



ACT Planning &  
Land Authority

# **CZ2 Office Areas Outside Centres Precinct Code**

March 2008



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# Introduction

## Application of this code

This Precinct Code applies to development within the CZ2 Business Zones that is located outside the City, Town, Group and Local Centres. These areas are located in Deakin, Woden (bounded by Yamba Drive, Melrose Avenue and Launceston Street), Kambah and Kingston (along Canberra Avenue and Wentworth Avenue).

This code is intended to ensure that the type and form of development within these areas is responsive and sympathetic to the character, or proposed character, of the locality.

Additional requirements for Residential Use in commercial areas are included in the Residential Zones Development Code. For multi unit housing refer to part C (5) of the Multi Unit Housing Development Code. For single dwelling housing refer to the relevant provisions in the Single Dwelling Housing Development Code.

## Purpose of codes

Codes provide additional planning, design and environmental controls to support the zone objectives and assessable uses in the Development Tables.

The Codes are used by the Authority to assess development applications. The Codes therefore also provide guidance to intending applicants in designing their developments and preparing their development applications.

Each Code's controls are expressed as either **rules**, which are generally quantitative, or as qualitative **criteria**.

- Proposals in the **code track** must comply with all rules relevant to the development.
- Proposals in the **merit track** and **impact track** have the option to comply with the rules or criteria, unless the rule is mandatory. Where it is proposed to meet the criteria, the onus is on the applicant to demonstrate, by supporting plans and written documentation, that the proposed development satisfies the criteria and therefore the intent of the element.
- Proposals in the **impact track** also have the option to justify any non-compliance with the rules and the criteria, unless the rule is mandatory. Where it is proposed to not meet the rules and the criteria, the onus is on the applicant to justify the non-compliance by demonstrating that the proposed development is consistent with the relevant principles of the Statement of Strategic Directions. Supporting plans and written documentation, providing consideration of the relevant Intents of the Code and the Zone objectives, are to accompany the development application.

## Structure of codes

This Precinct Code is divided into two Parts:

**Part A – General Development Controls** provide general controls that are applicable to all development within the CZ2 Business Zones that are outside Centres.

**Part B – Site Specific Controls** provide any additional specific controls for particular areas or sites. Care is needed to check whether any specific controls apply to individual sites.

Each Part is divided into sections referred to as **Elements**, although each Part may not include provisions for every Element. The Elements describe the various issues for consideration:

1. Restrictions on Use
2. Building and Site Controls
3. Built Form
4. Parking and Site Access
5. Amenity
6. Environment
7. Services

Each Element consists of Intents and Items under which are Rules and Criteria.

**Intent** describes the purpose of the development controls

**Rules** provide the quantitative, or definitive, controls for development

**Criteria** provide the qualitative controls for development

In some instances, there are rules that are mandatory. For clarity of use, the mandatory rules are emphasized by the following words: “**This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion**”. Non-compliance with these provisions will result in the refusal of a development application. Conversely, the words “**There is no applicable rule**” is used when controls cannot be quantitative or definitive and only criteria exist.

Any application of a **General Code** to a development proposal is identified as part of the relevant rule or criteria.

Where more than one type of Code applies to a development, the order of precedence when there is inconsistency of provisions between Codes, as defined by the Act, is **Precinct Code**, then **Development Code**, and then **General Code**.

### Further information

Please refer to the Planning Explained Guide for more information on preparing applications under the Territory Plan, including the use of assessment codes.

### Abbreviations

GFA = gross floor area

m = metres

m<sup>2</sup> = square metres

## Commercial Zones – Overview

The Commercial Zones are established to recognise the various functions, values and characteristics within commercial areas, and to provide a level of consistency and equity across the geographic range of commercial centres. Commercial areas are structured to reflect the principles of a hierarchical system of centres, which comprise the City Centre, town centres, group centres, and local centres.

The City Centre is also known as Canberra City or Civic.

The Town Centres include Belconnen, Gungahlin, Tuggeranong and Woden.

The Group Centres include, Calwell, Charnwood, Chisholm, Conder, Curtin, Dickson, Erindale, Hawker, Jamison, Kaleen, Kambah, Kingston, Kippax, Manuka, Mawson, Wanniasa, Weston

The hierarchy has been developed to ensure that people have a wide choice of facilities and services wherever they live or work within Canberra. Outside this hierarchy, there are other commercial areas in office parks and in corridors along main avenues. The Commercial Zones also include areas for residential mixed and multi-use development, and leisure and accommodation.

All major centres include a number of commercial zones (Table 1) to reflect the different primary functions of their core, business and services areas. The Commercial Zones are described below.

