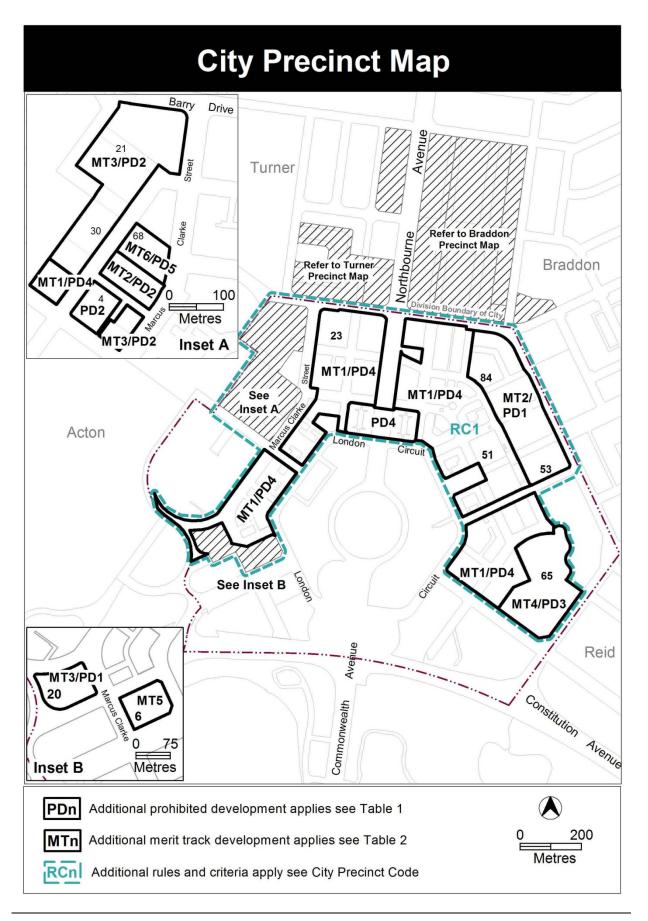


City Precinct Map and Code

includes part City Centre

Effective: 19 December 2014





Assessment tracks

The following tables identify the additional prohibited development and additional merit track development for blocks and parcels shown in the City Precinct Map (identified as PDn or MTn). Development that is exempt from requiring development approval, other prohibited development and the minimum assessment track applicable to each development proposal is set out in the relevant zone development table.

The following tables constitute part of the relevant zone development table.

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Table 1 – Additional prohibited development

Additional prohibited development		
Suburb precinct map label	Zone	Development
PD1	CZ1	light industry at ground floor level
PD2	CZ1	light industry at 2 nd floor or above service station
PD3	CZ6	SHOP (except for personal services or shops ancillary to other permitted uses)
PD4	CZ1	service station
PD5	CZ1	light industry at 2 nd floor or above

Table 2 - Additional merit track development

Additional merit track development that may be approved subject to assessment		
Suburb precinct map label	Zone	Development
MT1	CZ1	vehicle sales
MT2	CZ1	municipal depot store vehicle sales

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Additional merit track development that may be approved subject to assessment		
Suburb precinct map label	Zone	Development
MT3	CZ1	scientific research establishment vehicle sales
MT4	CZ6	business agency RESIDENTIAL USE
MT5	CZ5	club indoor entertainment facility place of assembly
MT6	CZ1	municipal depot scientific research establishment store vehicle sales

City Precinct Code

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Introduction

Name

The name of this code is **City Precinct Code**.

Application

The code applies to the Division of City.

Purpose

This code provides additional planning, design and environmental controls for specific areas or blocks and may also contain references to provisions in other codes.

In conjunction with other relevant codes it will be used by the *Authority* to assess development applications and offer guidance to intending applicants in designing development proposals and preparing development applications.

Structure

This code contains additional rules and/or criteria for particular blocks or parcels identified as areas RCn on the precinct map, to be read in conjunction with the relevant development code. It may also contain sub-parts.

