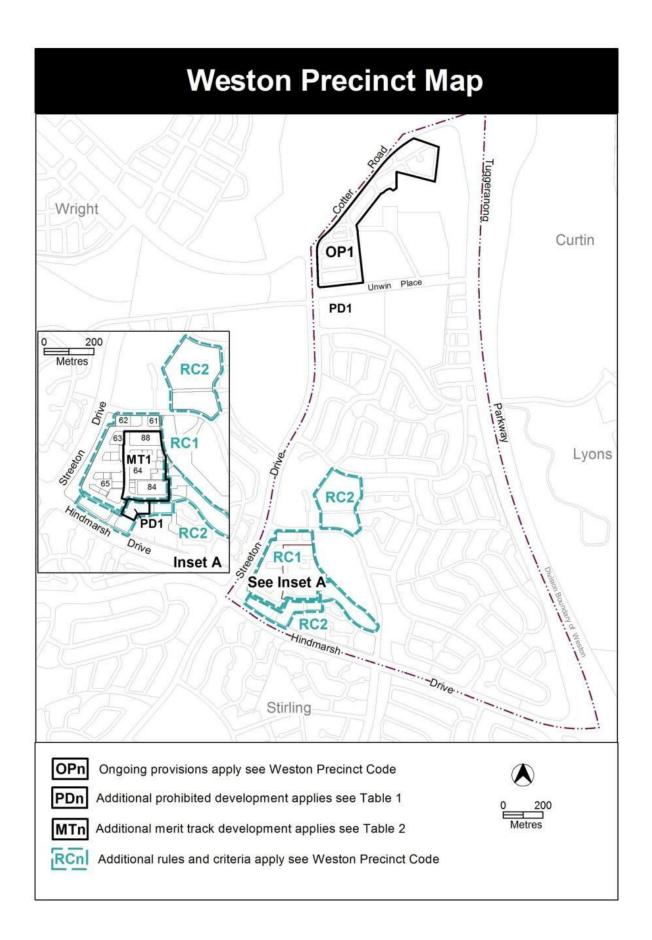


# **Weston Precinct Map and Code**

includes
Weston Group Centre

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## **Assessment Tracks**

The following tables identify the prohibited development and additional merit track development for blocks and parcels shown in the Weston Precinct Map (identified as PDn or MTn). Development that is exempt from requiring development approval, other prohibited development and the minimum assessment track applicable to each development proposal is set out in the relevant zone development table.

The following tables constitute part of the relevant zone development table.

Table 1 - Additional prohibited development

Additional prohibited development		
Additional prombited development		
Suburb precinct map label	Zone	Development
DD4	CFZ	community theatre
PD1	GFZ	indoor recreation facility

Table 2 - Additional merit track development

Additional merit track development that may be approved subject to assessment		
Suburb precinct map label	Zone	Development
		industrial trades
MT1	CZ1	municipal depot
		store

## **Weston Precinct Code**

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## Introduction

#### Name

The name of this code is **Weston Precinct Code**.

### **Application**

The code applies to the Division of Weston.

#### **Purpose**

This code provides additional planning, design and environmental controls for specific areas or blocks and may also contain references to provisions in other codes.

In conjunction with other relevant codes it will be used by the *Authority* to assess development applications and offer guidance to intending applicants in designing development proposals and preparing development applications.

#### **Structure**

This code contains additional rules and/or criteria for particular blocks or parcels identified as areas RCn on the precinct map, to be read in conjunction with the relevant development code. It may also contain sub-parts.

Each element has one or more rules and, unless the respective rule is mandatory, each rule has an associated criterion. Rules provide quantitative, or definitive, controls. By contrast, criteria are chiefly qualitative in nature.

In some instances rules are mandatory. Such rules are accompanied by the words "This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion." Non-compliance with a mandatory rule will result in the refusal of the development application. Conversely, the words "There is no applicable rule" is found where a criterion only is applicable.

## **Code hierarchy**

Under the *Planning and Development Act 2007*, where more than one type of code applies to a development, the order of precedence if there is inconsistency of provisions between codes is: precinct code, development code and general code.

If more than one precinct code applies to the site, the most recent precinct code takes precedence to the extent of any inconsistency.