City Centre	CZ1 CZ2 CZ3 Zones
Town Centres	CZ1 CZ2 CZ3 Zones
Group Centres	CZ1 CZ2 CZ3 Zones
Local Centres	CZ4 Zone
Office sites outside centres	CZ2 Zone
Mixed Use Areas	CZ5 Zone
Leisure and Accommodation areas	CZ6 Zone

**Table 1: Location of Commercial Zones**

### **CZ1 Core Zone**

This Zone is the main business core of higher order commercial centres and is the primary location of shops, non-retail commercial uses, restaurants, commercial accommodation, and indoor entertainment facilities. Residential and community uses are also permissible, subject to design and siting to minimise incompatibility with primary uses.

### **CZ2 Business Zone**

This Zone is intended for more fringe commercial activities, primarily non-retail commercial uses, commercial accommodation, and some restaurants and indoor entertainment and recreation facilities. Residential and community uses are also permissible, subject to design and siting, provided they are not incompatible with primary uses.

**CZ3 Services Zone**

This Zone is intended for fringe retailing, which includes bulky goods, light industry, service trades, service stations, restaurants and indoor entertainment and recreation facilities. Residential, non-retail commercial and community uses are also permitted subject to compatibility with predominant land uses.

**CZ4 Local Centre Zone**

This Zone is intended for local shops, non-retail commercial and community uses, service stations, and restaurants to service a local community. Residential uses may also be permitted.

**CZ5 Mixed Use Zone**

This Zone provides for high-density residential uses in highly accessible locations (such as major Avenues) in conjunction with non-retail commercial uses, commercial accommodation, and limited shops, restaurants and community uses.

**CZ6 Leisure and Accommodation Zone**

This Zone provides for indoor entertainment and recreation facilities, clubs, drink establishments, restaurants and commercial accommodation. Limited shops, residential, and non-retail commercial and community uses may also be included.



## Part A – General Development Controls

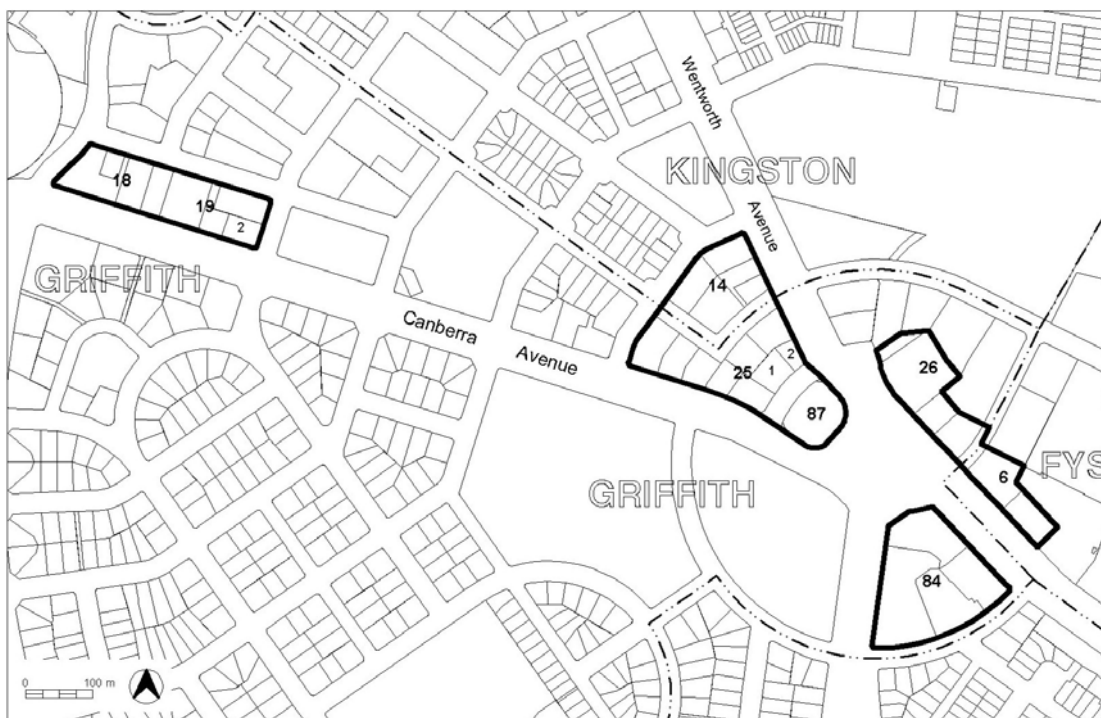
Three key employment corridors (Gungahlin to Tuggeranong, Belconnen to Queanbeyan, and along the Majura and Monaro highways) are identified along key inter-town and regional connections for both public and private transport. While the city and the town centres are the primary focus for employment within these corridors, activity nodes are also provided in strategic locations outside commercial centres to accommodate offices and related services.

