6		domestic violence offence proceeding means—
7		(a) a proceeding for a domestic violence offence; or
18 19 20		(b) a proceeding in relation to bail for a person charged with a domestic violence offence, whether or not the person is also charged with any other offence; or
21 22 23		(c) a sentencing proceeding for a person convicted or found guilty of a domestic violence offence, whether or not the person is also convicted or found guilty of any other offence; or
24 25		(d) an appeal arising out of a proceeding mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (c); or

1 2			(e)		ocutory proceeding in, or a proceeding ancillary to, a ng mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (c).
3		(2)	In th	nis section	:
4			proc	eeding fo	or a domestic violence offence includes—
5 6			(a)	a procee offence;	eding for a domestic violence offence and any other and
7 8			(b)	-	eding for a domestic violence offence and any other as an alternative to the domestic violence offence; and
9 0 1			(c)	-	ding for a domestic violence offence that may result in g of guilt (or committal for trial or sentence) for any tence.
2	76		Mea	aning of	complainant—pt 4.3
3			In th	nis part:	
4			com	plainant,	for a domestic violence offence proceeding—
5			(a)	means a	person—
6 7 8				the	ainst whom a domestic violence offence the subject of proceeding is alleged, or has been found, to have been mmitted; and
9				(ii) wh	o is a relevant person in relation to the accused person;
20				but	

1			(b) does	s not in	clude a person who—
2			(i)	is a c	hild on the day a recorded statement is made; or
3			(ii)	is int	ellectually impaired.
4			Note	1 Int	ellectually impaired—see s 36D.
5 6			Note		diovisual recording and the evidence of children and people h intellectual impairment is dealt with in div 4.2.2A.
7	77		Meaning	g of re	ecorded statement—pt 4.3
8		(1)	In this pa	rt:	
9			recorded	statem	ent means—
10			(a) an a	udiovi	sual recording—
11 12 13			(i)	in re	complainant answering questions of a police officer lation to the investigation of a domestic violence ce; and
14			(ii)	made	by a police officer; or
15			(b) an a	udio re	cording that complies with paragraph (a)—
16 17			(i)		e complainant does not consent to an audiovisual ding; or
18			(ii)	in ex	ceptional circumstances.
19 20 21				techni	ple—exceptional circumstances cal difficulties with the visual aspect of the recording identified ring the making of the recording
22 23 24				Note	An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).

page 34

1 2	(2	 A police officer must, before making a recorded statement, tell the complainant that—
3 4		(a) the recorded statement may be used in evidence at a hearing; and
5 6 7		(b) if the recorded statement is used in evidence at a hearing, the complainant may be called to give evidence under cross-examination in person at the hearing; and
8		(c) the complainant does not have to consent to the recording.
9	(3) In this section:
10 11		<i>police officer</i> includes a person who is a member of the police force of a State or another Territory if—
12 13		(a) provisions of the law of that State or Territory correspond (or substantially correspond) to this part; and
14 15		(b) the person is trained in the taking of evidence under those provisions.
16		Note Police officer—see the Legislation Act, dictionary, pt 1.
17 18	Divisio	on 4.3.2 Evidence may be given in closed court
19	78	Evidence may be given in closed court
20 21 22 23 24	(1	This section applies to the complainant giving evidence in a domestic violence offence proceeding if the court considers that the complainant has a vulnerability that affects the complainant's ability to give evidence because of the circumstances of the proceeding or the complainant's circumstances.
25		Examples—complainant vulnerability
26 27		the complainant is likely to suffer severe emotional trauma because of the nature of the alleged offence

1 2		2 the complainant is intimidated or distressed because of the complainant's relationship to the accused person
3 4 5		Note An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
6 7	(2)	The court is not bound by the rules of evidence and may inform itself as it considers appropriate.
8 9 10	(3)	The court may order that the court be closed to the public while all or part of the complainant's evidence (including evidence given under cross-examination) is given.
11 12 13		Note The accused is entitled to a fair and public hearing, but the court may exclude the public in certain circumstances (see <i>Human Rights Act 2004</i> , s 21 (2)).
14 15	(4)	In deciding whether to order that the court be closed to the public, the court must consider whether—
16		(a) the complainant wants to give evidence in open court; and
17 18		(b) it is in the interests of justice that the complainant give evidence in open court.
19 20	(5)	However, an order under this section does not stop the following people from being in court when the complainant gives evidence:
21		(a) a person nominated by the complainant;
22 23 24		(b) a person who attends the proceeding to prepare a news report of the proceeding and is authorised to attend for that purpose by the person's employer.
25 26		<i>Note</i> Publishing certain information in relation to sexual offence proceedings is an offence (see s 40).
27 28 29	(6)	In this section, a reference to a person giving evidence includes the person giving evidence by the playing of a recorded statement of the evidence under division 4.3.3.

