

Single Dwelling Housing Development Code

Effective: 14 August 2015

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Introduction

Name

The name of this code is Single Dwelling Housing Development Code.

Application

This code applies to single dwelling housing in all zones

National Capital Plan

Where a development is subject to special requirements under the National Capital Plan, or any relevant development control plan prepared under the National Capital Plan, the development must not be inconsistent with the special requirements or development control plan. Where any provision of this code is inconsistent with special requirements under the National Capital Plan, or any relevant development control plan prepared under the National Capital Plan, that provision has no effect.

Purpose

This code provides additional planning, design and environmental controls to support the objectives of the relevant zone.

It will be used by the *Authority* to assess development applications. It also offers guidance to applicants in designing development proposals and preparing development applications.

Structure

This code has a number of elements. Each element has one or more rules, and each rule has an associated criterion (unless the rule is mandatory). Rules provide quantitative, or definitive, controls. By contrast, criteria are chiefly qualitative in nature.

In some instances rules are mandatory. Such rules are accompanied by the words "This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion." Non-compliance with a mandatory rule will result in the refusal of the development application. Conversely, the words "There is no applicable rule" is found where a criterion only is applicable.

Assessment tracks

Assessment tracks for particular developments are specified in the relevant zone development table.

Proposals in the code track must comply with all rules relevant to the development.

Proposals in the **merit track** and **impact track** must comply with a rule or its associated criterion, unless the rule is mandatory (ie. it has no related criterion). Where a rule is fully met, no reference to the related criterion needs to be made. Where there is a departure from a rule, or where a criterion only applies, the onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that the relevant criterion is satisfied, through supporting drawings and/or written documentation. In addition, the applicant for proposals in the impact track must justify any non-compliance by reference to the Statement of Strategic Directions.

Code hierarchy

Under the *Planning and Development Act 2007,* where more than one type of code applies to a development and there is inconsistency between provisions, the order of precedence is: precinct code, development code, and general code.

Related codes

Residential Zones Development Code

Applies to all forms of development in residential zones and makes reference to development codes and general codes that may also apply.

Precinct codes

Precinct codes may contain additional provisions that apply to specified *blocks*. Precinct codes are found in part 10.

Development codes

The following general codes, in particular, may be relevant. Access and Mobility General Code

Crime Prevention through Environmental Design General Code

Home Business General Code

Parking and Vehicular Access General Code

Planning for Bushfire Risk Management General Code

Residential Boundary Fences General Code

Water Ways: Water Sensitive Urban Design General Code

General codes are found in part 11 of the Territory Plan.

Development must comply with the relevant codes (including other general codes that may not be listed above), subject to the code hierarchy outlined in the introduction to this code.

Definitions

Defined terms, references to legislation and other documents are italicised.

Definitions of terms used in this code are listed in part 13 of the Territory Plan or, for terms applicable only to this code, associated with the respective rule.

Acronyms

ACTPLAACT Planning and Land Authority

EDDACT Economic Development Directorate

EPAACT Environment Protection Authority

ESAEmergency Services Authority

ESDDACT Environment and Sustainable Development Directorate

NCANational Capital Authority

NCCNational Construction Code

P&D ActPlanning and Development Act 2007

TAMSACT Territory and Municipal Services Directorate

Element 1: Building and site controls

Rules	Criteria			
1.1 Plot ratio – single dwelling blocks				
R1				
This rule applies to single dwelling blocks.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no			
Plot ratio is:	applicable criterion.			
a) for <i>large blocks,</i> other than those referred to in item b) – not more than 50%				
 b) for <i>blocks</i> created by subdivision of <i>dual</i> occupancy housing, the greater of – 				
 the <i>plot ratio</i> of the approved development at the time of creation of the new block, or 				
ii) the maximum <i>plot ratio</i> calculated for the original block (ie. before subdivision) under:				
 I) for RZ1- R6 of the Multi Unit Housing Development Code 				
II) for RZ2- R7 of the Multi Unit Housing Development Code				
c) in all other cases – not applicable.				
For the purpose of calculating <i>plot ratio</i> for this rule, the <i>gross floor area</i> includes $18m^2$ for each roofed car space provided to meet Territory requirements for resident car parking, but does not include <i>basement</i> car parking.				
1.2 Number of storeys				
R2 The number of <i>storeys</i> does not exceed: a) in RZ1, RZ2 and RZ3 – 2 b) in RZ4 – 3. Rooftop plant that is set back and screened from the street is not included in the maximum number of storeys.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.			
1.3 Attics and basement car parking – single dwelling blocks - RZ1				
R3				
In RZ1, on <i>single dwelling blocks, attics</i> are not permitted where they are located directly above any 2 storey element of a <i>single dwelling house</i> .	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.			

Related code: Planning for Bushfire Risk Mitigation General Code

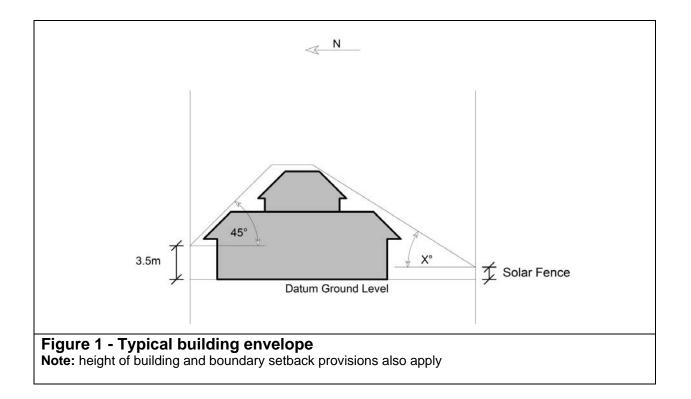
Rule	S	Crit	teria
R4 In RZ1, on <i>single dwelling blocks, basement</i> car parking is not permitted where located directly below any 2 storey element of a <i>single dwelling</i> <i>house</i> .		This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.	
1.4 H	Height of buildings		
R5 Maximum <i>height of building</i> is: a) in RZ1, RZ2 and RZ3 – 8.5m b) in RZ4 – 12m.		C5 Buildings are consistent with the <i>desired</i> <i>character</i> .	
	Building envelope - all large blocks, mid siz ntegrated housing development parcels	zed b	locks approved after 5 July 2013 and
 R6 This rule applies to all of the following: a) <i>large blocks</i> b) <i>mid sized blocks</i> approved under an estate development plan after 5 July 2013 c) <i>integrated housing development parcels</i> but does not apply to that part of the building on a <i>single dwelling block</i> that is required to be built to a boundary of the block by a precinct code applying to an <i>integrated housing development parcel</i> of which the block is a part. Buildings are sited wholly within the building envelope formed by planes projected over the subject <i>block</i> at 45° to the horizontal from a height of 3.5m above each side and rear boundary, except as required by the next rule. 		 C6 Buildings achieve all of the following: a) consistency with the <i>desired character</i> b) reasonable levels of privacy for <i>dwellings</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i>. 	
R7	Sun angle building envelope - all large block compact blocks approved after 5 July 2013 ule applies to all of the following:	and C7	
	large blocks	a)	consistency with the <i>desired character</i>
b) / c) (mid sized blocks approved under an estate development plan after 5 July 2013 compact blocks approved under an estate	b) c)	reasonable solar access to <i>dwellings</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i> do not shadow the windows of <i>habitable</i>
 development plan after 5 July 2013 d) integrated housing development parcels but does not apply to that part of the <i>building</i> on a single dwelling block that is required to be built to a boundary of the <i>block</i> by a precinct code 		-,	rooms (other than bedrooms) of any approved and constructed <i>dwelling</i> on an adjoining <i>residential block</i> at noon on the winter solstice