### Objectives:

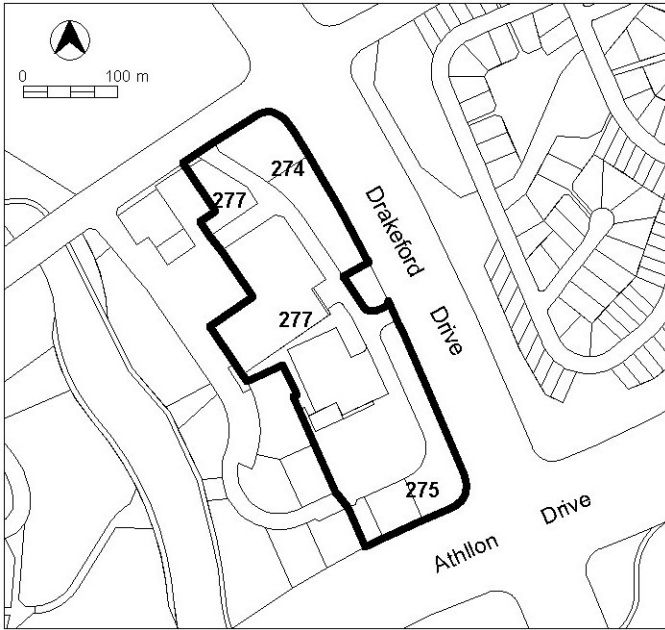
The objectives for office sites outside centres are to:

- a) concentrate employment in activity nodes that are well serviced by public transport and supported by a complementary range of services
- b) maximise the use of existing and upgraded infrastructure and minimise the commuting times
- c) provide for out-of-centre office sites which are accessible to public transport, the City and Town Centres and the Parliamentary Area
- d) maintain and enhance the urban design quality of selected major avenues and approach routes.

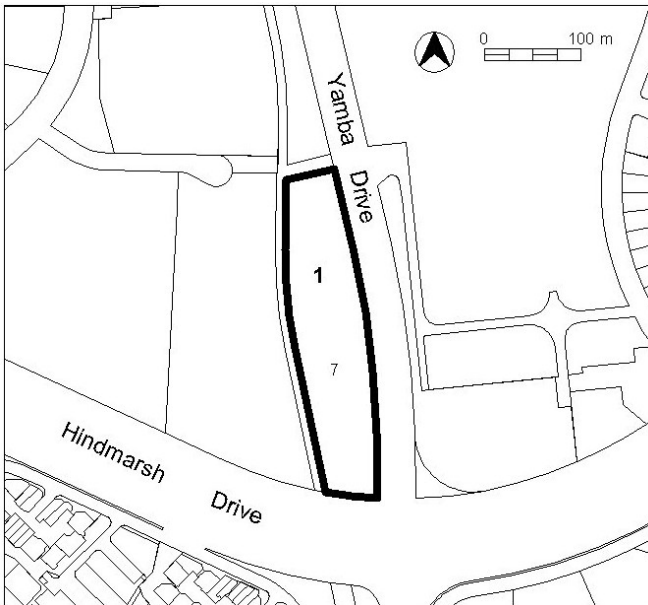
The controls set out below apply to the areas included in the CZ2 Business Zone outside of the City Centre, Town Centres and Group Centres at Figures A1- A4. These areas include the Canberra Avenue, Drakeford Drive and Yamba Drive Corridors and the Deakin Office Area.



