Veterinary Practice Veterinary Premises Standards 2018

Notifiable instrument NI2018-727

made under the

Veterinary Practice Act 2018, section 72 (Board may make veterinary premises standards)

1 Name of instrument

This instrument is the Veterinary Practice Veterinary Premises Standards 2018.

2 Commencement

This instrument commences on the commencement of the *Veterinary Practice Act 2018*.

3 Approval

The ACT Veterinary Practitioners Board approves the document at Schedule 1 as the Veterinary Premises Standards relating to requirements for veterinary premises.

Note The categories for veterinary premises are listed at part 6, section 71 (1) of the *Veterinary Practice Act 2018*.

Dr Steven Roberts President ACT Veterinary Practitioners Board 19 December 2018

ACT VETERINARY PRACTITIONERS BOARD

VETERINARY PREMISES STANDARDS

Under Section 72 of the ACT *Veterinary Practice Act 2018* the ACT Veterinary Practitioners Board is authorised to establish standards relating to the requirements for veterinary premises. The information contained in this Notifiable Instrument are to be used as a guideline for veterinary practitioners to follow. Non-adherence or breach of the statements may be grounds for finding of a breach of the Act.

Schedule 1

Minimum Requirements for Veterinary Premises

Introduction

Veterinary premises to be used for the provision of veterinary services in the ACT must be approved for use by the ACT Veterinary Practitioners Board (the Board). Veterinary premises that have been approved by the Board will be deemed to satisfy the Board's standards at the time of the approval. Premises must be maintained at that standard or at any new standards subsequently published by the Board.

Applications for approval of premises for the provision of veterinary services must be made on the Board's application form and must be supported by appropriate information to enable the Board to make a decision on the application. An application must be accompanied by the Board's fee and must grant permission for a member or an officer of the Board to carry out inspections of the premises for the purposes of determining registration.

Under the *Veterinary Practice Act 2018* (the Act) the Board can make standards relating to requirements for veterinary premises. This Notifiable Instrument sets out the standards made by the Board for ACT veterinary premises.

The Board may impose on an approval for registration as a veterinary premises any reasonable condition the Board determines. The Board may amend, suspend or cancel an approval on reasonable grounds through the ACT Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

There are offence provisions in the ACT that apply to veterinary premises. Offence provisions also apply to persons conducting a veterinary service at premises not approved by the Board or not approved for the type of service being provided.

Types of veterinary premises:

- a) <u>Mobile veterinary clinic</u> means a vehicle, including a trailer, that may be moved from one location to another, and is modified to operate as a veterinary clinic;
- b) <u>Mobile veterinary hospital</u> means a vehicle, including a trailer, that may be moved from one location to another, and is modified to operate as a veterinary hospital;
- c) <u>Veterinary clinic</u> means premises where a restricted act of veterinary science, including major veterinary surgery, may be carried out;
- d) <u>Veterinary consulting room</u> means premises where a restricted act of veterinary science (other than major veterinary surgery or emergency care) may be carried out;
- e) <u>Veterinary hospital</u> means premises where a restricted act of veterinary science, including major veterinary surgery and emergency care, may be carried out, and a higher level of diagnostic facilities than are available at a veterinary clinic is provided.

For the registration approval process, inspections of premises are mandatory.