	Division 4.3.3	Recorded statement of police
2		interview admissible as evidence

2		interview daminosible as evidence
3	79	Recorded statement—requirements
4	(1)	A recorded statement must be made—
5 6		(a) as soon as practicable after the events mentioned in the statement happened; and
7		(b) in the form of questions and answers.
8 9 10		Note If the recorded statement is to be admitted as evidence in a proceeding, the rules of evidence apply to the content of the statement.
11	(2)	A recorded statement of a complainant must include the following:
12 13		(a) the name of each person present during any part of the recording;
14		(b) a statement by the complainant—
15 16		(i) of the complainant's name, age and whether the complainant lives in the ACT; and
17 18		(ii) about the truth of the representations made by the complainant in the recorded statement;
19		(c) any other matter prescribed by regulation.
20 21	(3)	As far as is practicable, a recorded statement must not contain an image of—
22		(a) a child; or
23		(b) a person who is intellectually impaired.
24		Note 1 Intellectually impaired—see s 36D.
25 26		Note 2 Audiovisual recording and the evidence of children and people with intellectual impairment is dealt with in div 4.2.2A.

1 2		(4)	If any part of a recorded statement is in a language other than English—
3 4			(a) the recorded statement must contain an English translation of the part; or
5 6			(b) a separate written English translation of the part must accompany the recorded statement.
7		(5)	A recorded statement must not be edited or changed unless—
8			(a) both parties consent to the edits or changes; or
9 10			(b) the court hearing the proceeding in which the recorded statement is tendered otherwise orders.
11 12			Example—court ordering change editing the recorded statement to omit inadmissible material
13 14			Note An example is part of the Act, is not exhaustive and may extend, but does not limit, the meaning of the provision in which it appears (see Legislation Act, s 126 and s 132).
15			
16	80		Recorded statement—may be admitted as evidence
	80	(1)	
16	80	(1)	Recorded statement—may be admitted as evidence
16 17 18	80	(1)	Recorded statement—may be admitted as evidence A recorded statement may— (a) be played at the hearing of a proceeding for the domestic
16 17 18 19 20 21	80		 Recorded statement—may be admitted as evidence A recorded statement may— (a) be played at the hearing of a proceeding for the domestic violence offence to which it relates; and (b) if the recorded statement is played at the hearing—be admitted as all or part of the complainant's evidence in chief in the proceeding as if the complainant gave the evidence at the

1 2 3 4 5		(4)	If the complainant is giving evidence by audiovisual link from an external place under division 4.2.3 (Sexual and violent offence proceedings—giving evidence by audiovisual link), the complainant must not be visible or audible to anyone in the courtroom by closed-circuit television or by means of similar technology while the court is viewing or listening to the recorded statement.
7 8 9		(5)	To remove any doubt, if a recorded statement is admitted as part of a complainant's evidence in chief in a proceeding, the complainant may give further evidence in chief.
10 11		(6)	This section is subject to section 81D (Recorded statement—admissibility).
12	81		Recorded statement—hearsay rule and opinion rule
13 14 15		(1)	The hearsay rule and the opinion rule do not prevent the admission or use of evidence of a representation in the form of a recorded statement only because it is in that form.
16 17			<i>Note</i> The hearsay rule and opinion rule will apply to the content of the recorded statement to be admitted as evidence.
18		(2)	In this section:
19			hearsay rule—see the Evidence Act 2011, dictionary, part 1.
20			opinion rule—see the Evidence Act 2011, dictionary, part 1.
21	81A		Validity of proceeding not affected
22 23 24 25		(1)	The failure of a police officer to record a representation in the form of a recorded statement in accordance with the requirements of this division or any regulation does not affect the validity of a proceeding in which evidence of the representation is given.
26 27 28		(2)	The failure of a complainant to give evidence in accordance with this part does not affect the validity of a proceeding or any decision made in connection with the proceeding.

