

Part D District Policies

D8 – Tuggeranong District Policy

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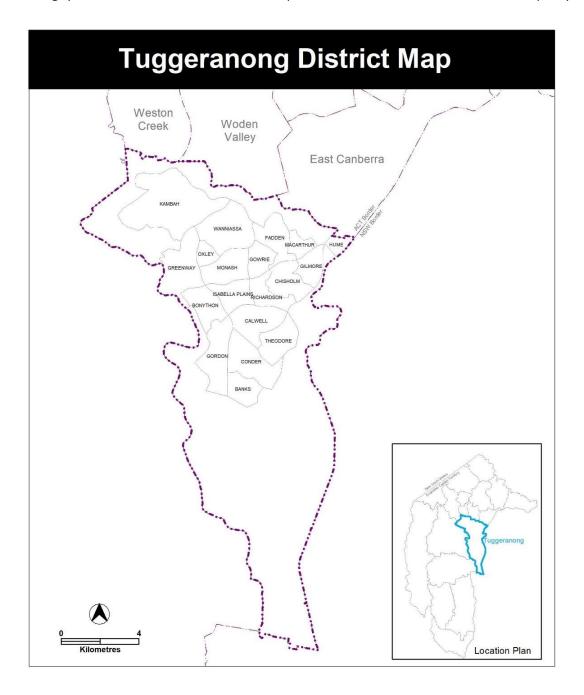
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District Map

This policy applies to land within the area identified as the Tuggeranong District in the map below.

Maps detailing specific assessment outcomes and requirements are included at the end of this policy.



Land Use Table

The following table specifies additional types of development and land uses that are assessable in this district. These are additional to the development types and land uses specified as assessable within the applicable zone policy.

The uses listed require development approval unless they meet the 'exempt development' definition of the *Planning Act 2023*. Development and land use types listed are defined in the Territory Plan Dictionary.

The table also specifies additional types of development and land uses that are prohibited in this district. These are prohibited, notwithstanding whether they are listed as assessable under the applicable land use policy. Development of prohibited uses may be considered under certain limited circumstances as outlined under Part 7.3 of the *Planning Act 2023*.

Locality	Zone	Additional assessable development	Additional prohibited development	Relevant parcel or Figure
Bonython	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 4 Section 2
Calwell	TSZ1	emergency services facility	Nil	Blocks 1-2 Section 91
Calwell	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 21 Section 751 Block 11 Section 795
Chisholm	CZ1	industrial trades, municipal depot, storage facility	Nil	AD1 Figure 17
Chisholm	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 1 Section 550 Block 2 Section 567
Conder	CZ1	industrial trades, municipal depot, storage facility	Nil	AD1 Figure 18
Conder	TSZ1	emergency services facility	Nil	AD2 Figure 18
Conder	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 13 Section 228 Block 13 Section 229 Block 10 Section 212 Block 2 Section 286 Block 6 Section 281
Gilmore	CZ6	service station	Nil	Blocks 2-4 Section 79 Part Block 23 Section 65
Gilmore	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 7 Section 58
Gordon	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 15 Section 410
Gowrie	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 1 Section 228 Block 3 Section 229 Blocks 4,7 Section 282 Block 4 Section 291