Premises Requirements

 Must be a permanent area with no other uses. For mobile premises, the vehicle must only be used for the approved veterinary premises. Where located within the same premises as another business a suitable floor to ceiling barrier must be erected to separate the veterinary premises from that business. The public entrance, telephone and electronic contact details must also be separate and distinct from any other business. In good condition with the immediate surrounding areas and the interior maintained in a clean, orderly and sanitary condition, free of insects and vermin with safeguards taken to avoid sources and transmission of infections. Managed by a superintendent who is a veterinary practitioner. Internal walls and flooring made of an impervious material to allow thorough cleaning and disinfection. Adequate floor space for the separation of practice functions and efficient operation of all activity areas. Adequate ventilation, heating and cooling to ensure client, patient and worker comfort in terms of temperature and air quality. Insect screening on all open doors and windows. Designed and constructed so as to prevent the escape of an animal brought int the premises and to ensure the effective confinement of that animal at all times. Sanitary and aesthetic disposal of all wastes and excreta, cadavers and sharps often enough to avoid the generation of offensive odours, offensive appearanc and health hazards. Facilities to sterilise instruments and drapes and store sterilised material. On prominent display at entry: a) the days and hours of attendance; b) the telephone number and details for gaining out of hours veterinary 	
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a) the days and hours of attendance;	
b) the telephone number and details for gaining out of hours veterinary	
attention;	
c) the name of the premises superintendent; and	_
 d) the name and qualifications of the veterinary practitioners employed at the premises; 	•
For <u>Mobile premises</u> the premises registration holder or superintendent must	
produce the registration information when requested to do so.	
13. A standard of dress, cleanliness and personal appearance consistent with a	
clinical atmosphere.	
14. Veterinary and support staff commensurate with volume of clientele and	
procedures undertaken, including:	
 Anticipated client load per day; and 	
 Anticipated staff complement and designation. 	
15. Equipment and fittings suitable for the range of procedures to be undertaken. A	
equipment must be appropriately maintained and in accordance with the advice	١I
of the manufacturer.	
16. Practice procedures manual incorporating protocols for workplace health and	
safety.	

17.	Single purpose area positioned independent of practice work areas with adequate furniture and equipment for reception staff and seating for client
	volume. Note: this standard is not required for mobile premises.
General	Physical Facilities – for large animals only
18.	Sufficient area to facilitate the safe loading and unloading of large animals and
	movement of such transport used in the delivery of these animals.
19.	Suitable loading races for large animals.
20.	Suitable form of stable or secure yard to hold animals on admission.
21.	A suitable grassed or surfaced area where horses can be safely examined.
Record k	
22.	All consultation details, weights, tests, treatments, diagnoses, options, referrals,
	important client communications recorded in sufficient detail to allow another
	vet to take over the treatment of the case.
23.	Recording of phone calls to clients detailing the options, consents, estimates
	discussed.
24.	All certification is true and accurate and a 'known fact' of the veterinary
	practitioner providing the certificate e.g. vaccination.
	tion and Consultation Area
25.	An individual single purpose area not incorporated with public areas, one for
	each clinician examining or consulting concurrently (show on floor plan - include
	size).
26.	Examination table in each area with impervious surface, which can be readily
	cleaned and disinfected.
27.	A basin with hot and cold running water and drainage (show on floor plan).
28.	Adequate lighting and instrumentation to carry out a competent clinical examination.
Examina	tion and Consultation Area – for large animals only
29.	Securely and safely enclosed area free of extraneous noise and activity, dust free
_	and able to be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected if needed (show location and
	size on plan).
30.	Where warranted by the type of examination to be conducted, a set of
	examination stocks and/or squeeze crush (show location on plan).
Pharmac	y and Drug Storage Area
31.	A pharmacy and drug storage area, which is in an area that is not accessible to
	the public and that meets all legislative requirements.
	ccommodation
32.	Kennels/cages/stables, one for each animal, of sufficient size for the type of
	animal housed, constructed of solid impervious material able to be readily
	cleaned and disinfected; adequately drained and maintained in a sanitary
	condition so as to ensure comfort.
33.	Accommodation compartments located in an area equipped with adequate
	lighting, heating and/or cooling, ventilation and soundproofing so as to aid quick
	recovery/convalescence – individual cage heating is acceptable (show on floor
	plan).
34.	Facilities or a plan for animals to be exercised.
35.	A defined area for hygienic preparation and storage of food.