Rules	C	Criteria	
applying to an <i>integrated housing development</i> <i>parcel</i> of which the <i>block</i> is a part. <i>Buildings</i> are sited wholly within the <i>building</i> envelope formed by planes projected over the subject <i>block</i> at X ^o to the horizontal from the height of the solar fence on any <i>northern</i> <i>boundary</i> of an adjoining <i>residential block</i> .) do not overshadow the <i>principal private</i> open space of any approved and constructed <i>dwelling</i> on an adjoining <i>residential block</i> to a greater extent than a 2.4m fence on the boundary at noon on the winter solstice.	
The height of the solar fence is:			
i. in the <i>primary building zone</i> – 2	.4m		
ii. all other parts of the boundary -	- 1.8m		
This rule does not apply to any part of a <i>boundary</i> to an adjoining <i>residential bloc</i> used primarily to provide access to the rof the <i>residential block</i> (ie a "battleaxe" The previous rule applies to this boundar	<i>ck</i> that is main part handle). ary.		
X° is the apparent sun angle at noon on winter solstice. For the purposes of this values for X are given in table 1.			
Refer to figure 1.			
1.7 Building envelope – mid sized b	locks approve	ed before 5 July 2013	
R8	C	8	
This rule applies to <i>mid sized blocks</i> wit	h one of B	Buildings achieve all of the following:	
the following characteristics: a) approved under an <i>estate de</i>	a)	, ,	
plan before 5 July 2013	b)) reasonable levels of privacy for <i>dwellings</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i> on	
b) for which a <i>lease</i> was granted		adjoining residential blocks	
5 July 2013 but does not apply to that part of the building on a <i>single dwelling block</i> that is required by a precinct code to be built to a boundary of the block.) reasonable solar access to <i>dwellings</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> .	
<i>Buildings</i> are sited wholly within the <i>building</i> envelope formed by planes projected over the subject <i>block</i> comprising:			
a) within the primary building zone -			
 a) lines projected at 45° from a h 4.5m above each side bounds except for north facing bound adjoining residential blocks 	ary,		
 b) from north facing boundaries adjoining residential blocks, li projected at 45° from a height above these boundaries. 	nes		
 c) despite item ii), where a wall i on a <i>north facing boundary</i> of 			

Ru	les		Criteria
		adjoining residential block, lines projected at 30° from a height of 3m above these boundaries.	
b)	with	in the rear zone -	
	a)	lines projected at 30° from a height of 3.5m above each side and rear boundary, except for <i>north facing boundaries</i> of adjoining <i>residential blocks</i>	
	b)	from <i>north facing boundaries</i> of <i>adjoining residential blocks</i> , lines projected at 30° from a height of 2m above these boundaries.	
Ref	er Fi	gure 2.	
wher orier	re a lin	h facing boundary means a boundary of a block e drawn perpendicular to the boundary outwards is between north 20 degrees west and north 30 st.	
R9			C9
This	s rule	applies to mid-sized blocks and compact	Buildings achieve all of the following:
bloc	cks wi	th one of the following characteristics:	a) consistency with the desired character
	a)	approved under an <i>estate development</i> plan before 5 July 2013	 b) reasonable levels of privacy for <i>dwellings</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i> on
	b)	for which a <i>lease</i> was granted before 5 July 2013	adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> c) reasonable solar access to <i>dwellings</i> and
fron <i>resi</i> is p env ass a pl abo	n, the identia ermitte elope ociate ane p ve the	garage wall is located on, or setback northern boundary of an adjoining al block, a 1m encroachment of the wall ed vertically beyond the building a, provided the wall and roof element ed with the wall do not encroach beyond projected at 30° from a height of 3m e respective boundary. gure 2.	their associated <i>private open space</i> on <i>adjoining residential blocks.</i>
1.8	Bus	shfire	
R10)		
Where identified in a precinct code or current and approved <i>lease and development conditions</i> as being within a bushfire prone area, buildings are constructed in accordance with the specified bushfire construction level of Australian Standard AS 3959 - <i>Construction of buildings in bushfire-</i> <i>prone areas.</i>		I lease and development conditions as hin a bushfire prone area, buildings are red in accordance with the specified construction level of Australian Standard - Construction of buildings in bushfire-	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.

Aspect of <i>northern boundary</i> (bearing of line drawn perpendicular to the boundary)	Angle (X)
North 0° to <10° East	31 °
North 0° to <10° West	
North 10° to <20° East	32°
North 10° to <20° West	
North 20° to <30° East	34 °
North 20° to <30° West	
North 30° to <40° East	36°
North 30° to <40° West	
North 40° to 45° East	39°
North 40° to 45° West	

Table 1 – Apparent sun angle (X) at noon on the winter solstice (21 June)



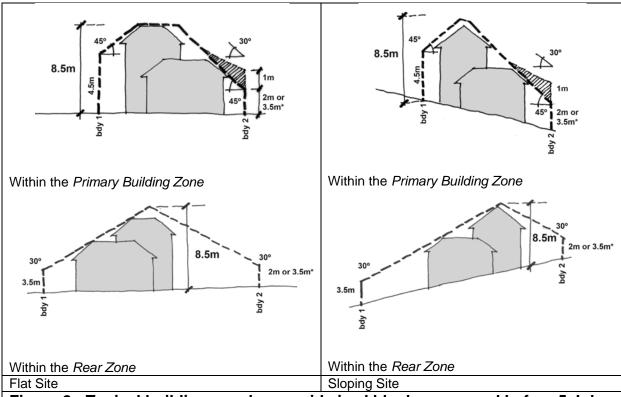


Figure 2 - Typical building envelope - mid sized blocks approved before 5 July 2013 – except in Molonglo Valley

Note: height of building and boundary setback provisions also apply * 2m dimension applies to the northern boundary of an adjoining residential block

Hatched area indicates permissible encroachment under R9.

Rules	Criteria		
1.9 Front boundary setbacks – all blocks			
R11	C11		
Front boundary setbacks comply with the following:	Front boundary setbacks achieve all of the following:		
 a) <i>large blocks</i> - tables 2A, 2B or 2C, as applicable b) <i>mid-sized blocks</i> - tables 3A, 3B or 3C, as applicable c) <i>compact blocks</i> - tables 3A, 3B or 4, as applicable. The minimum boundary setbacks for corner <i>block</i>s apply only to one street frontage nominated by the applicant or nominated in a precinct code as a <i>secondary street frontage</i>. Nomination by a precinct code takes precedence. Chamfers may be included in the <i>secondary street frontage</i>, but only if the length of the chamfer is less than the length of the front boundary. Note: Chamfers are ordinarily found at the corner of a <i>block</i> at the junction of streets. 	 a) consistency with the <i>desired character</i> b) the efficient use of the site c) reasonable amenity for residents d) pedestrian scale at street level e) space for street trees to grow to maturity. 		

Table 2A: Front boundary setbacks – large blocks in subdivisions approved before18 October 1993 (refer appendix 1 diagram 1)

		exceptions		
	minimum front boundary setback	minimum front boundary setback to secondary street frontage	minimum front boundary setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	
lower floor level	6m	4m	4m	
upper floor level	6m	6m	4m	
garage	6m	5.5m	4m	

Table 2B: Front boundary setbacks – large blocks in subdivisions approved on or after18 October 1993 but before 31 March 2008 (refer appendix 1 diagram 2)

		exceptions		
	minimum front boundary setback	minimum front boundary setback to secondary street frontage	minimum front boundary setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	
lower floor level	4m	4m	4m	
upper floor level	6m	6m	4m	
garage	5.5m with a minimum of 1.5 m behind the front building line	5.5m	4m	

Table 2C: Front boundary setbacks – large blocks in subdivisions approved on or after31 March 2008 (refer appendix 1 diagram 3)

		exceptions			
	minimum <i>front boundary</i> setback	minimum front boundary setback to secondary street frontage	minimum <i>front</i> <i>boundary</i> setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	minimum <i>front</i> <i>boundary</i> setback to rear lane <i>front</i> <i>boundary</i> or pedestrian paths less than 6m wide	
lower floor level	4m	3m	4m	nil	
upper floor level	6m	3m	4m	nil	
garage	Minimum of 1.4 building line exc	5.5m 5m behind the front cept where there is a Il in the <i>front zone</i>	4m	nil	