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1 2 3 4	(3)	also, if it is reasonably practicable, the accused person must be given an opportunity to view a recorded statement that is in the form of a video recording at a police station on at least 1 of the following occasions:
5 6		(a) when the accused person is being questioned in relation to the alleged domestic violence offence;
7 8		(b) at the request of the accused person, on a day arranged with the accused person;
9		(c) on another day stated in a written notice given to the accused person before committal proceedings or the trial commences.
1 2 3 4	(4)	If compliance with subsection (3) is not reasonably practicable, the accused person must be given the opportunity to view the recorded statement on a day on which proceedings relating to the offence are being held.
5 81D		Recorded statement—admissibility
		Evidence of a representation of a complainant given in the form of a
6 7 8 9		recorded statement is not to be admitted if section 81B or section 81C have not been complied with, unless the court is satisfied that—
8		recorded statement is not to be admitted if section 81B or section 81C have not been complied with, unless the court is

1 2	81E		Recorded statement—accused person to be given audio copy
3		(1)	This section applies if—
4 5			(a) the prosecutor in a domestic violence offence proceeding intends to tender a recorded statement as evidence; and
6 7			(b) the court accepts a plea of not guilty from the accused person; and
8 9 10			(c) the accused person has not already been given an audio copy of the recorded statement under section 81C (Recorded statement—unrepresented accused person to be given access).
11 12		(2)	The accused person must be given an audio copy of the recorded statement.
13	81F		Recorded statement—jury trial
14		(1)	This section applies if—
15			(a) a domestic violence offence proceeding is a trial by jury; and
16			(b) a recorded statement is admitted in evidence in the proceeding.
17		(2)	The court must tell the jury that—
18			(a) admission of a recorded statement is a usual practice; and
19 20			(b) the jury must not draw any inference against the accused person, or give the evidence more or less weight, because the evidence is given in that way.
21			

1	81G	Recorded statement—offence to publish		
2	(.) A person commits an offence if the person—		
3		(a) publishes a recorded statement; and		
4		(b) does not have authority to publish the recorded statement.		
5 6		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units, imprisonment for 6 months or both.		
7 8 9	(2	For this section, a person has <i>authority</i> to publish a recorded statement only if the person publishes the recorded statement in connection with—		
10 11		(a) the investigation of, or a proceeding for, an offence in relation to which the recorded statement is prepared; or		
12		(b) a re-hearing, re-trial or appeal in relation to the proceeding.		
13	(3	i) In this section:		
14 15		person includes the complainant in relation to the recorded statement.		
16		publish means communicate or disseminate information in a way or		
17		to an extent that makes it available to, or likely to come to the notice		
18 19		of, the public or a section of the public or anyone else not lawfully entitled to the information.		
20	86	Parts 5 to 7		
21		renumber as chapters 5 to 7		
22	87	Divisions 7.1 to 7.3		
23		renumber as parts 7.1 to 7.3		

1	88	Parts 8 and 9			
2		renumber as chapters 8 and 9			
3	89	Dictionary, note 2			
4		insert			
5		• adult			
6	90	Dictionary, definition of complainant			
7		substitute			
8		complainant—			
9 10		(a) for division 4.2.2 (Sexual and violent offence proceedings—general)—see section 38; and			
11 12		(b) for division 4.2.2B (Sexual offence proceedings—giving evidence at pre-trial hearing)—see section 40N; and			
13 14		(c) for division 4.2.3 (Sexual and violent offence proceedings—giving evidence by audiovisual link)—see section 41 (1); and			
15 16		(d) for division 4.2.4 (Evidence of complainant's sexual reputation and activities)—see section 48; and			
17 18		(e) for division 4.2.6 (Sexual offence proceedings—directions and warnings to juries)—see section 68; and			
19 20		(f) for part 4.3 (Evidence in domestic violence proceedings)—see section 76.			

