City Renewal Authority and Suburban Land Agency (City Renewal Authority Deputy Chair) Appointment 2017

Disallowable instrument DI2017-126

made under the

City Renewal Authority and Suburban Land Agency Act 2017, s15 (Establishment of governing board of authority) (see also Financial Management Act 1996, s78 and 79)

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

This explanatory statement relates to the *City Renewal Authority and Suburban Land Agency (City Renewal Authority Deputy Chair) Appointment 2017* as made by the Chief Minister and presented to the Legislative Assembly. It has been prepared in order to assist the reader of the instrument and to help inform debate on it. It does not form part of the instrument and has not been endorsed by the Legislative Assembly.

Overview

Section 7 of the *City Renewal Authority and Suburban Land Agency Act 2017* (the Act) establishes the City Renewal Authority (CRA). Section 15 of the Act establishes governing board for the CRA. For the purposes of the *Financial Management Act 1996* (FMA) the CRA is a territory authority, and therefore Parts 8 and 9 of that Act apply. Subsection 78(7)(b) provides that an appointment of a member to a governing board if a territory authority is an appointment under the provision of the establishing Act that establishes the governing board. In this case, s15 of the Act is the relevant provision of the establishing Act.

Sections 78 and 79 of the FMA provide for the appointment of authority boards generally as well as the appointment of a Chair and a Deputy Chair. The Minister with responsibility for a territory authority may appoint a Deputy Chair of the authority (s79 FMA). The Minister must apply the criteria in s78 of the FMA and must, as far as practicable, ensure that each discipline and area of expertise mentioned in s21(2) of the Act is represented among the appointed members. A member must have knowledge of and experience in at least one of the disciplines and areas of expertise prescribed in s21(2) of the Act.

This instrument appoints Christine Covington as Deputy Chair of the CRA for a period of two (2) years. Ms Covington is a solicitor of the Supreme Court of NSW with over 31 years experience in environment, planning and property law. She is

currently the National Practice Group Leader of the Environment and Planning Group at law firm, Corrs Chambers Westgarth. Her key skills and experience include:

- Member of the Central Sydney Planning Committee
- Previous Director of City West Housing, a NSW state-owned affordable housing provider
- Board member of the NSW Environment Protection Authority
- Board Member of the Barangaroo Delivery Authority
- Legal advising on leases, licenses, options, sales, acquisitions, easements, covenants and development delivery documentation
- Member of the Steering Committee of the Urban Taskforce of Australia.

Considered against the terms of the Act, Ms Covington has knowledge or experience across the following disciplines:

- Urban Renewal
- Environmentally sustainable development
- Law, public administration, and governance
- Affordable housing, community housing and public housing.

Division 19.3.3 of the *Legislation Act 2001* (Legislation Act) applies as Ms Covington is not a public servant, is appointed for longer than six (6) months and will have functions beyond advising the Minister. In accordance with s228 of the Legislation Act, the Chief Minister consulted the Standing Committee on Planning and Urban Renewal by letter dated 30 May 2017 and requested the Standing Committee make a recommendation about the proposed appointment. On 6 June 2017, the Chief Minister received a request from the Standing Committee for additional information. The Chief Minister provided the additional information on 7 June 2017. The Standing Committee responded on 19 June 2017 advising that it had no recommendations to make in relation to the proposed appointment. The appointment is a disallowable instrument by operation of s229 of the Legislation Act.

The instrument is not likely to impose appreciable costs on the community, or part of the community and therefore a regulatory impact statement (RIS) is not required (Legislation Act, s34). Remuneration for the CRA Board is set by Determination 9 of 2017 of the ACT Remuneration Tribunal and is met by the CRA budget. Further, a RIS is unnecessary, in accordance with the Legislation Act (s36(1)(b)), as the disallowable instrument does not operate to the disadvantage of anyone by adversely affecting the person's rights, or imposing liabilities on the person.

The instrument is consistent with the Legislative Assembly's Scrutiny of Bills Committee Terms of Reference. In particular, the instrument:

- 1. Is made under a ministerial power found in the Act. See s15 of the Act and ss 78 and 79 of the FMA.
- 2. Is in accordance with the general objects of the Act under which it is made. The appointment of a Deputy Chair to the Board of the CRA is integral to its operation and achieving the objects of the Act.
- 3. Does not unduly trespass on rights previously established by law.
- 4. Does not make rights, liberties and/or obligations unduly dependent upon non-reviewable decisions. The instrument enables formal appointment of the CRA Board Deputy Chair.

Outline of provisions

Section 1 – Name of instrument

This section names the instrument.

Section 2 – Commencement

This section provides for the instrument's commencement.

Section 3 – Appointment

By this section, the Chief Minister appoints Christine Covington as the Deputy Chair of the CRA Board for a period of two (2) years, which is consistent with s78(7) of the FMA.

Section 4 – Application of subsection 81(6) of the *Legislation Act 2001*

This section declares that subsection 81(6) of the Legislation Act applies meaning that the appointment may take effect prior to the commencement of the Act.