Each element has one or more rules and, unless the respective rule is mandatory, each rule has an associated criterion. Rules provide quantitative, or definitive, controls. By contrast, criteria are chiefly qualitative in nature.

In some instances rules are mandatory. Such rules are accompanied by the words "This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion." Non-compliance with a mandatory rule will result in the refusal of the development application. Conversely, the words "There is no applicable rule" is found where a criterion only is applicable.

Code hierarchy

Under the *Planning and Development Act 2007*, where more than one type of code applies to a development, the order of precedence if there is inconsistency of provisions between codes is: precinct code, development code and general code.

If more than one precinct code applies to the site, the most recent precinct code takes precedence to the extent of any inconsistency.

Definitions

Defined terms, references to legislation and other documents are italicised.

Definitions of terms used in this code are listed in part 13 of the Territory Plan or, for terms applicable only to this code, associated with the respective rule.

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Acronyms

ACTPLA Planning and Land Authority within the ACT Environment and

Sustainable Development Directorate

EPA ACT Environment Protection Authority

ESA ACT Emergency Services Agency

ESDD ACT Environment and Sustainable Development Directorate

NCA National Capital Authority

P&D Act Planning and Development Act 2007

TAMS ACT Territory and Municipal Services Directorate

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Additional rules and criteria

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in the City Precinct Map (RCn). It should be read in conjunction with the relevant zone development code and related codes.

RC1 - City Centre (part)

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in area RC1 shown on the City Precinct Map. RC1 is part of the City Centre. For the other parts, see the Braddon and Turner precinct codes.

Element 1: Use

Rul	es	Criteria	
1.1	1.1 Ground floor uses fronting main pedestrian areas		
R1		C1	
area	rule applies to frontages to main pedestrian as and routes shown in figure 1. the following uses are allowed at ground	Buildings fronting main pedestrian areas and routes incorporate uses on the ground floor that generate activity in the public space.	
	· level:		
a)	business agency		
b)	club		
c)	community activity centre		
d)	drink establishment		
e)	financial establishment		
f)	hotel		
g)	indoor entertainment facility		
h)	indoor recreation facility		
i)	public agency		
j)	restaurant		
k)	SHOP.		

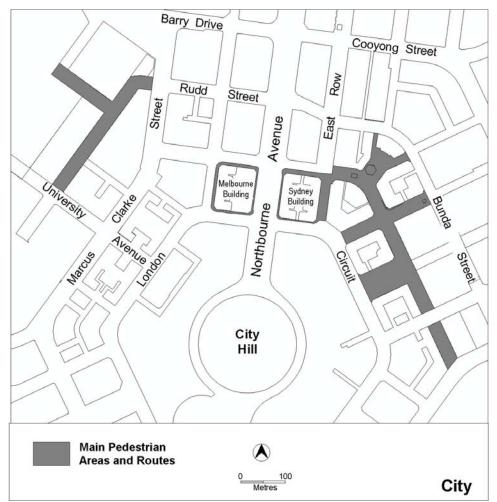


Figure 1 Main Pedestrian Areas and Routes

Element 2: Buildings

2.1 Shadows		
	C2	
There is no applicable rule.	Buildings on sites that are adjacent to main pedestrian areas and routes (figure 1) are limited in height to ensure these areas remain substantially sunlit, particularly between 12 noon and 2 pm on the winter solstice (21 June).	
2.2 Building design		
R3	C3	
Buildings incorporate display windows and shop fronts with direct pedestrian access at ground floor level on frontages to main pedestrian areas and routes (figure 1).	Buildings fronting main pedestrian areas and routes are designed to incorporate active frontages with direct pedestrian access.	