#### **Definitions**

Defined terms, references to legislation and other documents are italicised.

Definitions of terms used in this code are listed in part 13 of the Territory Plan or, for terms applicable only to this code, associated with the respective rule.

**Acronyms** 

ACTPLA Planning and Land Authority within the ACT Environment and

Sustainable Development Directorate

EPA ACT Environment Protection Authority

ESA ACT Emergency Services Agency

ESDD ACT Environment and Sustainable Development Directorate

NCA National Capital Authority

P&D Act Planning and Development Act 2007

TAMS ACT Territory and Municipal Services Directorate

## Additional rules and criteria

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in the Weston Precinct Map (RCn). It should be read in conjunction with the relevant zone development code and related codes.

## **RC1 – Weston Group Centre**

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in area RC1 shown on the Weston Precinct Map. RC1 includes the Weston Group Centre.

#### Element 1: Use

Rules	Criteria
1.1 Ground floor uses	
R1	
This rule applies to sites in CZ1 with boundaries to primary active frontages shown in figure 3.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
Only the following uses are permitted along the primary active frontage at the ground floor level:	
a) business agency	
b) club	
c) community activity centre	
d) drink establishment	
e) financial establishment	
f) hotel	
g) indoor entertainment facility	
h) indoor recreation facility	
i) public agency	
j) restaurant	
k) SHOP	
	C2
There is no applicable rule.	This criterion applies to sites in CZ3 with boundaries to primary active frontages shown in figure 3.
	Buildings incorporate uses on the ground floor that generate activity in the public space.

Rules		Criteria
1.2	Industrial trades, Municipal depot, Store	
R3 This rule applies to the areas shaded grey shown in figure 1. Development involving one or more of the following uses is only permitted in association with a structured <i>car park</i> :  a) <i>industrial trades</i>		This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
b) c)	municipal depot store	
1.3	Development on nominated car parking a	0.25
sho	s rule applies to the areas shaded grey wn in figure 1.  Development complies with all of the owing:  the existing number of car parking spaces is retained on the site and made available for public use at all times  provides car parking that is generated by the development on site in accordance with the Parking and Vehicular Access General Code, in addition to the spaces required by item a)	Development achieves all of the following:  a) any additional parking provision requirements (under the <i>Parking and Vehicular Access General Code</i> ) for the development  b) makes a substantial contribution to the long term publicly accessible parking supply at the group centre
R5 This	Residential use  s rule applies to CZ3.  cellings are not permitted on the ground floor, ept in area 'a' shown in figure 1.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.

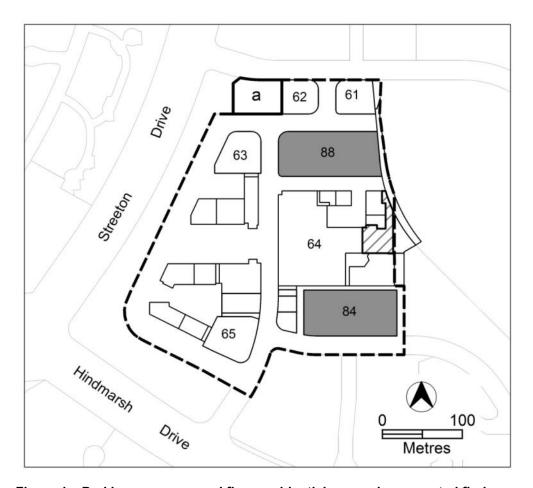


Figure 1 Parking areas, ground floor residential use and unexpected finds area

Rules	Criteria
1.5 Potential contamination	
R6	
This rule applies to the hatched area in figure 1.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no
Applications for development of the site are accompanied by a site specific unexpected finds protocol (UFP) prepared by a suitably qualified environmental consultant.	applicable criterion.