page 44

1	91	Dictionary, new definitions			
2		insert			
3 4		<i>domestic violence offence</i> , for part 4.3 (Evidence in domestic violence proceedings)—see section 74.			
5 6		<i>domestic violence offence proceeding</i> , for part 4.3 (Evidence in domestic violence proceedings)—see section 75.			
7 8		<i>intellectually impaired</i> , for chapter 4 (Evidence in sexual, violent and domestic violence offence proceedings)—see section 36D.			
9 10		recorded statement , for part 4.3 (Evidence in domestic violence proceedings)—see section 77.			
11 12	92	Dictionary, definitions of <i>relative</i> , <i>relevant person</i> and sexual offence			
13		substitute			
14 15		<i>relative</i> , for chapter 4 (Evidence in sexual, violent and domestic violence offence proceedings)—see section 36C.			
16 17 18		<i>relevant person</i> , in relation to a person, for chapter 4 (Evidence in sexual, violent and domestic violence offence proceedings)—see section 36B.			
19		sexual offence—			
20 21		(a) for part 4.2 (Evidence in sexual and violent offence proceedings) generally—see section 37; and			
22 23 24		(b) for division 4.2.2A (Sexual and violent offence proceedings—audiovisual recording of police interview admissible as evidence)—see section 40AA (1); and			
25 26		(c) for division 4.2.2B (Sexual offence proceedings—giving evidence at pre-trial hearing)—see section 40NA.			

1	93	Dictionary, new definitions			
2		insert			
3		<i>sexual or violent offence</i> , for part 4.2 (Evidence in sexual and violent offence proceedings)—see section 37.			
5 6		<i>sexual or violent offence proceeding</i> , for part 4.2 (Evidence in sexual and violent offence proceedings)—see section 37.			
7	94	Dictionary, definition of violent offence			
8		substitute			
9		violent offence—			
10 11		(a) for part 4.2 (Evidence in sexual and violent offence proceedings) generally—see section 37; and			
12 13 14		(b) for division 4.2.2A (Sexual and violent offence proceedings—audiovisual recording of police interview admissible as evidence)—see section 40AA (2).			
14		evidence) see section 40111 (2).			
15	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2			
	95				
15	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2			
15 16	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit			
15 16 17	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit 4.2			
15 16 17	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit 4.2 substitute			
15 16 17 18	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit 4.2 substitute 4.2.2			
15 16 17 18 19	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit 4.2 substitute 4.2.2 in			
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit 4.2 substitute 4.2.2 in • section 38 heading • section 38A heading • dictionary, definition of sexual offence proceeding,			
115 116 117 118 119 120 221	95	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2 omit 4.2 substitute 4.2.2 in • section 38 heading • section 38A heading			

1	96	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2A			
2		omit			
3		4.2A			
4		substitute			
5		4.2.2A			
6		in			
7		• section 39 (6)			
8		• section 40AA heading			
9		• section 40E heading			
10		• section 40Q			
11		• section 40S (2)			
12		• section 102 (5)			
13		• dictionary, definition of <i>audiovisual recording</i>			
14		• dictionary, definition of sexual offence proceeding,			
15		paragraph (b)			
16 17		• dictionary, definition of <i>violent offence proceeding</i> , paragraph (b)			
18		• dictionary, definition of <i>witness</i> , paragraph (a)			
19	97	Further amendments, mentions of 4.2B			
20		omit			
21		4.2B			
22		substitute			
23		4.2.2B			
24		in			
25		• section 39 (6)			
26		• section 40N heading			

1		• section 40NA heading			
2		• section 40O heading			
3		• section 102 (5)			
4		• dictionary, definition of sexual offence proceeding,			
5		paragraph (c)			
6		• dictionary, definition of <i>witness</i> , paragraph (b)			
7	98	Further amendments, mentions of 4.3			
8		omit			
9		4.3			
10		substitute			
11		4.2.3			
12		in			
13		• section 39 (6)			
14		• section 40T (4)			
15		• section 40X heading			
16		• section 41 heading			
17		 section 41A heading 			
18		• section 42 heading			
19		• section 44 heading			
20		• section 45 heading			
21		• dictionary, definition of give evidence in a proceeding by			
22		audiovisual link, paragraph (b)			
23		• dictionary, definition of <i>proceeding</i> , paragraph (c)			
24		• dictionary, definition of sexual offence proceeding,			
25		paragraph (d)			
26		• dictionary, definition of violent offence proceeding,			
27		paragraph (c)			