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C4 Extensive lengths of blank walls unrelieved by shopfront, window displays or other openings are not acceptable at street level.
C5
The form and scale of development is consistent with existing adjacent development.
C6 Building heights comply with all of the following: i) are compatible with existing, or desired future character of, adjacent development ii) are appropriate to the scale and function of the use iii) do not cause detrimental impacts, including overshadowing and excessive scale.
07.0000110 000.101
This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
C8 Unless otherwise stated below, roof top plant that is set back and screened from the street is not included in the maximum building height provided it does not exceed RL617m.
C9 Buildings abut the front property boundary unless alternative setbacks are established by existing adjacent development, in which case setbacks are consistent with the intended design themes of the area.
C10 Sheltered and convenient pedestrian access is provided in the main retail and commercial areas at street level by incorporating colonnades or awnings, in a form that is consistent with the established/intended design themes for the area.

Element 3: Footpaths

3.1 Paving design		
R11	C11	
Footpaths are constructed in accordance with the Canberra Central Paving Design Palette and Policy.	Footpaths are designed and constructed to reinforce a consistent design policy and paving palette.	

Element 4: City area 1

This element applies to City area 1 as shown on figure 3.

Rules	Criteria
4.1 City section 21 – Childers, Hutton and King	sley Streets
	C12
There is no applicable rule.	For buildings fronting Childers, Hutton and Kingsley Streets maximum building heights up to 7 storeys may be considered where development meets all of the following:
	a) building elements higher than 4 storeys are set back from the front boundary
	b) floor to floor height of the ground floor level of buildings facing Childers Street is 4.8 metres
	c) awnings along Childers Street provide shelter and establish a pedestrian scale at street level.

Rules	Criteria	
4.2 Marcus Clarke Street between Barry Drive	and University Avenue	
	C13	
There is no applicable rule.	For buildings fronting Marcus Clarke Street (between Barry Drive and University Avenue) maximum building heights up to RL617M (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where development meets all of the following:	
	a) the built form is configured to establish a defined parapet at the 9th storey level	
	 b) building elements higher than 9 storeys are visually recessed 	
	 floor to floor height of the ground floor level of buildings facing Marcus Clarke Street is 4.8 metres 	
	 building elevations along Marcus Clarke Street are articulated with awnings or similar to provide shelter for pedestrians. 	
	C14	
There is no applicable rule.	For buildings fronting Marcus Clarke Street (between Barry Drive and University Avenue) maximum building heights up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where development meets all of the following:	
	a) the built form is configured to establish a defined parapet at the 9th storey level	
	 b) building elements higher than 9 storeys are visually recessed 	
	 floor to floor height of the ground floor level of buildings facing Marcus Clarke Street is 4.8 metres 	
	 building elevations along Marcus Clarke Street are articulated with awnings or similar to provide shelter for pedestrians. 	

Rules	Criteria
4.3 Corner of Marcus Clarke Street and Barry D	Orive
There is no applicable rule.	For buildings fronting Barry Drive maximum building heights up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) at the corner of Marcus Clarke Street may be considered where development meets all of the following: a) buildings step up from 7 storeys adjacent to Kingsley Street to RL617m at the corner of Marcus Clarke Street b) overshadowing of open space and existing residential buildings is prevented. c) the built form is configured to establish a defined parapet at the ninth storey level d) building elements higher than 9 storeys are visually recessed.

Element 5: City area 2

This element applies to City area 2 as shown on figure 3.

5.1 City section 20	
	C16
There is no applicable rule.	For buildings fronting corner of Ellery Crescent and Marcus Clarke Street maximum building heights up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered provided there is an integrated approach to building heights across Marcus Clarke Street.
	C17
There is no applicable rule.	For the remainder of City section 20 maximum building heights must be sensitive to the height and scale of surrounding heritage listed buildings including Screen Sound, Shine Dome, Ian Potter House and the ANU Schools of Art and Music.
	C18
There is no applicable rule.	Accessible pedestrian space is provided at the intersection of Ellery Crescent and Marcus Clarke Street that links form adjacent development on sections 61, 90, 91 and 92 to development on section 20 and the ANU School of Arts via the proposed bridge over Ellery Crescent.

Element 6: City area 3

This element applies to City area 3 as shown on figure 3.