## Element 2: Buildings

Rul	es	Criteria
2.1	Building heights	
R7		
12m	maximum <i>height of building</i> is the lesser of and 3 storeys, except for the following as described in figure 2:	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
a)	area A: the lesser of 15m and 4 storeys	
b)	area B: the lesser of 19m and 5 storeys	
c)	area C: the lesser of 22m and 6 storeys	
d)	area D: the lesser of RL588 and four storeys	
e)	area E: the lesser of RL594 and six storeys.	
Buil	ding height excludes all of the following:	
	i) roof top plant	
	ii) lift overruns	
	iii) antennas	
	iv) photovoltaic panels	
	v) air conditioning units	
	vi) chimneys, flues and vents	
faca	uded items are setback from the building de of the floor immediately below a mum distance of 3m.	
Note	: Setbacks apply to higher building elements	
2.2	Building design	
R8		C8
This	rule applies to development addressing	Building setbacks:
Brie	rly Street.	a) are permitted at the ground floor level to
The	minimum building front setbacks are:	accommodate active uses, building
a)	Om for the portion of development up to	entrances and landscaped areas
b)	four <i>storeys</i> 4m for the portion of development above	b) contribute to the pedestrian orientated environment
	four storeys	<ul> <li>do not prejudice the future development of adjoining sites</li> </ul>
		d) provide a reduction of the visual bulk and potential overshadowing impacts of taller buildings
		e) provide reasonable solar access to pedestrian areas and public spaces
		f) transition to lower scale areas

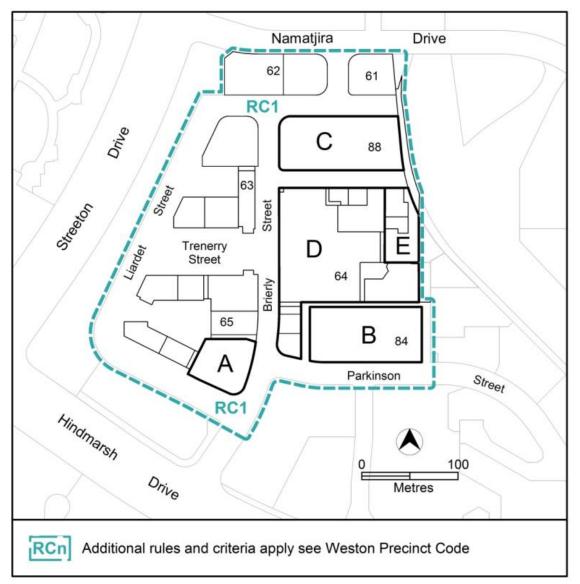


Figure 2 building heights - RC1

Rules		Cri	teria	
R9			C9	
The minimum building front setback of development in section 84 to:		Buil a)	ding setbacks: provide reasonable solar access to	
a)	Par	kinson Street is:		pedestrian areas and public spaces
	i)	4m for the portion of development up to four <i>storeys</i>	b)	provide a reduction of the visual bulk and potential overshadowing impacts of taller
	ii) 8m for the portion of development above four <i>storeys</i>	buildings		
b)	Wh	itney Place is:		
	i)	Om for the portion of development up to four <i>storeys</i>		
	ii)	4m for development above four storeys		

Rules	Criteria
R10	C10
The minimum floor to ceiling height at ground floor level is 3.6m.	The ground floor level of buildings is adaptable for commercial uses.
	C11
There is no applicable rule.	Building design achieves all of the following:
	a) corner buildings at the intersection of two roads provide architectural interest and variety to the building design
	b) entrances to common areas for residential use provide strong visual connection to the street and ensure a high level of surveillance
	c) driveways and pedestrian entrances to the site are visible from the block boundary
	<ul> <li>d) west-facing facades incorporate sun shading into building designs.</li> </ul>
2.3 Active frontages	
R12	
For buildings located along primary active frontage areas identified in figure 3, frontages and building design comply with all of the following:	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
a) buildings incorporate clear display windows and/or shop fronts at the ground floor level	5
b) buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities	
<ul> <li>any small areas of walls without windows contain displays, showcases and/or public art, with a maximum of 30% blank frontage per tenancy.</li> </ul>	
R13	C13
Where primary active frontages are located adjacent to pedestrian laneways (existing or proposed) shown in figure 3, the active frontage continues into the laneway for a minimum distance of 3m.	Development provides opportunities for activity and passive surveillance into pedestrian laneways.