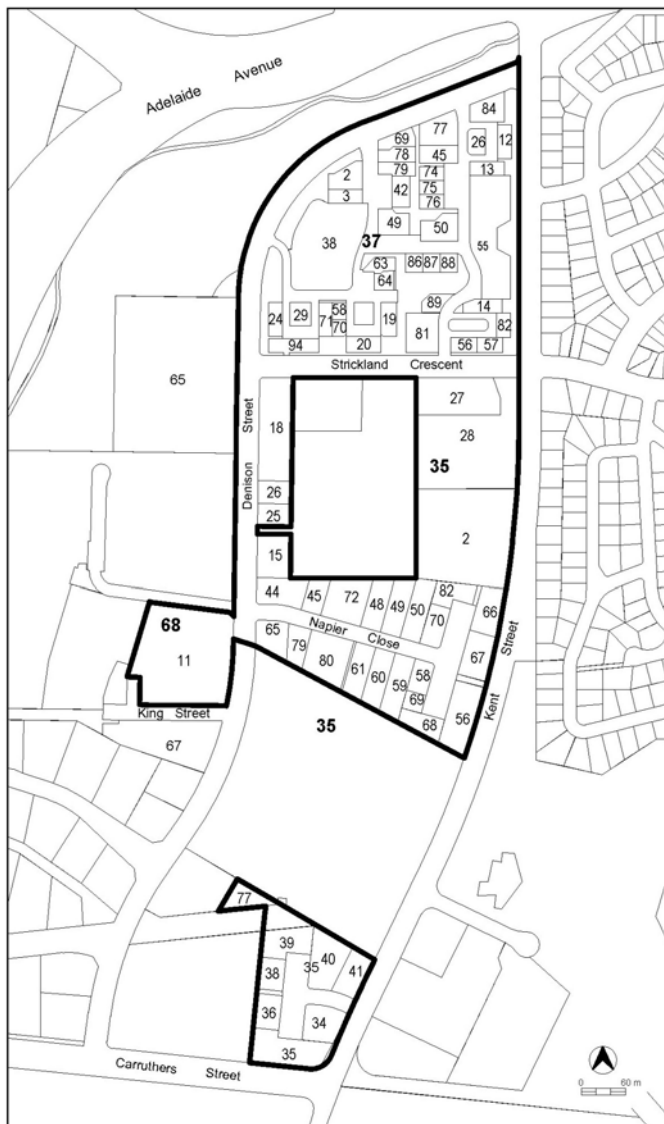
**Figure A1** Canberra Avenue Corridor



**Figure A2 Drakeford Drive Corridor (Kambah)**



**Figure A3 Yamba Drive Corridor (Phillip)**



**Figure A4 Deakin Office Area**

## Element 1: Restrictions on Use

### Intent:

- a) To ensure that community and recreation facilities remain available to the community
- b) To provide opportunities for higher density residential development, while protecting existing commercial uses and the amenity of residents living in commercial zones

Rules	Criteria
<b>1.1 Existing Community and Recreation Sites</b>	
<p>R1</p> <p>A development proposal does not reduce the range of community or recreation facilities available.</p>	<p>C1</p> <p>A proposal that reduces the range of community or recreation facilities available demonstrates through a social impact assessment that there is enough land or sufficient other facilities in the locality to meet anticipated demand.</p>
<b>1.2 Residential Use</b>	
<p>R2</p> <p>All multi-unit housing is designed to comply with Part C (5) of the Residential Zones Multi Unit Housing Development Code.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<p>R3</p> <p>All single dwelling housing is designed to comply with the relevant parts of the Residential Zones Single Dwelling Housing Development Code.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<p>R4</p> <p>All dwellings for the purposes of supportive housing and/or residential care accommodation are designed to comply with the relevant parts of the Residential Zones Development Code and the relevant Australian Standard or Building Code for Adaptable Housing.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>

## Element 2: Building and Site Controls

### Intent:

- a) To facilitate development that reinforces the character and function of main avenues and transport routes
- b) To ensure that development in out-of-centre office areas does not undermine the function of commercial centres
- c) To ensure that buildings are compatible with the built form, siting and scale of development in adjacent areas or the desired future character of the area established within the Plan
- d) To ensure that development is compatible with, and does not adversely impact on, the environment

Rules	Criteria
<b>2.1 Height - General</b>	
<p>R5</p> <p>Maximum building heights are 4 storeys.</p>	<p>C5</p> <p>Building heights comply with all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) are compatible with existing, or future desired character of, adjacent development</li> <li>b) are appropriate to the scale and function of the use</li> <li>c) minimise detrimental impacts, including overshadowing and excessive scale</li> <li>d) are no higher than the established tree canopy along main avenues with primarily landscaped frontages.</li> </ul>
<b>2.2 Subdivision</b>	
<p>R6</p> <p>Subdivision is only permitted where it meets all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) it is part of a development application for another assessable development</li> <li>b) it is demonstrated that any residual block can accommodate another assessable development designed in accordance with the relevant sections of this Code.</li> </ul>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>

Rules	Criteria
<b>2.3 Demolition</b>	
<p>R7</p> <p>In accordance with section 148 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>, the application is accompanied by a Statement of Endorsement from utilities (including Water, Sewerage, Stormwater, Electricity and Gas) stating that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) All network infrastructure on or immediately adjacent the site has been identified on the plan</li> <li>b) All potentially hazardous substances and conditions (associated with or resulting from the demolition process) that may constitute a risk to utility services have been identified</li> <li>c) All required network disconnections have been identified and the disconnection works comply with utility requirements</li> <li>d) All works associated with the demolition comply with and are in accordance with utility asset access and protection requirements.</li> </ul>	<p>C7</p> <p>If a Statement of Endorsement is not provided the application will be referred to relevant utilities in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<b>2.4 National Capital Plan Requirements</b>	
<p>There is no applicable rule.</p>	<p>C8</p> <p>Where a development is subject to Special Requirements under the National Capital Plan (including any relevant Development Control Plan) the development is not inconsistent with the Special Requirements.</p>

## Element 3: Built Form

### Intent:

- a) To ensure that buildings are compatible with the built form, siting and scale of development in adjacent areas or the desired future character of the area established within the Plan
- b) To ensure that the massing, height, colours and materials used for buildings results in harmonious and high quality urban design outcomes
- c) To provide for buildings that promote a safe and accessible environment

*Note: Under the Building Act 2004, most buildings need to meet the requirements of the Building Code of Australia. For certain classes of buildings, this will include prescribed energy requirements.*