Rules	Criteria	
6.1 East of Marcus Clarke Street and West of	London Circuit and Northbourne Avenue	
There is no applicable rule.	C19 Maximum building heights are 9 storeys except that one or more taller buildings per section up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where forming part of a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i> .	
6.2 Development adjacent to City section 1		
There is no applicable rule.	C20 Development in areas adjacent to section 1 is compatible with the built form and historic character of the Melbourne building.	

Element 7: City area 4

This element applies to City area 4 as shown on figure 3

Rules	Criteria
7.1 East of Northbourne Avenue and London (Pircuit
	C21
There is no applicable rule	For frontages of 30 metres or less maximum building height is 7 storeys.
There is no applicable rule	C22 Maximum building height is 9 storeys except that one or more taller buildings per section up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where forming part of a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i> .
There is no applicable rule.	For frontages greater than 30 metres, maximum building height is 9 storeys except that one or more taller building per section up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where forming part of a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007.</i>

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Rules	Criteria
7.2 Development adjacent to City section 48	
	C24
There is no applicable rule.	Development in areas adjacent to section 48 is compatible with the built form and historic character of the Sydney building.

Element 8: City area 5

This element applies to City area 5 as shown on figure 3.

Rul	es	Criteria
8.1	8.1 East of Northbourne Avenue and London Circuit	
		C25
The	re is no applicable rule.	Building height is no higher than the heights of existing approved buildings except that:
		 Minor variations of building heights may be permitted in special circumstances such as to allow for special architectural features to enhance building facades.
		b) One or more taller building per section up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where forming part of a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act</i> 2007.
R26		C26
a)	No part of any building is above a plane extending from the centre line (figure 2) of an adjacent main pedestrian area (except Garema Place) through the main parapet line (figure 2).	Minor variations of building heights and setbacks may be permitted in special circumstances such as to allow for special architectural features to enhance building facades.
b)	For blocks fronting a street other than a main pedestrian area no part of any building is above a plane drawn at 45° up from the main parapet line (figure 2).	
c)	Above the main parapet line the whole building is set back at least 5 metres.	

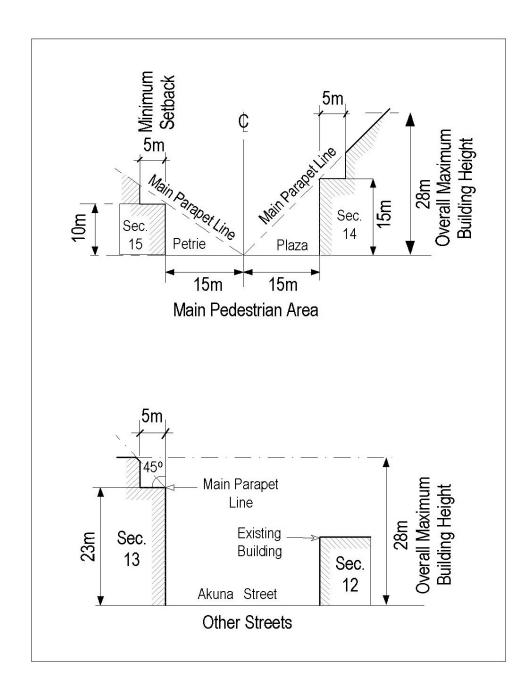


Figure 2 City CZ1 Zone- building height areas 5 and 6 - height plane diagrams

Element 9: City area 6

This element applies to City area 6 as shown on figure 3.

Ru	les	Criteria
9.1	East of Northbourne Avenue and London C	ircuit
R2	7	C27
a)	The height of a building to its main parapet line (i.e. the top part of the building at its block frontage) does not exceed the relevant maximum building height shown on figure 4.	Minor variations of building heights and setbacks may be permitted in special circumstances such as to allow for special architectural features to enhance building facades.
b)	No part of any building at the ground surface at the centre of its block frontage is more than: i) 28 metres and up to 8 storeys including roof top plant, or ii) 23 metres for City section 15 blocks 1, 2, 5 and 12.	 b) One or more taller buildings per section up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where forming part of a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>. c) Rebuilding up to the existing approved height limit is permitted.
R28	3	C28
a)	No part of any building is above a plane extending from the centre line (figure 2) of an adjacent main pedestrian area (except Garema Place) through the main parapet line (figure 2).	Minor variations of building heights and setbacks may be permitted in special circumstances such as to allow for special architectural features to enhance building facades.
b)	For blocks fronting a street other than a main pedestrian area no part of any building is above a plane drawn at 45° up from the main parapet line (figure 2).	
c)	Above the main parapet line the whole building is set back at least 5 metres.	
9.2	Development adjacent to City section 48	
The	ere is no applicable rule.	C29 Development in areas adjacent section 48 is compatible with the built form and historic character of the Sydney building.