Rul	es	Criteria
R14		C14
fron pub	buildings located along secondary active tage areas identified in figure 3 adjoining lic roads, the design of building frontages uplies with all of the following:  buildings incorporate clear display windows and shop fronts at the ground floor level buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities.	Development at ground floor level achieves all of the following:  a) is adaptable for shops  b) where building access is provided, direct pedestrian access at street level  c) provide opportunities for views into and out of the building.
R15		C15
fron pub	buildings located along secondary active tage areas identified in figure 3 adjoining lic open space, the design of building tages complies with all of the following:  buildings incorporate clear display windows	Development provides opportunities for:  a) passive surveillance of the public open space area from the building or open space area, and
a)	at the ground floor level	b) access to and/or from the public open space.
b)	buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities	
c)	buildings provide windows and/or balconies above the ground floor level facing onto the public space	
d)	fencing is restricted to transparent mesh or pool type fencing.	
R16		C16
This rule applies to residential development adjoining primary active frontages identified in figure 3.		Residential development provides opportunities for passive surveillance of public spaces.
Development includes balconies and/or windows to main living areas addressing the street.		
There is no applicable rule.		C17 Extensive lengths of blank facades, open structured car parks and loading docks are not located along primary active frontage areas, and do not dominate secondary active frontage areas shown in figure 3.

Dul	Rules		Criteria
Kul	<b></b>		C18
There is no applicable rule.		no applicable rule.	Utility infrastructure, such as electricity substations and water boosters required to be located along primary active frontages are minimised and/or screened from public view where possible.
2.4	Awı	nings	
R19			C19
activ	e fro	applies to buildings fronting primary intage areas on Brierly Street and Square shown in figure 3.	Awnings provide continuous all weather pedestrian shelter and activity in a form compatible with existing awnings.
the	full ex	incorporate cantilevered awnings for ktent of the building frontage that with all of the following:	
a)	prov	vide a minimum height clearance of 3m	
b)		integrated into the building design at first floor level	
c) are a minimum of 3m in cantilever depth, except		·	
	i)	where opposing primary active frontages are 6m apart or less, awning depth may be reduced to ensure awnings are separated by 0.5m	
	ii)	where a reduction in awning depth is required to avoid impacting on existing infrastructure and/or street trees.	
2.5	Ped	estrian connections	
			C20
There is no applicable rule.		no applicable rule.	The pedestrian laneways shown in figure 3 are retained for public use and are permanently open.
R21			
This rule applies to section 64.  Publicly accessible pedestrian links connecting Whitney Place to Mahony Court and connecting Brierly Street to the area of open space to the east are to be retained as part of any redevelopment.		Place to Mahony Court and connecting creet to the area of open space to the to be retained as part of any	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.

Rules	Criteria
R22	C22
This rule applies to areas shown in figure 3 where proposed pedestrian laneways are required.  Redevelopment of the existing car park includes a publicly accessible laneway or internal arcade connecting the northern and southern boundaries as shown in figure 3.	Redevelopment provides publicly accessible pedestrian laneways generally in accordance with the proposed pedestrian laneways shown in figure 3.
R23	C23
This rule applies to areas shown in figure 3 where proposed pedestrian laneways are required.  Proposed pedestrian laneways are provided that comply with all of the following:  a) minimum unobstructed internal width is:  i) for internal arcades- 3m  ii) for uncovered open laneways- 6m  b) a minimum extent of 50% glazing at the ground floor measured along the length of the pedestrian laneway  c) access to ground floor commercial tenancies adjoining the pedestrian laneway.	Pedestrian connections achieve all of the following:  a) reasonable public access b) views into and out of adjoining commercial premises c) clearly identifiable entrances.
There is no applicable rule.	C24  Development on section 88 retains pedestrian access along the northern side of Mahony Court (adjacent to section 88) with a minimum width of 5m.
2.6 Vehicle access	
R25	
This rule applies to section 84.  Redevelopment of the site includes a road reserve for Whitney Place along the northern length of the site with a minimum width of 24m.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
There is no applicable rule.	C26 Access is retained to Whitney Place for: a) on street parking b) access to basement parking c) service and delivery vehicles.