Rules	Criteria
<b>3.1 Building Design and Materials</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	<p>C9</p> <p>Development contributes to the amenity and character of the adjacent public spaces by addressing all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) providing interesting, functional and attractive facades that contribute positively to the streetscape setting and pedestrian experience</li> <li>b) minimising the visual impact of reflected sunlight</li> <li>c) incorporating articulated building forms to compliment the existing, or future desired character of, adjacent development</li> <li>d) integrating plant installations and service structures with the building design, so they are set back from the building facade and screened from public areas.</li> </ul>
<b>3.2 Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	<p>C10</p> <p>The development meets the requirements of the Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design General Code.</p>

Rules	Criteria
<b>3.3 Access and Mobility</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C11 The development meets the requirements of the Access and Mobility General Code.
<b>3.4 Car Parking Structures</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C12 Car parking structures are designed to integrate with the built form of adjacent existing development.



## Element 4: Parking and Site Access

### Intent:

- a) To ensure safe and efficient access for vehicles and pedestrians
- b) To ensure adequate parking facilities are provided

Rules	Criteria
<b>4.1 Traffic Generation</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C13 The existing road network can accommodate the amount of traffic that is likely to be generated by the development.
<b>4.2 Main Pedestrian Areas and Routes</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C14 Main pedestrian areas and routes are retained unless it can be shown that as part of any change, the legibility of the pedestrian system is adequately maintained.
<b>4.3 Access</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C15 Driveways and pedestrian entrances to the site are clearly visible from the front site boundary.
R16 Loading docks or vehicular entries to buildings are not located on frontages to the street.	C16 Loading docks and vehicular entries do not dominate the street frontage or conflict with parking and pedestrian movements in front of the building.
There is no applicable rule.	C17 Site access complies with the requirements of the Parking and Vehicular Access General Code.

Rules	Criteria
<b>4.4 Parking</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C18 Car Parking complies with the requirements of the Parking and Vehicular Access General Code.
There is no applicable rule.	C19 Bicycle Parking complies with the requirements of the Bicycle Parking General Code.
<b>4.5 Circulation</b>	
<p>R20</p> <p>Onsite provision is made for the loading and unloading of vehicles, with adequate manoeuvring space so that vehicles can enter and leave the site travelling in a forward direction.</p> <p><i>Note: Loading, unloading and associated manoeuvring area is in addition to minimum parking requirements.</i></p>	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.

## Element 5: Amenity

### Intent:

- a) To promote a high level of amenity through consideration of personal safety, landscaping and visual impact

Rules	Criteria
<b>5.1 Landscape</b>	
<p>There is no applicable rule.</p>	<p>C21</p> <p>A documented landscape design concept shows how landscape associated with the development addresses all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) is sensitive to site attributes, including streetscapes and landscapes of documented heritage significance</li> <li>b) is of an appropriate scale relative to the road reserve width and building bulk</li> <li>c) uses vegetation types and landscaping styles which complement the streetscape</li> <li>d) integrates with parks, reserves and public transport corridors</li> <li>e) does not adversely affect the structure of the proposed buildings or adjoining buildings</li> <li>f) contributes to energy efficiency and amenity by providing substantial shade in summer, especially to west-facing windows and open car park areas, and admitting winter sunlight to outdoor and indoor living areas</li> <li>g) improves privacy and minimises overlooking between buildings</li> <li>h) satisfies utility maintenance requirements and minimises the visual impact and risk of damage to aboveground and underground utilities</li> <li>i) provides adequate sight lines for vehicles and pedestrians, especially near street corners and intersections</li> <li>j) does not obscure or obstruct building entries, paths and driveways to reduce the actual or perceived personal safety and security.</li> </ul>

Rules	Criteria
There is no applicable rule.	C22 Tree planting in and around car parks provides shade and softens the visual impact of parking areas.
<b>5.2 Lighting</b>	
R23 External lighting is provided to building frontages, to all pathways, roads, laneways and car-parking areas in accordance with Australian Standard AS1158.1.3 <i>Pedestrian Lighting</i> .	C23 External lighting is provided in accordance with the Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design General Code.
There is no applicable rule.	C24 All outdoor lighting, including security and car park lighting, is designed and sited to minimise light spill.
<b>5.3 Signs</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C25 Signs comply with the Signs General Code.
<b>5.4 Neighbourhood Plans</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C26 Where a Neighbourhood Plan exists development demonstrates response to the key strategies and actions of the relevant Neighbourhood Plan.