Element 10: City area 7

This element applies to City area 7 as shown on figure 3

Rules	Criteria
10.1 Uses associated with a car parking structure	
R30	
This rule applies to sections 53, 56, 68, 84, 96, and 97.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
One or more of the following uses are permitted only where associated with a car parking structure:	
a) service station	
b) store.	
10.2 East of Genge Street and Bunda Street	
R31	C31
Buildings are no higher than the heights of existing approved buildings.	One or more buildings per section up to RL617m (approximately 12 storeys) may be considered where forming part of a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007.</i>
10.3 section 84 City Master Plan	
There is no applicable rule.	C32 Development is not inconsistent with the section 84 City Master Plan, December 2004.
10.4 Ainslie Avenue	
R33	
Ainslie Avenue between Cooyong Street and Bunda Street remains permanently opened to the public for pedestrian access at ground floor level. The Territory retains the right, through relevant provisions in any lease for the land, to utilise this section of Ainslie Avenue as a public transport corridor.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.

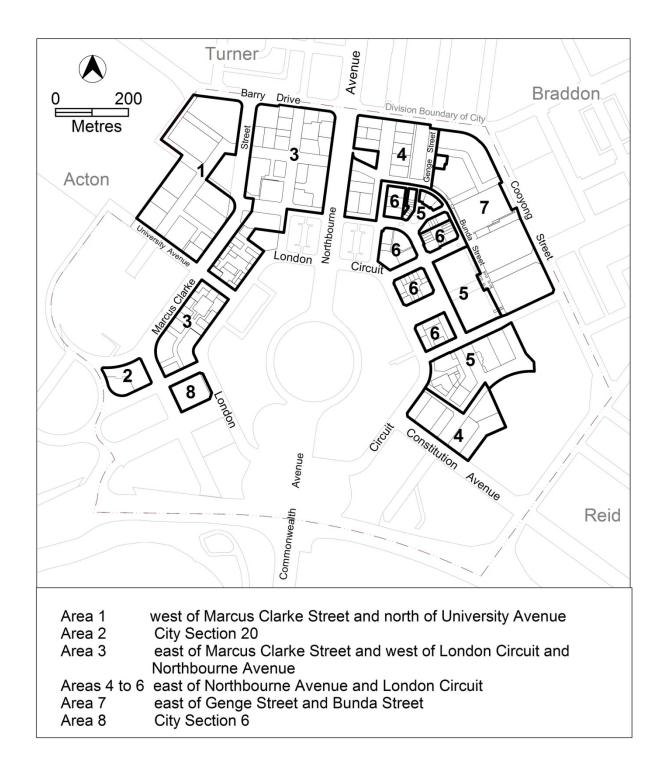


Figure 3 City Areas

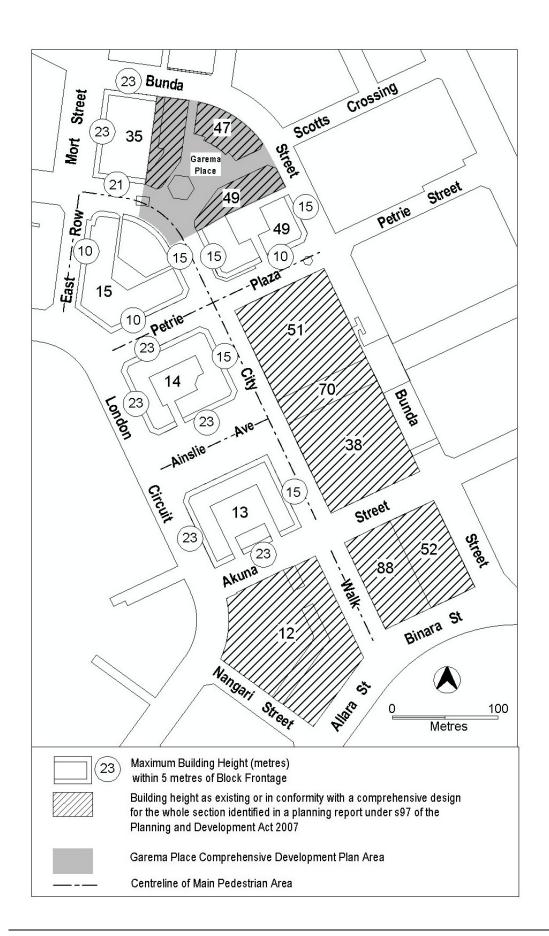
Element 11: City area 8

This element applies to City area 8 as shown on figure 3.

Rules	Criteria
11.1 City	
R34	C34
This rule applies to City section 6 block 2. The maximum building height is 7 storeys.	a) Building heights comply with all of the following:
	 i) are compatible with existing, or future desired character of, adjacent development
	ii) are appropriate to the scale and function of the use
	iii) minimise detrimental impacts including overshadowing and excessive scale
	b) Part of the building may extend beyond 7 storeys to a maximum of RL 617m.
	C35