Rules	Criteria	
	C27	
There is no applicable rule.	Access is retained to Mahoney Court for service and delivery vehicles.	
	C28	
There is no applicable rule.	This rule applies to the development of section 88.	
	Public vehicle access along the eastern side of the section connecting Liardet Street and Mahony Court is established and maintained.	
2.7 Plot ratio		
	C29	
There is no applicable rule.	Plot ratio rule in the commercial zones development code does not apply.	
2.8 Solar access		
R30	C30	
Development retains a minimum 3 hours solar access to the main daytime living areas and private open space of dwellings on adjoining blocks during 21 June (winter solstice).	Development retains reasonable solar access to dwellings on adjoining blocks and their associated private open space.	
	C31	
There is no applicable rule.	Development on section 64 ensures the retention of a reasonable level of solar access to development on the southern side of Whitney Place.	
	C32	
There is no applicable rule.	Development on section 88 ensures the retention of a reasonable level of solar access to development on the southern side of Mahony Court.	

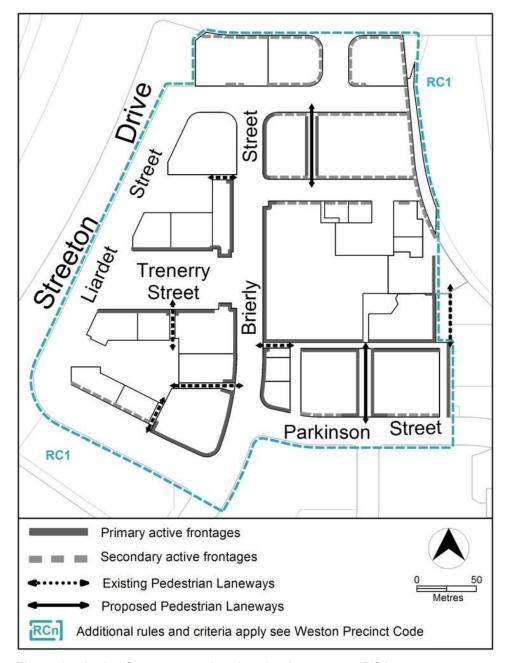


Figure 3 Active frontages and pedestrian laneways – RC1

# RC2 – Weston Community Facility and Leisure and Accommodation areas

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in area RC2 shown on the Weston Precinct Map. RC2 includes areas zoned CFZ and CZ6.

## **Element 3: Uses**

Rules	Criteria	
3.1 Community activity centre		
R33 This rule applies to section 75. Community activity centre is limited to public health, welfare or information services.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.	
3.2 Potential contamination		
R34 This rule applies to area D in figure 4. Applications for development of the site are accompanied by a site specific unexpected finds protocol (UFP) prepared by a suitably qualified environmental consultant.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.	

## **Element 4: Buildings**

Rules	Criteria	
4.1 Building heights		
R35 This rule applies to area A, area B, area C and area D shown in figure 4. The maximum height of building is the lesser of two storeys and 9 metres. Building height excludes all of the following:  i) roof top plant  ii) lift overruns	Building heights may be increased to:  a) in area A: the lesser of four <i>storeys</i> and 15m  b) in area B: the lesser of five <i>storeys</i> and 19m  c) in area C: the lesser of six <i>storeys</i> and 22m  provided the development does not restrict reasonable solar access to the main daytime living area and/or associated area of <i>principal</i> private open space of dwellings on surrounding blocks.	
<ul> <li>iii) antennas</li> <li>iv) photovoltaic panels</li> <li>v) air conditioning units</li> <li>vi) chimneys, flues and vents</li> <li>Excluded items are setback a minimum of 3m from the building facade of the floor immediately below.</li> </ul>		