## Element 6: Environment

### Intent:

- a) To identify and mitigate potential onsite and offsite environmental impacts of development and incorporate alternative design options where necessary

Rules	Criteria
<b>6.1 Water Sensitive Urban Design</b> Note: Refer to the Water Ways: Water Sensitive Urban Design General Code for more information on Water Sensitive Urban Design	
<b>R27</b>  Evidence is provided that shows the development achieves a minimum 40% reduction in mains water consumption compared to an equivalent development constructed in 2003 using the ACTPLA on-line assessment tool or the NSW BASIX tool. The 40% target is met without any reliance on landscaping measures to reduce consumption.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
<b>R28</b>  Evidence is provided that demonstrates that for developments on sites <2000m <sup>2</sup> , a reduction of 1-in-3 month stormwater peak run off flow to pre-development levels with release of captured flow over a period of 1 to 3 days can be achieved.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
<b>R29</b>  Evidence is provided that demonstrates that for developments on sites >2000m <sup>2</sup> , a reduction in average annual stormwater pollutant export load of all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) suspended solids by 60%</li> <li>b) total phosphorous by 45%</li> <li>c) total nitrogen by 40% using the MUSIC model to demonstrate compliance.</li> </ul>	<b>C29</b>  For developments on sites >2000m <sup>2</sup> the development is demonstrated to achieve a reduction in average annual stormwater pollutant export load of all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) suspended solids by 60%</li> <li>b) total phosphorous by 45%</li> <li>c) total nitrogen by 40% compared to an urban catchment with no water quality management controls, using any other method, eg XP-AQUALM, PURRS, Aquacycle, that can demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Authority, compliance.</li> </ul>

Rules	Criteria
<p>R30</p> <p>Evidence is provided that shows the development achieves:</p> <p>a) a reduction of 1-in-3 month stormwater peak run off flow to pre-development levels with release of captured flow over a period of 1 to 3 days, and</p> <p>b) a reduction of 1-in-5 year and 1-in-100 year stormwater peak run off flow to pre-development levels using XP-RAFTS, DRAINS (ILSAX), RORB or WBNM models to demonstrate compliance.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<p><b>6.2 Heritage</b></p>	
<p>R31</p> <p>In accordance with section 148 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>, applications for development on land or buildings subject to interim or full heritage registration are to be accompanied by advice from the Heritage Council stating that the development meets the requirements of the <i>Heritage Act 2004</i>.</p>	<p>C31</p> <p>If advice from the Heritage Council is required, but not provided, then the application will be referred to the Heritage Council in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<p><b>6.3 Trees</b></p>	
<p>R32</p> <p>In accordance with section 148 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>, where the development proposal requires groundwork within the tree protection zone of a protected tree, or is likely to cause damage to or removal of, any protected trees, the application must be accompanied by a Tree Management Plan approved under the <i>Tree Protection Act 2005</i>.</p> <p>Note: "Protected tree" is defined under the Tree Protection Act 2005.</p>	<p>C32</p> <p>If an approved Tree Management Plan is required, but not provided, then a draft Tree Management Plan is to accompany the application. The draft Tree Management Plan will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<p>R33</p> <p>Trees on development sites may be removed only with the prior agreement in writing of the Territory.</p>	<p>C33</p> <p>Retained trees are protected and maintained during construction to the satisfaction of the Territory.</p>

Rules	Criteria
<b>6.4 Hazardous Material</b>	
<p>R34</p> <p>For the demolition of multi-unit housing (including garages and carports) constructed* prior to 1985, and Commercial / Industrial premises constructed prior to 2005, a Hazardous Materials Survey (including an asbestos survey) is carried out and signed by an appropriately licensed person and is endorsed by Environment Protection.</p> <p>The Survey is provided and covers the disposal of hazardous materials, showing that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Hazardous material disposal (including asbestos) is to be at a licensed disposal facility in the ACT</li> <li>b) If hazardous materials are to be transported for disposal interstate, approval from the Environment Protection Authority is obtained prior to removal of material from the site</li> <li>c) An appropriately licensed contractor is engaged for the removal and transport of all hazardous materials (including asbestos) present at the site.</li> </ul> <p>* construction date means the date when the Certificate of Occupancy was issued.</p>	<p>C34</p> <p>If an endorsed Hazardous Materials Survey is not provided the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<b>6.5 Contamination</b>	
<p>R35</p> <p>A statement is provided that the potential for land contamination has been assessed in accordance with the <i>ACT Government Strategic Plan – Contaminated Sites Management 1995</i> and the <i>ACT Environment Protection Authority Contaminated Sites Environmental Protection Policy 2000</i>, and it is demonstrated that the land is suitable for the proposed development.</p>	<p>C35</p> <p>If a statement that the site has been assessed is not provided, the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<b>6.6 Erosion and Sediment Control</b>	
<p>R36</p> <p>For sites less than 0.3 of a hectare, a plan is provided to demonstrate that the development complies with the <i>ACT Environment Protection Authority, Environment Protection Guidelines for Construction and Land Development in the ACT, August 2007</i>.</p>	<p>C36</p> <p>If a plan is not provided, the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>