There is no applicable rule.	Development on City section 6 block 2 addresses Edinburgh Avenue and London Circuit.
	C36
There is no applicable rule.	Buildings in the City section 6 block 2 abut the front property boundary on London Circuit.

Element 12: Redevelopment

Rules	Criteria	
12.1 Garema Place		
	C37	
There is no applicable rule.	Redevelopment within Garema Place (figure 4) is consistent with a comprehensive design for the whole area identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the <i>Planning and Development Act</i> 2007.	
12.2 City sections 2, 3, 5, 11, 12, 22, 23, 26, 32, 38,51, 53 and 56		
	C38	
There is no applicable rule.	Where comprehensive redevelopment is proposed to an intensive inner city scale, each new building is to be consistent with a comprehensive design for the whole section identified in a Planning Report under section 97 of the Planning and Development Act 2007. Existing low rise buildings or building elements that are integral to the comprehensive design may be required to retain their existing heights.	



Element 13: Development on nominated car parking areas

Ru	les	Criteria	
13.	13.1 Nominated car parking areas		
R39	9	C39	
	velopment on existing car parks (figure 5) nplies with all of the following:	Development on existing car parks (figure 5) may be considered where it meets all of the following:	
a) b)	retains the existing level of car parking accommodates onsite any additional demand for car parking that is generated by the development	in accordance with the Parking and Vehicular Access General Code, there is enough car parking for the needs of the centre as a whole	
c)	ensures that car parking remains available for public access	b) the development does not adversely affect the overall function of the centre in terms of	
d)	complies with the Parking and Vehicular Access General Code.	economic, social, traffic and parking and urban design impacts.	

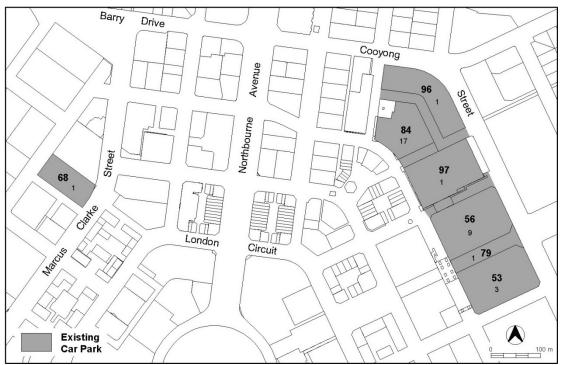


Figure 5 Nominated Car Parking Areas