 Table 3A: Front boundary setbacks – mid sized and compact blocks in subdivisions approved before 18 October 1993 (refer appendix 1 diagrams 4 and 9)

		exceptions		
	minimum front boundary setback	minimum front boundary setback to secondary street frontage	minimum front boundary setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	
lower floor level	6m	3m	4m	
upper floor level	6m	3m	4m	
garage	6m	5.5m	4m	

 Table 3B: Front boundary setbacks – mid sized and compact blocks in subdivisions approved

 on or after 18 October 1993 but before 31 March 2008 (refer appendix 1 diagrams 5 and 10)

		exceptions		
	minimum front boundary setback	minimum front boundary setback to secondary street frontage	minimum front boundary setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	
lower floor level	4m	3m	4m	
upper floor level	6m	3m	4m	
garage	5.5m with a minimum of 1.5 m behind the front building line	5.5 m	4m	

Table 3C: Front boundary setbacks – mid sized blocks in subdivisions approved on or after 31 March 2008 (refer appendix 1 diagrams 6, 7 and 8)

			exceptions			
	minimum setback to front boundary	minimum setback to secondary street frontage	minimum setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	minimum setback to rear lane or pedestrian paths less than 6m wide		
all floor levels	4m	3m	3m	nil		
articulation elements* – all floor levels	3m	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable		
garage	5.5m Minimum of 1.5m behind the front <i>building line</i> except where there is a courtyard wall in the <i>front zone</i>		3m	nil		

*Articulation elements can include verandahs, porches, awnings, shade devices, pergolas and the like (a carport is not considered an articulation element)

Table 4: Front boundary setbacks – compact blocks in subdivisions approved on or after 31March 2008 (refer appendix 1 diagrams 11)

			exceptions		
	minimum setback to front boundary	minimum setback to secondary street frontage	minimum setback to open space or pedestrian paths wider than 6m	minimum setback to rear lane or pedestrian paths less than 6m wide	
all floor levels	3m 3m		3m	nil	
garage	5.5m Minimum of 1.5m behind the front <i>building line</i> except where there is a courtyard wall in the <i>front zone</i>		3m	nil	

Note: see tables 3A and 3B for compact blocks in subdivisions approved before 31 March 2008

Rules	Criteria
1.10 Side and rear setbacks – all blocks	
 1.10 Side and rear setbacks – all blocks R12 This rule applies to one of the following: i) single dwelling blocks that are not part of an integrated housing development parcel ii) single dwelling blocks in an integrated housing development parcel that adjoin residential blocks that are not part of that parcel. Side and rear setbacks for: a) large blocks - comply with table 5 b) mid-sized blocks - comply with tables 6A or 6B, as applicable c) mid-sized blocks - nominated for alternative side boundary setbacks in a precinct code - comply with table 6C d) compact blocks - comply with table 7. In relation to the tables referred to in this rule, side boundary 1 and side boundary 2 are nominated by the applicant unless otherwise specified in this code or in a precinct code 	 C12 Buildings and other structures are sited to achieve all of the following: a) consistency with the <i>desired character</i> b) reasonable separation between adjoining developments c) reasonable privacy for <i>dwellings</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> d) reasonable privacy for <i>principal private open space</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> e) reasonable solar access to <i>dwellings</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> and their associated <i>principal private open space</i>.
no rear boundary. 1.11 Setbacks less than 900mm	
R13 <i>External walls</i> within 900mm of a side or rear boundary are set back from the boundary by not more than 180mm	 C13 Buildings and other structures are sited to achieve all of the following: a) reasonable separation between adjoining developments b) reasonable access for maintenance.
1.12 Garages and carports on or near side and r	rear boundaries – large blocks
R14 This rule applies to <i>large blocks</i> . <i>Garages</i> and <i>carports</i> within 900mm of a side or rear boundary comply with the following: The maximum length of all walls facing the boundary is 8m.	 C14 Garages and carports are sited to achieve all of the following: a) consistency with the desired character b) reasonable privacy for dwellings on adjoining residential blocks c) reasonable privacy for principal private open space on adjoining residential blocks.

Rules	Criteria
1.13 Walls on or near side and rear boundaries	– mid sized blocks
 R15 This rule applies to <i>mid sized blocks</i>, but does not apply to that part of the building that is required to be built to a boundary of the block by a precinct code applying to an <i>integrated housing development parcel</i> of which the block is a part. A wall with a setback of less than 900mm to a side or rear boundary complies with all of the following: a) not more than 13m in length b) extends no more than 2.5m into the rear zone 	 C15 Walls are sited to achieve all of the following: a) consistency with the <i>desired character</i> b) reasonable privacy for <i>dwellings</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> c) reasonable privacy for <i>principal private open space</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i>.

Table 5: Side and rear setbacks – large blocks (refer appendix 1 diagrams 1, 2 and 3)

	minimum side boundary setback within the <i>primary building zone</i>		minimum side be within the	minimum rear	
	side boundary 1	side boundary 2	side boundary 1	side boundary 2	boundary setback
lower floor level – external wall	3m	1.5m	3m	1.5m	3m
upper floor level – external wall	3m	3m	6m	6m	6m
upper floor level – unscreened element	6m	6m	6m	6m	6m
garage or carport	3m	nil* ^	3m	nil* ^	3m

* see R14

^ does not apply to that part of a wall with a window of any sort

Table 6A: Side and rear setbacks – mid sized blocks in subdivisions approved before2 October 2009 (refer appendix 1 diagrams 4, 5 and 6)

		oundary setback ary building zone	minimum side b within the	minimum rear	
	side boundary 1	side boundary 2	side boundary 1	side boundary 2	boundary setback
lower floor level	3m	>15m frontage 1.5m <15m frontage nil ^	3m	1.5m	3m
upper floor level – external wall	3m	3m	6m	6m	6m
upper floor level – unscreened element	6m	6m	6m	6m	6m

^ does not apply to that part of a wall with a window of any sort

Table 6B: Side and rear setbacks – mid sized blocks in subdivisions approved on or after2 October 2009 (refer appendix 1 diagram 7)

		oundary setback ary building zone	minimum side b within the	minimum rear	
	side boundary 1	side boundary 2	side boundary 1	side boundary 2	boundary setback
lower floor level	1.5m	1.5m nil* ^	3m	0.9	3m nil** ^
upper floor level – external wall	3m	1.5m nil* ^ **	6m	6m	6m nil** ^
upper floor level – unscreened element	6m	6m	6m	6m	6m

* see R15

** only where specifically permitted under a precinct code.

^ does not apply to that part of a wall with a window of any sort

Table 6C - Alternative Side Boundary Setbacks (blocks must be nominated in a precinct code) (Refer appendix 1 diagrams 8A and 8B)

	South [^] Facing Boundary	North [^] Facing Boundary	East/ West^^^ Facing Boundary 1	East / West ^{^^} Facing Boundary 2*
Lower floor level in the PBZ	1.5m 0m**	1.5m 4.0m+	1.5m	1.5m 0m**
Lower floor level in the RZ	1.5m	1.5m 4.0m+	1.5m	1.5m
Upper floor level – external wall in PBZ	1.5m	1.5m 4.0m+	1.5m	1.5m
Upper floor level – external wall in RZ	Not permitted	Not permitted	3.0m	3.0m
Upper floor level – unscreened element in the PBZ	6.0m	6.0m	6.0m	6.0m
Upper floor level – unscreened element in the RZ	Not permitted	Not permitted	6.0m	6.0m

South facing boundary means a boundary of a block where a line drawn perpendicular to the boundary outwards is orientated between south 30 degrees west and south 20 degrees east.

North facing boundary means a boundary of a block where a line drawn perpendicular to the boundary outwards is orientated between north 20 degrees west and north 30 degrees east.

*** East/West boundary means a boundary of a block where a line drawn perpendicular to the boundary outwards is orientated either between east 20 degrees north and east 30 degrees south or between west 30 degrees north and west 20 degrees south.

* Boundary 2 may be stipulated in a precinct code.

** Provided the total length of the wall on the boundary does not exceed 13m (may extend up to 2.5m into the rear zone). Blank walls on boundaries may include walls to garages and non habitable rooms and cavity walls to habitable rooms.