Rules	Criteria
<p>R37</p> <p>For development on a site greater than 0.3 of a hectare, the application is accompanied by an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan endorsed by ACT Environment Protection.</p>	<p>C37</p> <p>If an endorsed Sediment and Erosion Control Plan is not provided the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<b>6.7 Excavation</b>	
<p>There is no applicable rule.</p>	<p>C38</p> <p>Onsite cut and fill is minimised and managed to ameliorate negative off site impacts.</p>
<b>6.8 Wind</b>	
<p>There is no applicable rule.</p>	<p>C39</p> <p>For buildings higher than 19 m but less than 28 m, a wind assessment report prepared by a suitably qualified person demonstrates that the development will not impact adversely on safety and comfort in the public realm and other open spaces associated with the development.</p>
<p>R40</p> <p>For buildings higher than 28 m, a report on wind testing conducted by a suitably qualified person establishes that the following wind speeds are met by the development:</p> <p>a) main pedestrian areas and routes: 10 m/s, and</p> <p>b) all other streets and public places: 16 m/s.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<b>6.9 Air Emissions - Odours</b>	
<p>R41</p> <p>A statement is provided that all exhaust and ventilation systems for food retail premises are installed and operated to comply with <i>AS1668.1 The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings</i></p>	<p>C41</p> <p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<b>6.10 Noise</b>	
<p>R42</p> <p>A Noise Management Plan, prepared by an accredited acoustic specialist who is a member of the Australian Acoustical Society, endorsed by Environment Protection is provided for the following uses:</p>	<p>C42</p> <p>If an endorsed Noise Management Plan is not provided, the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>



Rules	Criteria
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-club</li> <li>-drink establishment</li> <li>-hotel</li> <li>-industry (except light industry)</li> <li>-indoor entertainment facility</li> <li>-restaurant</li> </ul> <p>The Noise Management Plan details the design, siting and construction methods, which will be used to minimise the impact of noise on neighbours.</p>	

## Element 7: Services

### Intent:

- a) To ensure, to the satisfaction of the relevant authority, provision of all necessary onsite services required for the construction and operation stages of the proposed use

Rules	Criteria
<b>7.1 Waste Management</b>	
<p>R43</p> <p>In accordance with section 148 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>, applications are to be accompanied by a statement of compliance from the Department of Territory and Municipal Services stating that the waste facilities and management associated with the development are in accordance with the <i>Development Control Code for Best Practice Waste Management in the ACT 1999</i>.</p>	<p>C43</p> <p>If a statement of compliance is not provided the application will be referred to the Department of Territory and Municipal Services in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<p>R44</p> <p>A Statement of Compliance from the relevant agency is provided, which confirms that the discharge (or potential discharge by accident or spillage) of non-domestic liquid waste to the sewerage or stormwater networks complies with utility standards and requirements.</p>	<p>C44</p> <p>If a Statement of Compliance is not provided the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<b>7.2 Servicing and Site Management</b>	
<p>R45</p> <p>In accordance with section 148 of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>, the application is accompanied by a Statement of Endorsement from the relevant agency stating that the waste facilities and management associated with the development are in accordance with the <i>Design Standards for Urban Infrastructure</i>.</p>	<p>C45</p> <p>If a Statement of Endorsement is not provided the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>
<b>7.3 Utilities</b>	
<p>R46</p> <p>A Statement of Compliance from each relevant utility provider (for water, sewerage, stormwater, electricity and gas) is provided, which confirms that the location and nature of earthworks, utility connections, proposed buildings, pavements and landscape features comply with utility standards, access provisions and asset clearance zones.</p> <p>Note: Where there is a conflict between planning and utility requirements, the utility requirements take precedence over other provisions of this Code.</p>	<p>C46</p> <p>If a Statement of Compliance is not provided the application will be referred to the relevant agency in accordance with the requirements of the <i>Planning and Development Act 2007</i>.</p>

Rules	Criteria
<p>R47</p> <p>All new permanent or long-term electricity supply lines are underground.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<p><b>7.4 Waste Water</b></p>	
<p>R48</p> <p>Subject to ACTEWAGL approval, all under cover areas drain to the sewer.</p>	<p>C48</p> <p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<p><b>7.5 Storage</b></p>	
<p>R49</p> <p>Outdoor storage areas address all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) are located behind the building line</li> <li>b) are screened from view from any road or other public area</li> <li>c) do not encroach on car-parking areas, driveways, or landscape areas.</li> </ul>	<p>C49</p> <p>Where the proposed use requires open areas for storage of goods and materials, adequate provision is included in the design and layout of the site for these areas, and they do not encroach on car parking, driveways or landscaped areas.</p>
<p><b>7.6 Easements</b></p>	
<p>R50</p> <p>There is no encroachment over easements or rights of way.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>