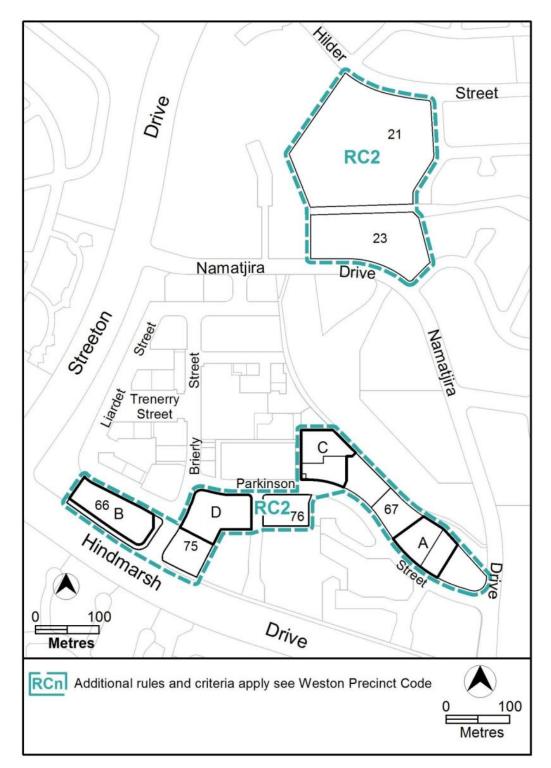


Figure 4 building heights - RC2

#### Rules Criteria 4.2 Setbacks R36 This is a mandatory requirement. There is no This rule applies to area 'D' in section 75 shown in figure 4. applicable criterion. Development complies with each of the following: Buildings are setback a minimum of 10m from each side and rear boundary adjoining residential blocks development includes a minimum 3m wide b) landscaped area along the full length of each side and rear boundary adjoining residential blocks c) development retains a permanently open publicly accessible pedestrian link connecting the existing pedestrian link from Hindmarsh Drive underpass to Parkinson Street. R37 C37 The minimum building front setback to Building setbacks: Parkinson Street is: provide reasonable solar access to 4m for the portion of development up to pedestrian areas and public spaces four storeys b) provide a reduction of the visual bulk and b) 8m for the portion of development above potential overshadowing impacts of taller four storeys. buildings. 4.3 Active frontages **R38** C38 For buildings located along primary active Buildings achieve all of the following: frontage areas identified in figure 5, frontages direct pedestrian access from main and buildings design complies with all of the pedestrian areas following: b) avoid extensive lengths of blank walls buildings incorporate clear windows at the a) unrelieved by doors, display windows or the ground floor level like. buildings incorporate direct pedestrian b) access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities building facades are not dominated by extensive lengths of blank facades, open structured carparks, loading docks,

substations or other service infrastructure.

#### Rules Criteria R39 C39 For buildings located along secondary active Development at ground floor level achieves all of frontage areas identified in figure 5 adjoining the following: public roads, frontages and building design where building access is provided, direct complies with all of the following: pedestrian access at street level buildings incorporate clear windows and provide opportunities for views into and out b) foyers at the ground floor level of the building b) buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities building facades are not dominated by c) extensive lengths of blank facades, open structured carparks, loading docks, substations or other service infrastructure buildings provide windows and/or balconies above the ground floor level facing onto the public space fencing is restricted to transparent mesh or pool type fencing R40 C40 For buildings located along secondary active Development provides opportunities for passive frontage areas identified in figure 5 adjoining surveillance of the public open space area. public open space, frontages and building design complies with all of the following: buildings incorporate clear windows at the ground floor level buildings provide windows and/or balconies b) above the ground level facing onto the public space c) building facades are not dominated by extensive lengths of blank walls, open structured carparks, loading docks, substations or other service infrastructure.

#### 4.4 Solar access

#### R41

Development retains a minimum 3 hours solar access to the main daytime living areas and *private open space* of *dwellings* on adjoining blocks between the hours of 9am and 3pm on the winter solstice (21 June).

#### C41

Development retains reasonable solar access to dwellings on adjoining *blocks* and their associated *private open space*.