The dwelling is required to be setback 4m from the north facing boundary for 50% or greater of the building length commencing from 4m or greater behind the front building line. The building length is measured 4m behind the front building line.

Table 7: Side and rear setbacks – compact blocks (refer appendix 1 diagrams 9,10 and 11)

	minimur	minimum side boundary setback				
	side boundary 1 or longer side boundary of a corner block	side boundary 2	shorter side boundary of a corner block			
lower floor level – external wall	nil^	nil^	3m	3m nil* ^		
lower floor level – unscreened element	1.5m	1.5m	3m	3m		
upper floor level – <i>external</i> <i>wall</i>	nil**^	nil**^	3m	4m nil* ^		
upper floor level – unscreened element	1.5m	1.5m	3m	4m		
garage or carport	nil^	nil^	nil^	3m nil* ^		

* only where specifically permitted under a precinct code. ** only where the lower floor level is built to the boundary

^ does not apply to that part of a wall with a window of any sort

Ru	les	Criteria
1.14	4 Allowable encroachments – setbacks	
R16 Enc		 C16 Buildings and other structures achieve all of the following: a) consistency with the <i>desired character</i> b) reasonable levels of privacy on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> for <i>dwellings</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i> c) reasonable solar access to <i>dwellings</i> on adjoining <i>residential blocks</i> and their associated <i>private open space</i>
	finished ground level.	

Rules		Criter	ia
R17		C17	
Encroachments into the permitted for one or melements:	he front setback are hore of the following building	followi	gs and other structures achieve all of the ng: onsistency with the <i>desired character</i>
 width of not more b) fascias, gutters, sun blinds c) landings, steps c 	overhang with a horizontal e than 600mm downpipes, light fittings, or ramps, none of which are pove finished ground level.	b) re re as c) re ad	easonable levels of privacy on adjoining esidential blocks for dwellings and their esociated private open space easonable solar access to dwellings on djoining residential blocks and their esociated private open space.
1.15 Allowable encro	oachments – building envel	opes	
	de the building envelope ent are permitted for one or	C18 Buildin followir	gs and other structures achieve all of the ng:
more of the following:a) fluesb) chimneysc) antennaed) aerials		b) re re as	onsistency with the <i>desired character</i> easonable levels of privacy on adjoining esidential blocks for <i>dwellings</i> and their essociated private open space easonable solar access to <i>dwellings</i> on
 e) cooling appliance f) heating appliance 1.16 Surveillance block 	es.	a	djoining residential blocks and their ssociated private open space.
approved lease and a	•		a mandatory requirement. There is no ble criterion.
1.17 Cut and fill			
R20 The maximum cut or f rear boundaries is 1.5	fill within 1.5m of side and	are acl a) st b) re	d fill is limited so that all of the following nieved: ability of the block and adjoining blocks asonable access to sunlight on the block ompatibility with the <i>streetscape</i> .
1.18 Blocks between	1 500m ² and 550m ²		
R21 The provisions of this <i>blocks</i> apply to <i>blocks</i> less than 550m ² that a code as <i>mid-sized blo</i>	code relating to <i>mid-sized</i> from 500m ² or greater but are identified in a precinct ocks.		a mandatory requirement. There is no ble criterion.

Element 2:	Lease and development conditions
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2.1	2.1 Approved lease and development conditions						
R22	2	C22					
leas	rule applies to <i>blocks</i> affected by approved are and development conditions that provide one or more of the following matters:	The development meets the intent any approved lease and development conditions.					
a)	plot ratio						
b)	building envelope						
c)	building height						
d)	front street setback						
e)	side setback						
f)	rear setback						
g)	building design						
h)	materials and finish						
i)	interface						
j)	vehicle access						
k)	parking						
I)	solar access						
m)	private open space						
n)	water sensitive urban design						
o)	landscaping.						
the ove	roved <i>lease and development conditions</i> for matters listed above shall take precedence r the provisions of this code, but only to the ent of any inconsistency.						

Element 3: Building design

Related legislation: Common Boundaries Act 1981

Note: Under the *Building Act 2004* most buildings need to meet the requirements of the Building Code of Australia. For certain classes of buildings, this will include prescribed energy requirements.

Rules	Criteria
3.1 Materials and finishes	
R23	C23
Structures, plant and equipment situated on the roof are not visible from the street frontage or other unleased territory land unless exempt under <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i> .	 Structures and plant and equipment situated on the roof that are not exempt under <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i> achieve all of the following: a) do not diminish the value of the <i>streetscape</i> b) do not diminish residential amenity of neighbouring <i>block</i>s.

Rules			Criteria		
3.2	Fenci	ng – large blocks and mid sized blocl	s		
R24			C24	ŀ	
bloc	ks.	pplies to large blocks and mid-sized		Fences comply with the Residential Boundaries Fences General Code.	
Walls or fencing are not permitted forward of the <i>building line</i> except where they comply with one or more of the following:					
a)	a prev plan	viously approved estate development			
b)	a rele	vant precinct code			
c)		a gate to a maximum height of 1.8m in tablished, vigorous hedge			
d)		wise complies with this code (eg vard wall provisions)			
e)		mpt under the <i>Planning and</i> Iopment Act 2007.			
3.3	Court	yard walls – large blocks			
R25			C25	5	
This	rule a	pplies to <i>large blocks.</i>	Courtyard walls achieve all of the following:		
	•	walls forward of the building line	a)	a) consistent with the <i>desired character</i>	
com a)	total le follow i) r	not more than 50% of the width of the	b)	the asp	dominance of the building's facade in streetscape taking all of the following ects of the proposed courtyard wall into punt
		block		i)	height
	ŕt	not more than 70% where the width of he <i>block</i> at the line of the wall is less		ii) iii)	relationship to verge footpath total proportion relative to the building
b)		han 12m ck from the front boundary not less			width
0)		50% of the minimum front setback		iv)	colour and design features
	apply	ing to the block		v)	transparency
c)	heigh	t does not exceed 1.8m		vi)	articulation
d)		ructed only of brick, block or		vii)	protection of existing desirable landscape features
	with fe	work, any of which may be combined eature panels		viii)	tree and shrub planting forward of the wall
e)	-	porate shrub planting between the wall the front boundary	c)		
f)	pedes accor	t obstruct sight lines for vehicles and strians on public paths on driveways in dance with Australian Standard 90.1- Off-Street Parking.			

Rul	es		Crit	teria	
3.4	3.4 Courtyard walls – mid sized blocks				
R26	;		C26	;	
This	s rule	applies to mid-sized blocks.	Courtyard walls achieve all of the following:		
	Courtyard walls forward of the <i>building line</i> comply with all of the following:		,		sistent with the <i>desired character</i> dominance of the building's facade in
a) b)	i) ii)	 we a maximum total length of where the width of the <i>block</i> at the line of the wall is less than 12m – 70% of the width of the <i>block</i> in all other cases - 50% of the width of the <i>block</i> we a minimum setback from the front 		asp	streetscape taking all of the following ects of the proposed courtyard wall into punt height relationship to verge footpath total proportion relative to the building width
c) d) f)	 i) ii) do r are i) ii) inco and do r ped acc 	undary of not less than - where the total length of the courtyard wall measured parallel to the front street boundary does not exceed 6.5m and the courtyard wall does not exceed 1.5m in height - 1m in all other cases – 50% of the minimum front setback applying to the block not exceed 1.8m in height constructed of one of the following - only of brick, block or stonework, any of which may be combined with feature panels finished to match or complement the dwelling house orporate shrub planting between the wall the front boundary not obstruct sight lines for vehicles and lestrians on public paths on driveways in ordance with A2890.1-The Australian ndard for Off-Street Parking.	c)	do r ped acce	colour and design features transparency articulation protection of existing desirable landscape features tree and shrub planting forward of the wall not obstruct sight lines for vehicles and estrians on public paths or driveways in ordance with Australian Standard 2890.1- <i>Parking facilities, part 1 off-street</i> <i>king.</i>
3.5	Fro	nt fences and courtyard walls – compac	t blo	cks	
R27	•		C27	•	
This	s rule	applies to compact blocks.	Cou	irtyar	d walls achieve all of the following:
	nply v	d walls forward of the <i>building line</i> with all of the following: we a maximum total length of- where the width of the <i>block</i> at the line of the wall is less than 12m – 60% of the width of the <i>block</i>	a) b)	dom <i>stre</i> asp	sistency with the <i>desired character</i> ninance of the building's facade in the <i>etscape</i> taking all of the following ects of the proposed courtyard wall into punt: height
	ii)	in all other cases - 50% of the width of		ii)	relationship to verge footpath