## Part B – Site Specific Controls

### Element 1: Restrictions on Use

#### Intent:

- a) To provide opportunities for uses that benefit from the good visibility and high accessibility associated with locations along major transport corridors
- b) To ensure the continued effective function of roads as major traffic routes and to prevent undue congestion
- c) To provide for office accommodation, business services, recreation, and community facilities to serve the district
- d) To ensure that development in out-of-centre office areas does not undermine the role of commercial centres
- e) To ensure that community and recreation facilities remain available to the community

Rules	Criteria
<b>1.1 Deakin Office Area</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	C51 For Deakin Section 37 Block 89 drink establishments, restaurants and shops are limited to a scale that is appropriate to providing convenient services for the local workforce.
R52 For Deakin Section 35 Block 2 : a) Shops drink establishments and restaurants a total maximum 720 m <sup>2</sup> b) Supermarket or shop selling food maximum 200m <sup>2</sup> per shop.	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.
R53 For Deakin Section 68 Block 11: a) a 50m swimming pool for the access and use of public is retained b) a variation to the lease must not be approved if it would have the effect of removing the requirement for a 50 m indoor swimming pool to be maintained and operated on the site and made available for public access and use. The approval of an application to vary the lease is conditional upon the lessee entering into a binding agreement with the Territory to reconstruct	This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.

Rules	Criteria
or refurbish the swimming pool to a standard acceptable to the Territory.	
<b>1.2 Canberra Avenue Corridor</b>	
<p>R54</p> <p>Restaurants and Shops are ancillary to other uses in the Canberra Avenue Corridor (Figure A1) except on Griffith Section 18 Block 4 where a restaurant (which may include a take-away food shop) is permitted.</p>	<p>This is a mandatory requirement. There is no applicable criterion.</p>
<b>1.3 Drakeford Drive Corridor</b>	
<p>There is no applicable rule.</p>	<p>C55</p> <p>For Kambah Sections 274, 275 and 277 (Figure A2) shops are ancillary to other permitted uses or are limited to a scale that is appropriate to providing convenient service for the local workforce.</p>

## Element 2: Building and Site Controls

### Intent:

- a) To facilitate development that reinforces the character and function of main avenues and transport routes
- b) To ensure that development in out-of-centre office areas does not undermine the function of commercial centres
- c) To provide for small-scale office sites in the Deakin office area
- d) To ensure that buildings are compatible with the built form, siting and scale of development in adjacent areas or the desired future character of the area established within the Plan

Rules	Criteria
<b>2.1 Deakin Office Area</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	<p>C56</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) For the Deakin Office Area (Figure A4) building heights comply with all of the following:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) are compatible with existing, or future desired character of, adjacent development</li> <li>ii) are appropriate to the scale and function of the use</li> <li>iii) minimise detrimental impacts, including overshadowing and excessive scale</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) Maximum building heights in Deakin are 2 storeys other than in:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) Deakin Section 68 : 3 storeys</li> <li>ii) Deakin Section 35 Blocks 2 and 28 : 4 storeys.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>2.2 Front Setbacks – Canberra Avenue and Yamba Drive</b>	
<p>R57</p> <p>Minimum front setbacks are 10 m.</p>	<p>C57</p> <p>Front setbacks maintain and enhance the landscape setting by providing sufficient land for landscaping in front of buildings (Figures A1 and A3).</p>
<b>2.3 Drakeford Drive Corridor</b>	
There is no applicable rule.	<p>C58</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) For the Drakeford Drive Corridor (Figure A2) building heights comply with all of the following:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) are compatible with existing, or future desired character of, adjacent development</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Rules	Criteria
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ii) are appropriate to the scale and function of the use</li> <li>iii) minimise detrimental impacts, including overshadowing and excessive scale</li> <li>b) Maximum building heights in Kambah are 2 storeys.</li> </ul>
<p>R59</p> <p>The minimum front setback for major roads in Kambah is 5 m.</p>	<p>C59</p> <p>Front setbacks maintain and enhance the landscape setting by providing sufficient land for landscaping in front of buildings.</p>

## Element 3: Built Form

### Intent:

- a) To promote high standards of building design and landscaping particularly on sites along main transport corridors.
- b) To reinforce the character of Canberra Avenue as a main avenue and major approach road to the Central National Area by facilitating the development of prestigious buildings which contribute to the quality and intensity of development of the avenue.

Rules	Criteria
<b>3.1 Building Design (along Major Roads)</b>	
<p>R60</p> <p>Buildings are off-white to light buff/grey in colour along major roads in Figures A1, A2 and A3.</p>	<p>C60</p> <p>For development along major roads (Figures A1, A2 and A3) any alternative colours used:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) relate to clearly defined elements of the building</li> <li>b) are predominantly earth toned</li> <li>c) are minor elements in the building façade, and</li> <li>d) are subsidiary to the main off-white to light buff/grey materials.</li> </ul>
<p>There is no applicable rule.</p>	<p>C61</p> <p>Extensive areas of continuous glass façade are not permitted.</p>