Rules	Criteria	
4.5 Landscaping		
	C42	
There is no applicable rule.	Development on section 75 provides for all of the following:	
	a) opportunities for deep root planning     b) replacement or retention of existing trees	
	c) incorporates landscaping which achieves reasonable visual and physical separation from adjoining residential blocks	

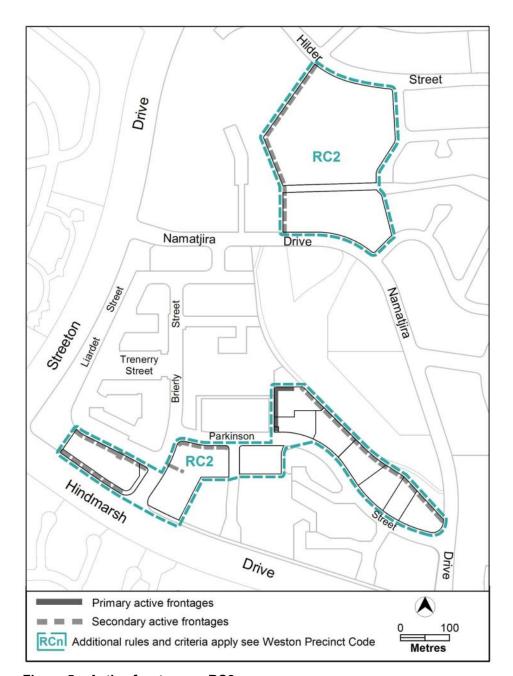


Figure 5 Active frontages - RC2

## Other ongoing provisions

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified as ongoing provisions (OPn) in the Weston Precinct Map. It should be read in conjunction with the relevant zone development code and related codes.

## **OP1 - Weston residential area**

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in area OP1 shown on the Weston Precinct Map.

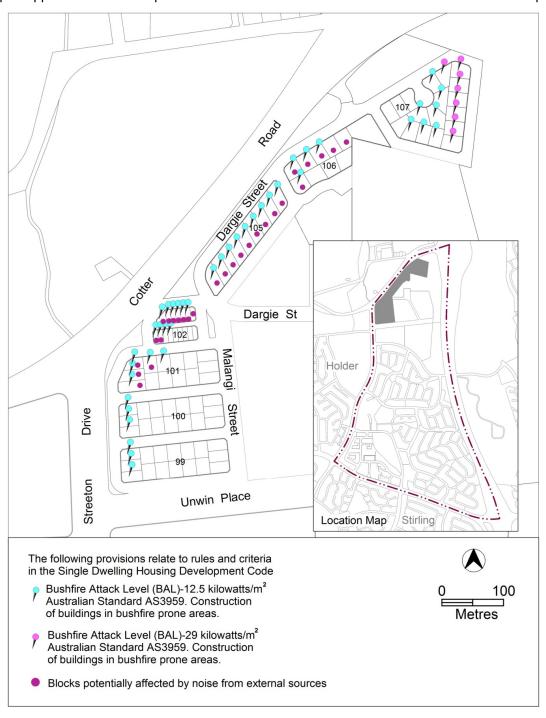


Figure 1 Weston residential area

## OP2 - Weston residential area 2

This part applies to blocks and parcels identified in area OP2 shown on the Weston Precinct Map.

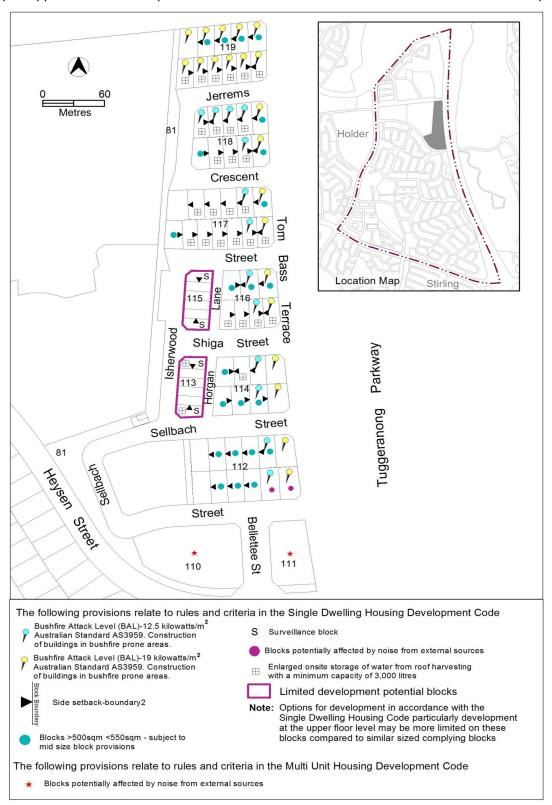


Figure 2 Weston residential area 2