Rules			Criteria		
b) c) d)	have bou i) ii) have i) ii) iii) iii) iii) prov ped acce	the <i>block</i> e a minimum <i>setback</i> from the <i>front</i> <i>indary</i> of not less than - where the courtyard encloses north facing <i>principal private open space</i> – 1m in all other cases – 2m e a maximum height of - where the courtyard encloses <i>principal</i> <i>private open space</i> – 1.5m where both of the following apply a) the courtyard encloses <i>principal</i> <i>private open space</i> b) the <i>block</i> is a corner <i>block</i> – 1.8m in all other cases – 1.2m ply with one or more of the following - constructed of brick, block or stonework, any of which may be combined with feature panels constructed and finished to match or complement the <i>single dwelling house</i> vide for sight lines for vehicles and lestrians on public paths on driveways in ordance with A2890.1- <i>The Australian</i> <i>ndard for Off-Street Parking</i> .	 iii) total priving width iv) colour v) transpriving articula vi) articula vii) protection viii) tree ar wall sight lines for public paths with Austral 	roportion relative to the building and design features arency ation tion of existing desirable cape features and shrub planting forward of the or vehicles and pedestrians on s or driveways in accordance lian Standard AS2890.1- <i>Parking</i> <i>art 1 off-street parking</i> .	
forw	comp ard c wing do r i) ii) A28 <i>Stre</i> vehi	bact blocks, front fences and side fences of the building line comply with all of the : not exceed one of the following - where located adjacent to the dwelling's principal private open space - 1.5m in height where located adjacent to the dwelling's principal private open space, where the block is a corner block - 1.8m in height in all other cases - 1.2m in height 890.1-The Australian Standard for Off- bet Parking in relation to site lines for icles and pedestrians on public paths or eways.	 consistency appropriate respect to - height relation relation total providth total providth tot) colour v) colour v) transport vi) protection landsce do not obstripedestrians accordance 		

Element 4: Parking and site access

Related code: Parking and Access General Code

Rul	es	Criteria
4.1	Pedestrian access	
pede	<i>block</i> s with a boundary to a rear lane, estrian access is provided from the street ress.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
4.2	Vehicle access	
R30		C30
	eway verge crossings comply with all of the wing:	Driveway verge crossings are endorsed by Department of Territory and Municipal Services.
a)	1.2m horizontally clear of stormwater sumps and other services	
b)	1.5m horizontally clear of transformers, bus stops, public light poles	
c)	6m horizontally clear of the tangent point of the radius of the curve on a corner <i>block</i> (excluding locations with roundabouts and signalised intersections, which require separate formal approval and support from Asset Acceptance)	
d)	uphill grade of less than 17% as measured from the kerb; downhill grade of less than 12% as measured from the kerb	
e)	at a right angle to the kerb line with a maximum 10% deviation	
f)	for <i>large blocks</i> and <i>mid sized blocks</i> , a maximum of 5.5 m wide, and a minimum of 5m wide at the kerb, a minimum 3m wide at the front boundary, and a maximum width no greater than the width at the kerb	
g)	for <i>compact blocks</i> , 3m wide at the front street boundary	
h)	outside of the drip line of mature trees	
i)	minimum of 3m clear of small and new street trees	
j)	compliant with Australian Standard AS2890.1- <i>Parking facilities</i> as amended from time to time, having particular regard for sightlines and cross fall of the site	
k)	where there is a public footpath across the driveway verge crossing, the footpath is	

Rules		Criteria
l) If the ex	bus (i.e. the footpath is to have nce). isting footpath is replaced, it is cted at the same level in the same and colour as the original.	
4.3 Parking		
provided on t a) for a <i>sin</i> <i>blocks</i> c 1 bedroo	n number of car parking spaces he <i>block</i> complies with the following: <i>gle dwelling house</i> on <i>compact</i> ontaining not more than om – 1 her cases - 2.	C31 Car parking provided on the <i>block</i> is adequate for residents and visitors.
than the follow i) sin ii) dou iii) sin iv) mu 5.5 v) par vi) 2.1 ove	gle roofed space - 6m x 3m uble roofed space - 6m x 5.5m gle unroofed space - 5.5m x 3m litiple unroofed spaces side by side - im x 2.6m rallel parking spaces - 6.7m x 2.3m m minimum clearance to any erhead structure. dimensions for roofed spaces are	 C32 Car parking spaces are sized to allow for all of the following: a) convenient access to the vehicle by the driver and passengers b) reasonable side and overhead clearance to vehicles c) reasonable access by vehicles (ie minimal turning movements).
of the followir a) are not l i) co ii) an loc b) do not e c) at least is behind d) comply y parking requirent	spaces on the <i>block</i> comply with all ng: ocated in the <i>front zone</i> , except on: <i>mpact blocks</i> y part of a driveway in tandem with other car parking space that is cated behind the <i>front building line</i> . ncroach any property boundaries one car parking space is roofed and d the <i>front zone</i> with sightlines for off-street car- facilities and other relevant nents in Australian Standard .1- <i>Parking facilities</i> .	 C33 Car parking and related access on <i>block</i> achieve all of the following: a) reasonable amenity of neighbouring <i>residential blocks</i> b) consistency with the value of the <i>streetscape</i> c) public safety especially in relation to pedestrians and cyclists d) reasonable surveillance of parking spaces.

Rules	Criteria
R34	C34
In RZ1 and RZ2, on <i>single dwelling blocks</i> ramps accessing <i>basement</i> car parking are behind the building line, where the <i>block</i> is less than 30 m wide as measured at the street frontage. Ramps comply with the relevant requirements in Australian Standard AS2890.1- <i>Parking facilities</i> .	Ramps to <i>basement</i> car parking maintain the value of the <i>streetscape</i> and allow safe and efficient vehicle and pedestrian movement.
R35	
Car parking is not permitted on verges.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
R36	C36
This rule applies to street frontages except frontages to laneways (rear loading blocks).	Garages or carports achieve all of the following: a) consistency with the <i>streetscape</i>
The maximum total width of garage doors and	b) consistency with the <i>desired character</i>
external width of carports is the lesser of the following:	c) compatibility with the façade of the
a) 6m	associated dwelling.
b) 50% of the façade of the <i>dwelling</i> .	

Element 5: Amenity

Rules	Criteria	
5.1 Solar access		
R37 The floor or internal wall of a daytime living area of a dwelling is exposed to not less than 3 hours of direct sunlight between the hours of 9am and 3pm on the winter solstice (21 June).	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.	
5.2 Private open space		
R38	C38	
For <i>large blocks</i> , <i>private open space</i> complies with all of the following:	<i>Private open space</i> provides residential amenity on the subject site and protects the residential	
 a) has a minimum area equal to 60% of the block area, less 50m² 	amenity of adjoining sites by achieving all of the following:	
 b) has a minimum dimension of 6m for an area not less than 10% of the block 	 a) limits site coverage of buildings and vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas 	
c) at least 50% of the minimum area in a) is	b) provides space for planting	
planting area.	c) facilitates on-site infiltration of stormwater	
Note: Private open space includes principal private open space, as required elsewhere in this element.	run-off d) provides outdoor areas that are readily accessible by residents for a range of uses and activities	