page 48

Part 4

1	99	Further amendments, mentions of 4.4			
2		omit			
3		4.4			
4		substitute			
5		4.2.4			
6		in			
7		• section 48 heading			
8		• section 49 heading			
9		• dictionary, definition of sexual offence proceeding,			
10		paragraph (e)			
11	100	Further amendments, mentions of 4.5			
12		omit			
13		4.5			
14		substitute			
15		4.2.5			
16		in			
17		• section 54 heading			
18		• section 55 heading			
19		• section 56 heading			
20		 dictionary, definition of civil proceeding 			
21		 dictionary, definition of counsellor 			
22		• dictionary, definition of <i>criminal proceeding</i> , paragraph (b)			
23		• dictionary, definition of document recording a protected			
24		confidence			
25		• dictionary, definition of <i>harm</i>			
26		 dictionary, definition of preliminary criminal proceeding 			

	 dictionary, definition of <i>proceeding</i>, paragraph (d) dictionary, definition of <i>protected confidence</i> dictionary, definition of <i>protected confidence evidence</i> 		
101	Further amendments, mentions of 4.6		
	omit		
	4.6		
	substitute		
	4.2.6		
	 section 68 heading distinguished definition of gangle offence proceeding 		
	 dictionary, definition of sexual offence proceeding, paragraph (f) 		
102	3		
102	paragraph (f)		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of <i>div</i>		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit div		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit div substitute		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit div substitute pt		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit div substitute pt in		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit div substitute pt in • section 19 heading		
102	paragraph (f) Further amendments, mentions of div omit div substitute pt in • section 19 heading • section 22 heading		
	101		

1	103	Further amendments, mentions of division	
2		omit	
3		division	
4		substitute	
5		part	
6		in	
7		• sections 19 and 20	
8		• section 22	
9		• sections 31 to 35	
10		• section 100	
11		• dictionary, definition of witness with a disability, paragraph (b)	
12	104	Further amendments, mentions of part	
13		omit	
14		part	
15		substitute	
16		chapter	
17		in	
18		• section 2, note 1	
19		• sections 5 to 8	
20		• section 12	
21		• sections 14 to 18	
22		• section 33 (2nd mention)	
23		• sections 90 and 91	
24		• section 110	
25		• section 121	
26		• dictionary, definition of <i>audio link</i>	

page 50 Crimes (Domes

1		• dictionary, definition of <i>court</i>
2		 dictionary, definition of dangerously ill person
3		• dictionary, definition of give evidence in a proceeding by audiovisual link, paragraph (a)
5		• dictionary, definition of Magistrates Court
6		• dictionary, definition of participating State
7		• dictionary, definition of <i>proceeding</i> , paragraph (b)
8		 dictionary, definition of recognised court
9		• dictionary, definition of <i>State</i>
10		 dictionary, definition of territory court
11		• dictionary, definition of <i>tribunal</i>
12	105	Further amendments, mentions of part 4
12 13	105	Further amendments, mentions of part 4 omit
	105	·
13	105	omit
13 14	105	omit part 4
13 14 15	105	omit part 4 substitute
13 14 15 16	105	omit part 4 substitute part 4.2
13 14 15 16 17	105	omit part 4 substitute part 4.2 in
13 14 15 16 17	105	omit part 4 substitute part 4.2 in • dictionary, definition of less serious violent offence

1	106 Further amendments, mentions of <i>pt</i>		
2		omit	
3		pt	
4		substitute	
5		ch	
6		in	
7		 section 5 heading 	
8		 section 6 heading 	
9		• section 8 heading	
10		• section 11 heading	
11		• section 12 heading	
12		• section 14 heading	
13		 section 16 heading 	
14		• section 17 heading	
15		• section 90 heading	
16		• section 91 heading	
17		• section 110 heading	
18		• section 121 (3), definitions of <i>audio link</i> and <i>territory court</i>	

1 2	Schedule 1 (see s 3)		Consequential amendments	
3	Part 1	. – –	Children and Young People Act 2008	
5	[1.1]	Section 246, o	definition of <i>privileged</i> , paragraph (b)	
6		omit		
7		division 4.5		
8		substitute		
9		division 4.2.5		
10	[1.2]	Section 463 (5	5), example	
11		substitute		
12		Example—par (a)		
13			ence and Protection Orders Act 2008, s 38 (d) provides that an	
14			s in certain circumstances when the final order is made.	
15 16			the DVPO interim protection order ends when the care and	
ıσ		protection order is i	made in those circumstances.	