Schedule 1

36.	Appropriate eating and drinking utensils and suitable protocol for hygienic
	handling and maintenance of these.
37.	Facilities for bathing and grooming of in-patients.
38.	Boarding facilities, if provided, separate to those areas used for the care and
	treatment of practice patients.
Disease	Control Areas
39.	Facilities suitably equipped for the quarantine of animals suffering from
	infectious diseases, providing a physical and air space different from all other
	areas of the premises (show on floor plan).
Surgery /	
40.	Small animals – dedicated area not a general thoroughfare ideally with one interior closable access entrance only (show on floor plan - include size).
41.	Large Animals – suitable building free from dust and totally enclosed. Should
	allow for safety to animals and personnel, and facilitate easy and proper cleaning
	and sterilisation (show on floor plan - include size).
42.	Adequate equipment and instruments for the competent performance of surgery
	and maintenance of surgical anaesthesia, core body temperature and
	resuscitation of patients.
43.	Inhalation anaesthetic system incorporating a scavenging device which expels or
	captures excess anaesthetic gases and volatile agents either by exterior venting
	or use of activated carbon canisters.
44.	Surgical light in addition to normal room lighting.
45.	All furniture and equipment capable of being readily disinfected by chemical
	means.
46.	All surgical procedures carried out under sterile operative conditions - using
	individual dry, sterile packs and drapes that are monitored for sterility.
47.	Surgery area not to be used for general storage or placement of equipment or
	items not relevant to surgery, such as office furniture.
Anaesth	etic Recovery Area
48.	Small animals – separate area adjacent to the main surgery area to allow constant
	monitoring of recovery animals. Readily accessible to emergency equipment and
	readily disinfected.
49.	Large animals - area adjacent to the main theatre area to allow constant
	monitoring of recovery animals, either padded or protected with other suitable
	material. Lining material to be either disposable or capable of wet disinfection.
Radiolog	y
50.	Imaging equipment and facilities capable of producing diagnostic images
	appropriate to the range and size of animals seen at the practice.
51.	A licence to possess and use the imaging equipment incorporating a radiation
	safety and protection plan that complies with the Radiation Protection Act (2006).
	(Copy of licence to possess and use, or evidence of receipt of application for
	licence must be attached)
52.	Images identified at the time of exposure and should include the name of the
	practitioner (or practice), client, animal and date, and clearly identify left and
	right sides of the animal. Stick-on labels attached after developing are not
	acceptable.

53.	As part of the animal's case history record, images to be safely stored for at least		
	the minimum statutory term.		
Treatme	Treatment and Preparation Area		
54.	A separate area suitably equipped for the pre-surgical preparation and treatment of hospitalised patients (show on floor plan – include size).		
55.	Facilities for the sterilisation of instruments and drapes provided in this area.		
Laborato	ry		
56.	Adequate laboratory facilities and equipment to enable routine diagnostic testing to be carried out.		
57.	Facilities for the simple examination of blood, serum, urine and faecal specimens and demonstrable access and usage of a professional service in haematology, chemistry, bacteriology, parasitology and pathology if these services are not carried out on the premises.		
58.	Adequate bench and shelf space (show on floor plan).		
59.	Refrigeration for laboratory use, which may be used for vaccine storage (show on floor plan).		
Referenc	e material		
60.	A library containing up-to-date reference material either as text books, journals, electronic material, computer(s) with access to Internet facilities, covering the range of animals and conditions seen in the practice (show on floor plan).		
61.	A secure area for the storage of business documents.		
62.	Information regarding legislation, policies, guidelines, searchable current database of vets, specialists and hospitals etc. is available from the Board's website.		
Staff Roo	m		
63.	A private facilities area for staff (this may incorporate the library). Show on floor plan.		
Additional Standards for Veterinary Hospitals			
64.	Minimum of two (2) veterinary practitioners practising at premises so as to provide for concurrent treatment of emergency cases (the practitioners will not necessarily be on the premises at the same time).		
65.	A minimum of two (2) examination/consultation areas (show on floor plan).		
66.	 Provision of emergency medical and surgical treatment from a veterinary practitioner seven days per week in the form of: a) veterinary practitioner to be available at all times; or b) employment of communication system providing continuous out-of-hours telephone contact with a veterinary practitioner rostered for duty (a screening system can be implemented to eliminate non-emergency calls); or c) diversion of telephone calls to another dedicated emergency care practice of equivalent standard i.e. another veterinary hospital or centre where a veterinary practitioner is rostered for duty. 		
	For premises with a service arrangement identified in either (b) or (c), a sign on prominent display at entrance of premises giving contact information for access to the emergency veterinary services of the practice.		