Rul	es		Criteria		
			e)	provides space for service functions such as clothes drying and domestic storage.	
R39)		C39		
	plies a m	sized blocks, private open space with all of the following: inimum area equal to 40% of the block a, less 50m ²	on ti ame	ate open space provides residential amenity he subject site and protects the residential enity of adjoining sites by achieving all of the wing:	
b) c)	i) ii) at le in a)	inimum dimension as follows - blocks that are identified in a precinct code as an alternative boundary setback block – 4m for an area not less than 20% of the block area in all other cases - 6m for an area not less than 10% of the block area east 50% of the minimum area specified) is <i>planting area</i> .	a) b) c) d) e)	limits site coverage of buildings and vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas provides space for planting facilitates on-site infiltration of stormwater run-off provides outdoor areas that are readily accessible by residents for a range of uses and activities provides space for service functions such as	
		ate open space includes principal private open equired elsewhere in this element.		clothes drying and domestic storage.	
R40			C40		
	all of a m	bact blocks, private open space complies f the following: inimum area is not less than 20% of the ek area	<i>Private open space</i> provides residential amenity on the subject site and protects the residential amenity of adjoining sites by achieving all of the following:		
b)		east 50% of the minimum area specified) is <i>planting area.</i>	a)	limits site coverage of buildings and vehicle parking and manoeuvring areas	
Note		te open space includes principal private open	b)	provides space for planting	
spac	e, as r	equired elsewhere in this element.	C)	facilitates on-site infiltration of stormwater run-off	
			d)	provides outdoor areas that are readily accessible by residents for a range of uses and activities	
			e)	provides space for service functions such as clothes drying and domestic storage.	
5.3	Prin	ncipal private open space	1		
R41			C41		
	At least one area of <i>principal private open space</i> on the block complies with all of the following:		<i>Principal private open space</i> achieves all of the following:		
a)	mini table	imum area and dimensions specified in e 8.	a) b)	is proportionate to the size of the dwelling capable of enabling an extension of the	
b) c)	dire	round level ctly accessible from, and adjacent to, a <i>itable room</i> other than a bedroom		function of the dwelling for relaxation, dining, entertainment, recreation, and it is directly accessible from the dwelling	
d)		eened from adjoining public streets and lic open space	c)	accommodates service functions such as clothes drying and domestic storage	

Ru	Rules		Criteria	
e)	located behind the building line, except where enclosed by a courtyard wall	d)	is screened from public streets and public open space with pedestrian or cycle paths	
f)	is not located to the south, south-east or south-west of the dwelling, unless it achieves not less than 3 hours of direct sunlight onto 50% of the minimum principal private open space area between the hours of 9am and 3pm on the winter solstice (21 June).	e)	reasonable access to sunlight to enable year round use	

Table 8: Principal Private Open Space

Zone	Block type	Dwelling Size*	Minimum Area	Minimum Dimension
all	Compact	all	16m ²	4m
RZ1	Mid sized	up to 105m ²	28m ²	4m
RZ2	Large			
	Mid sized	105m ² or greater	36m ²	6m
	Large			
RZ3	Mid sized			
RZ4	Large	all	24m ²	4m

* For the purpose of this table, *dwelling* size is defined as the floor area measured to the outside face of externals walls including internal walls between the living areas and *garage* (but excluding the *garage*).

Rules	Criteria	
5.4 Noise attenuation – external sources		
R42 This rule applies to all new dwellings (including in	C42 This rule applies to all new dwellings (including in	
established areas), as well as extensions and alterations that add a habitable room exposed directly to the source of noise.	established areas), as well as extensions and alterations that add a habitable room exposed directly to the source of noise.	
Where a <i>block</i> has one or more of the following characteristics:	a) For other than road traffic noise - a noise management plan prepared by a member of	
 identified in a precinct code as being potentially affected by noise from external sources 	the Australian Acoustical Society with experience in the assessment of noise, and endorsed by the EPA. The noise level	
 adjacent to a road carrying or forecast to carry traffic volumes greater than 12000 vehicles per day 	immediately adjacent to the dwelling is assumed to be the relevant noise zone standard specified in the ACT Environment Protection Regulation 2005. The plan must	
dwellings shall be constructed to comply with the following:	indicate compliance with the relevant Australian standard.	
a) dwelling located more than 20m from the	b) For road traffic noise - an acoustic	

Rules			Criteria
		rside edge of a road carrying traffic mes between 12,000 and 25,000 vpd – glazing is 6.38mm laminated glass or equivalent and fitted with acoustic seals other than brush seals any external doors are solid core and fitted with acoustic seals other than brush seals	assessment and noise management plan, prepared by a member of the Australian Acoustical Society with experience in the assessment of road traffic noise, and endorsed by the Transport Planning & Projects Section in ESDD. The plan must indicate compliance with the relevant Australian standard.
b)	near	lling located more than 40m from the rside edge of a road carrying traffic mes greater than 25,000 vpd – glazing is 10.38mm laminated glass or	Note: A condition of development approval may be imposed to ensure compliance with the endorsed noise management plan.
	ii)	equivalent and fitted with acoustic seals other than brush seals any external doors are solid core and fitted with acoustic seals other than brush seals	
c)	in al i)	I other cases – AS/NZS 2107:2000 - Acoustics – Recommended design sound levels and reverberation times for building interiors (the relevant satisfactory recommended interior design sound level)	
	ii)	AS/NZS 3671 - Acoustics – Road Traffic Noise Intrusion Building Siting and Design.	

Element 6: Environment

Water Ways: Water Sensitive Urban Design General Code

Rules	Criteria	
.1 Water sensitive urban design		
R43	C43	
This rule applies to	Evidence is provided that the development	
a) all new single <i>dwellings</i> ,	achieves a minimum 40% reduction in mains	
b) secondary residences, and	water consumption compared to an equivalent development constructed in 2003, using the	
c) extensions and alterations (but does not apply to <i>minor extensions).</i>	ACTPLA on-line assessment tool or another tool. The 40% target is met without any reliance on	
The development complies with one of the following:	landscaping measures to reduce consumption.	
i) Option A		
ii) Option B		

Rul	es		Criteria
For	this r	rule	
Opt	ion A	is:	
a)	on	compact blocks -	
	i)	no minimum water storage requirement	
	ii)	minimum ★★★ WELS rated plumbing fixtures	
b)	on /	mid-sized blocks -	
,	i)	minimum on site water storage of water from roof harvesting is 2,000 litres	
	ii)	50% or 75m ² of roof plan area, whichever is the lesser, is connected to the tank and the tank is connected to at least a toilet, laundry cold water and all external taps	
c)	on	<i>large blocks</i> up to 800m ² -	
	i)	minimum on site water storage of water from roof harvesting is 4,000 litres	
	ii)	50% or 100m ² of roof plan area, whichever is the lesser, is connected to the tank and the tank is connected to at least a toilet, laundry cold water and all external taps	
d)	on	large blocks 800m ² or greater -	
	i)	minimum on site water storage of water from roof harvesting is 5,000 litres	
	ii)	50% or 125m ² of roof plan area, whichever is the lesser, is connected to the tank and the tank is connected to at least a toilet, laundry cold water and all external taps.	
Opt	ion B		
A gr laur star all la	reywa ndry g ndard aundi	ater system captures all bathroom and greywater and treats it to Class A I. The treated greywater is connected to ry cold water, toilet flushing and all taps.	
For	this r	rule minor extension means an	
roof and	ⁱ plan car p	n where the increase in the combined area, driveway, car manoeuvring areas parking areas is less than 25% of the ne areas of these components at the date	
of lodgement of the development application or building application, whichever is earlier.			

Rules	Criteria				
6.2 Heritage					
R44 This rule applies to land containing places or objects registered or provisionally registered under section 41 of the <i>Heritage Act 2004</i> .The	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.				
authority shall refer a development application to the Heritage Council.					
Note: The authority will consider any advice from the Heritage Council before determining the application.					
6.3 Tree protection					
R45					
This rule applies to a development that has one or more of the following characteristics:	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.				
a) requires groundwork within the tree protection zone of a <i>protected tree</i>					
 b) is likely to cause damage to or removal of any <i>protected trees</i>. 					
The authority shall refer the development application to the Conservator of Flora and Fauna.					
Notes:					
 Under the Planning and Development Regulation 2008 a development application for a <i>declared site</i> under the <i>Tree Protection Act 2005</i>, must be referred to the Conservator of Flora and Fauna. 					
2. The authority will consider any advice from the Conservator or Flora and Fauna before determining the application in accordance with the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i> .					
3. Protected tree and declared site are defined under the Tree Protection Act 2005.					
6.4 Erosion and sediment control					
R46					
For sites less than 3,000m ² , development complies with the Environment Protection	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.				
Authority, <i>Environment Protection Guidelines for</i> <i>Construction and Land Development in the ACT</i> , August 2007.					