Part 1.2 Confiscation of Criminal Assets Act 2003

3	[1.3]	Section 176 (5)
4		omit
5		part 3
6		substitute
7		chapter 3
8	[1.4]	Section 176 (5), note
9		omit
0		pt 3
1		substitute
2		ch 3
3	Part 1.	3 Court Procedures Act 2004
4	[1.5]	Section 41 (2) (d)
5		substitute

14	[1.5]	Section 41 (2) (d)
15		substitute
16 17		(d) the following sections of the <i>Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1991</i> :
18		(i) section 11 (Consequential orders—ch 2);
19 20		(ii) section 39 (Sexual and violent offence proceeding—evidence to be given in closed court);
21		(iii) section 44 (Consequential orders—div 4.2.3);
22		(iv) section 52 (c) (Application for leave under s 51);

1 2	(v)	section 61 (5) (Preliminary examination of protected confidence evidence);
3 4	(vi)	section 63 (2) (a) (Ancillary orders for protection of person who made protected confidence);
5	(vii)	section 78 (Evidence may be given in closed court);
6 7	(viii)	section 102 (Witness with vulnerability may give evidence in closed court);
8 9	(ix)	section 111 (4) (Prohibition of publication of evidence etc); and

Part 1.4 Court Procedures Rules 2006

11	[1.6]	Rule 6703 (2), note 1
12		omit
13		div 3.4
14		substitute
15		pt 3.4
16	[1.7]	Rule 6703 (2), note 1
16 17	[1.7]	Rule 6703 (2), note 1 omit
	[1.7]	
17	[1.7]	omit
17 18	[1.7]	omit div 3.2

Amendment [1.8]

Part 1.5 Crimes Act 1900

2	[1.8]	Section 192 (1)
3		omit
4		section 40 (5) (Firearms and interim orders)
5		substitute
6		section 40 (5) (Interim orders—respondent's firearms)
7	Part 1	,
8		Act 2000
9	[1.9]	Section 38 (2) (a), note 2
10		omit
11		pt 3
12		substitute
13		ch 3
14	[1.10]	Section 77C (2) (a), note 2
15		omit
16		pt 3
17		substitute
18		ch 3

Part 1.7 Crimes (Sentencing) Act 2005

[1.11]	Section 52 (4) (a)
	omit
	part 2
	substitute
	chapter 2
[1.12]	Section 52 (4) (b)
	omit
	part 4
	substitute
	part 4.2
Part 1	.8 Evidence Act 2011
[1.13]	Section 8, example 2
[1.13]	Section 8, example 2 omit
[1.13]	
[1.13]	omit pt 5 substitute
[1.13]	omit pt 5
[1.13]	omit pt 5 substitute
	omit pt 5 substitute ch 5
	omit pt 5 substitute ch 5 Section 126F (3)
	omit pt 5 substitute ch 5 Section 126F (3) omit
	omit pt 5 substitute ch 5 Section 126F (3) omit division 4.5

Part 1.9 Evidence (Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulation 2009

[1.15]	New section 4 (3)
	insert
(3)	In this section:
	<i>police officer</i> includes a person who is a member of the police force of a State or another Territory if—
	(a) provisions of the law of that State or Territory correspond (or substantially correspond) to the Act, division 4.2.2A (Sexual and violent offence proceedings—audiovisual recording of police interview admissible as evidence); and
	(b) the person is trained in the taking of evidence under those provisions.
	Note Police officer—see the Legislation Act, dictionary, pt 1.

Part 1.10 Firearms Act 1996

15

[1.17]	Section 97 (1), note 2
	omit
	s 40 (Firearms and interim orders)
	substitute
	s 40 (Interim orders—respondent's firearms)
[1.18]	Section 119 (1), note 2
	omit
	s 40 (Firearms and interim orders)
	substitute
	s 40 (Interim orders—respondent's firearms)
Part 1	.11 Supreme Court Act 1933
[1.19]	Section 37N (4), definition of audio link
	omit
	(Definitions for pt 3)
	substitute
	(Definitions—ch 3)

Endnotes

1 Presentation speech

Presentation speech made in the Legislative Assembly on 24 September 2015.

2 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on

2015.

3 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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page 60