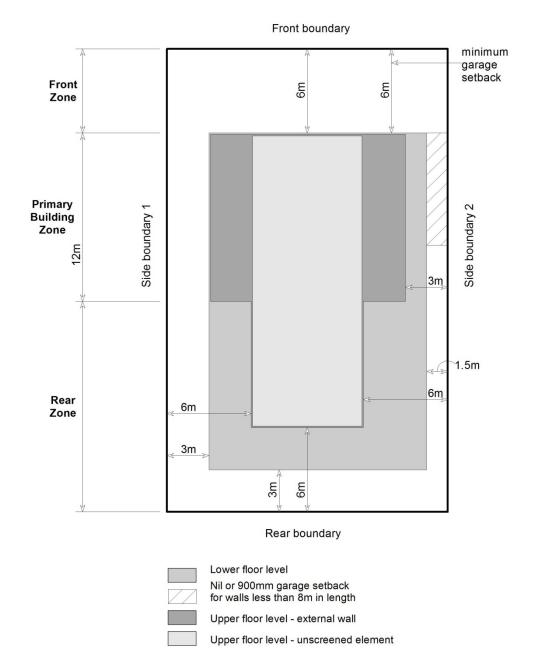
Rules	Criteria
R47	
For sites 3,000m ² or larger, the application is accompanied by an erosion and sediment control plan endorsed by the ACT Environment Protection Authority.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
Note: If an erosion and sediment control plan is required but not provided, the application will be referred to the ACT Environment Protection Authority to the Heritage Council before the determination of the application.	

Element 7: Services

Rules	Criteria		
7.1 Construction waste management – all zones			
R48			
This rule applies to <i>residential</i> development that is likely to generate more than 20m ³ of construction waste comprising one or more of the following:	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.		
a) demolition waste			
b) construction waste			
c) excavation material.			
The management of construction waste is to be endorsed by TAMS.			
TAMS will endorse waste facilities and management associated with the development if they comply with the current version of the Development Control Code for Best Practice Waste Management in the ACT.			
TAMS may endorse departures.			
Note: a condition of approval may be imposed to ensure compliance.			
7.2 Utilities – all zones			
R49			
This rule applies to any proposed encroachment into a registered easement.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.		
The encroachment is to be approved in writing by the relevant service provider.			

Appendix 1 – Boundary setback diagrams

Diagram 1: Large blocks approved before 18 October 1993 (refer Tables 2A and 5)



3.3 Residential Zones - Single Dwelling Housing Development Code Effective: 14 August 2015 NI2008-27

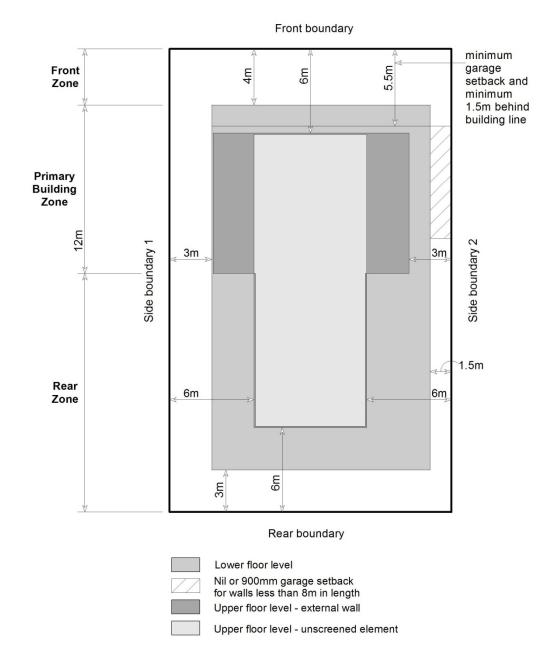
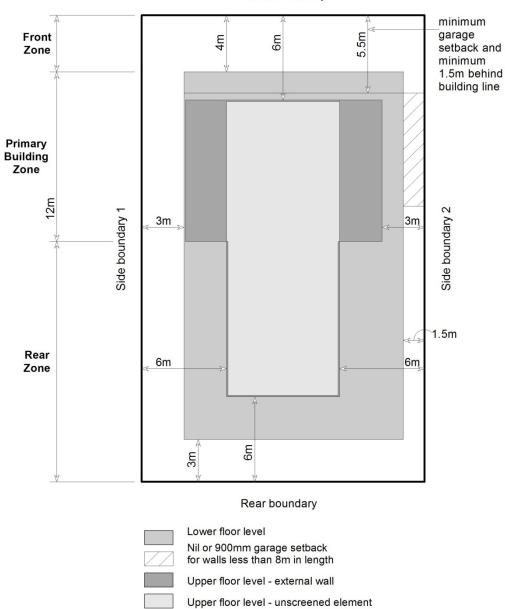
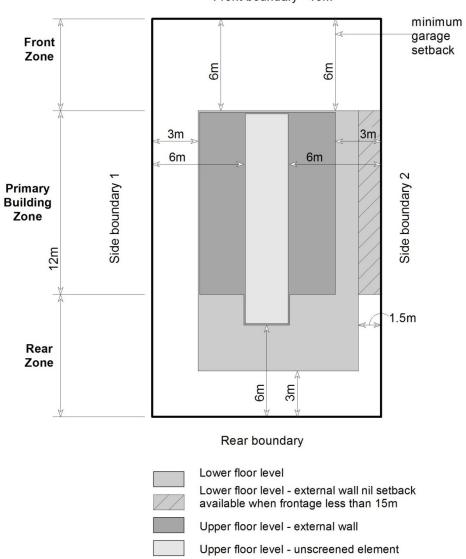


Diagram 3: Large blocks approved on or after 31 March 2008 (refer Tables 2C and 5)



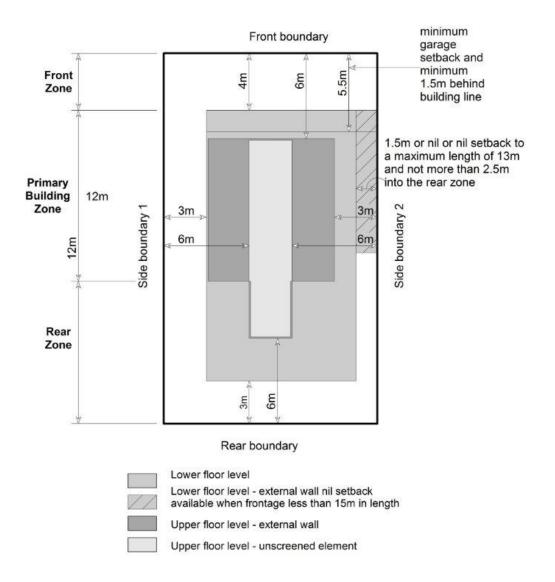
Front boundary

Diagram 4: Mid-sized blocks approved before 18 October 1993 (refer Tables 3A and 6A)



Front boundary <15m

Diagram 5: Mid-sized blocks approved on or after 18 October 1993 but before 31 March 2008 (refer Tables 3B and 6A)



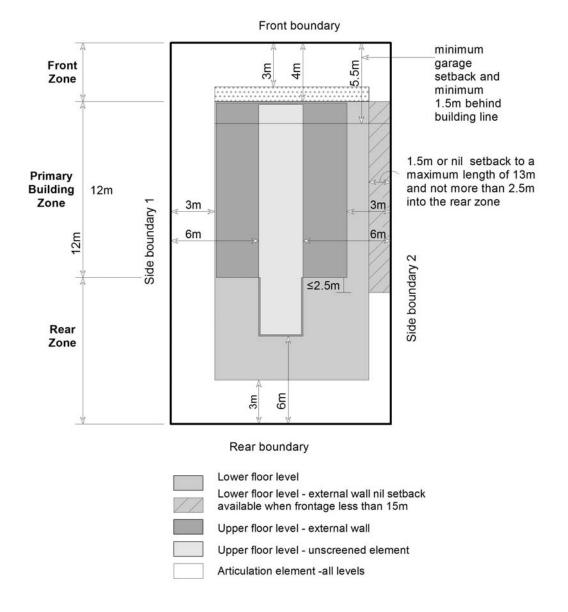


Diagram 7: Mid-sized blocks approved on or after 2 October 2009 (refer Tables 3C and 6B)

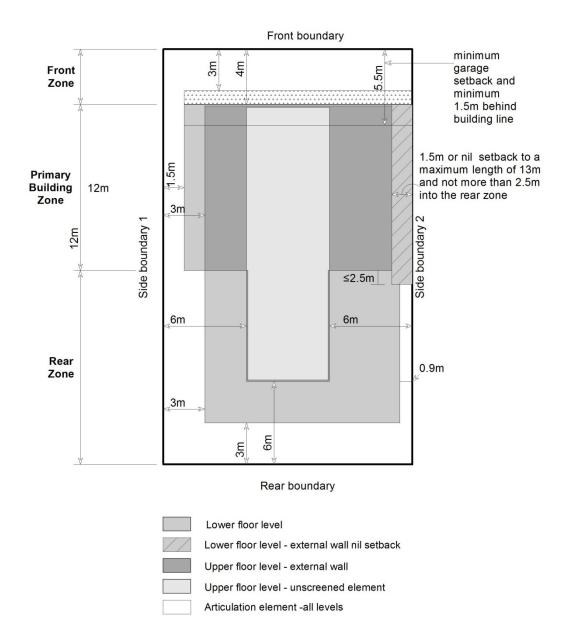
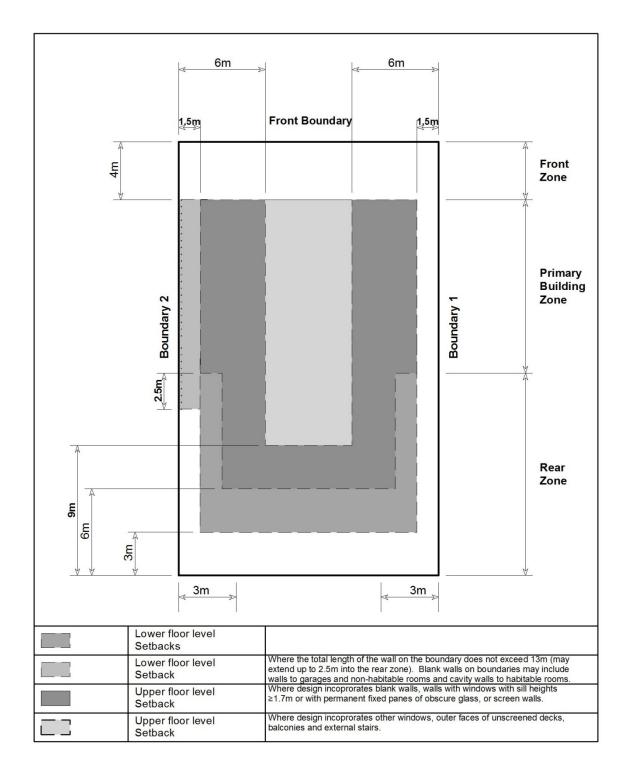
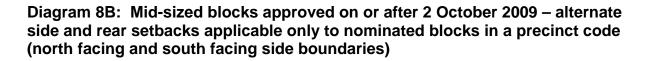


Diagram 8A: Mid-sized blocks approved on or after 2 October 2009 – alternate side and rear setbacks applicable only to nominated blocks in a precinct code (east and west facing side boundaries)





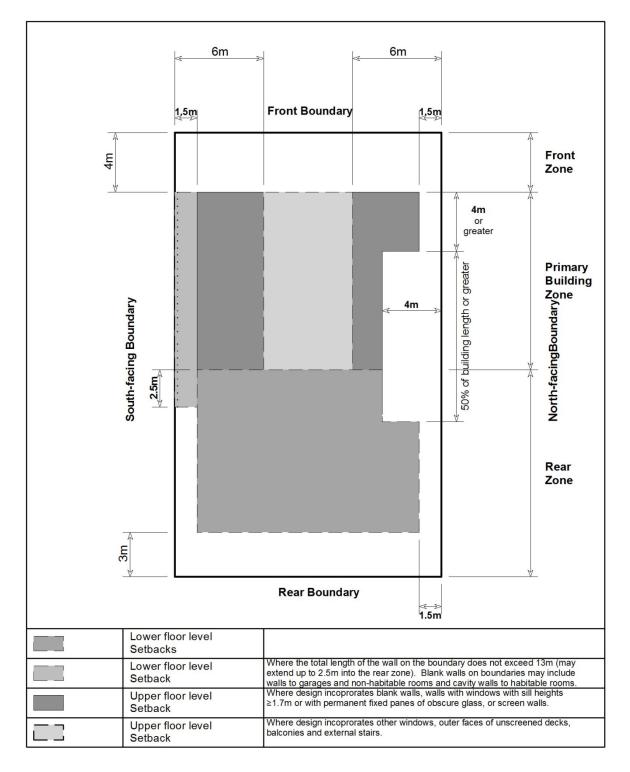
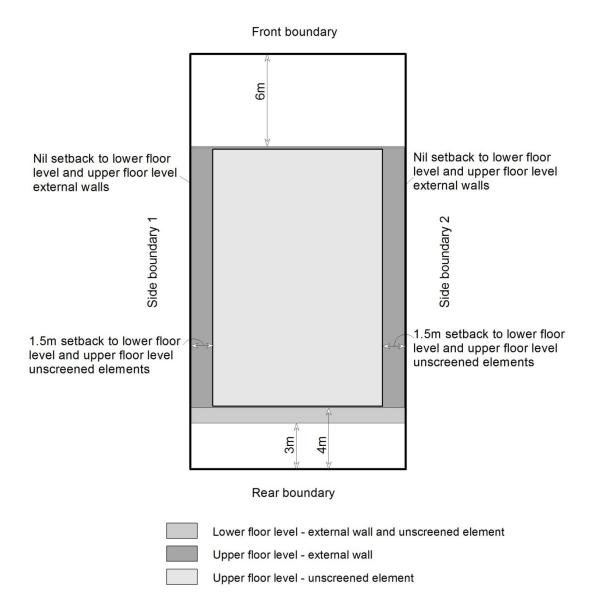


Diagram 9: Compact blocks approved before 18 October 1993 (refer Tables 3A and 7)



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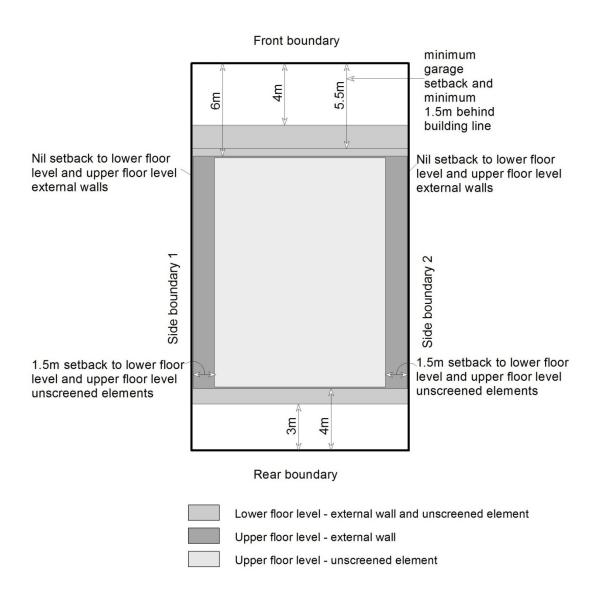


Diagram 10: Compact blocks approved on or after 18 October 1993 but before 31 March 2008 (refer Tables 3B and 7)

Diagram 11: Compact blocks approved on or after 31 March 2008 (refer Table 4 and 7)