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Locality	Zone	Additional assessable development	Additional prohibited development	Relevant parcel or Figure
Greenway	NUZ4	group or organised camp, overnight camping area, tourist facility	Nil	AD1 Figure 19
Greenway	CZ1	produce market	Nil	AD2 Figure 19
Greenway	CZ3	corrections facility	Nil	AD3 Figure 19
Isabella Plains	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 41 Section 856
Kambah	CZ1	industrial trades, municipal depot, storage facility	Nil	AD1 Figure 20
Kambah	CZ2	service station, storage facility, scientific research establishment, warehouse, funeral parlour	drink establishment, indoor entertainment facility, tourist facility, tourist resort	AD2, PD2 <u>Figure 20</u>
Kambah	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	PD1 Figure 20
Kambah	CZ2	funeral parlour	Nil	AD3, <u>Figure 20</u>
Macarthur	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Blocks 9-10 Section 398
Monash	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 24 Section 161
Monash	RZ2	community activity centre, community theatre, cultural facility, early childhood education and care, educational establishment, health facility	Nil	Blocks 2,4,5 Section 47
Richardson	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 2 Section 452 Blocks 5,6 Section 477
Richardson	CFZ	agriculture	Nil	Block 1 Section 450
Tharwa	NUZ4	group or organised camp overnight camping area tourist facility	Nil	AD1 Figure 21
Theodore	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	Block 3 Section 668 Block 7 Section 659
Wanniassa	CZ1	industrial trades, municipal depot, storage facility	Nil	AD1 Figure 22
Wanniassa	CZ2	funeral parlour, light industry, service station, veterinary hospital	Nil	AD2 <u>Figure 22</u>
Wanniassa	PRZ2, CZ6	business agency, financial establishment, office, public agency	Nil	AD3 <u>Figure 22</u>

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Locality	Zone	Additional assessable development	Additional prohibited development	Relevant parcel or Figure
Wanniassa	CFZ	business agency, office, public agency	Nil	AD4 Figure 22
Wanniassa	CFZ	Nil	retirement village, supportive housing	PD1 Figure 22
Wanniassa	PRZ2	early childhood education and care	Nil	Block 16 Section 126

Policy Outcomes

Development proposals in the Tuggeranong District will be assessed having regard to the key characteristics of the district and the policy outcomes to be achieved for the district. The policy outcomes to be achieved for Tuggeranong District are derived from the Tuggeranong District Strategy, that sets the vision and directions for the district.

The desired policy outcomes to be achieved for Tuggeranong District include:

- 1. Improve biodiversity and water quality outcomes across the district including Lake Tuggeranong, including promoting water sensitive urban design.
- 2. Enhance open space linkages between suburbs to improve connections across the district.
- 3. Enhance the employment role of the Tuggeranong town centre linked to nodes of economic activity along the Athllon Drive corridor (at Wanniassa and Drakeford Drive).
- 4. Better understand and enhance the economic role of existing group centres including Conder, Calwell and Chisholm to strengthen access to employment opportunities across the district.
- 5. Deliver new strategic transport connections including potential future light rail to the Tuggeranong town centre via Athllon Drive.
- 6. Investigate other key corridors towards Kambah and Chisholm to support growth and enhance job accessibility.
- 7. Consider the role and function of existing group and local centres which may include Kambah, Wanniassa, Fadden, Chisholm, Monash, Calwell, Gordon (north), Richardson and Conder. Depending on the results of this consideration and whether further action is required, investigate planning and non-planning initiatives to support the centres' viability and role as a meeting place.
- 8. Focus new residential development mixed with employment opportunities in Tuggeranong town centre and in potential future light rail and rapid corridors.

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Assessment Outcomes

Consistent with the district policy outcomes, development proposals in the Tuggeranong District must demonstrate that they are consistent with any area specific assessment outcomes that may apply, as well as the relevant zone assessment outcomes.

In demonstrating compliance with the assessment outcomes, consideration is to be given to the relevant design guides and may be given to planning technical specifications which may serve as a benchmark. While all assessment outcomes are to be met, not all outcomes are covered by design guidance and/or planning technical specifications.

Where a proposed development complies with relevant provisions in the design guide and/or planning specification and the development comprehensively addresses the assessment outcome, further assessment regarding that assessment outcome will not be required.

Where a design guide applies to a development, the proposal must demonstrate that it is consistent with the relevant guidance. More information is available in the design guide. Given the nature of the design guides, different design responses are possible to meet the same assessment outcomes.

The Territory Planning Authority may consider advice or written support from a referral entity to demonstrate compliance with a relevant assessment outcome. Where endorsement from an entity is noted as a planning technical specification, entity referral will be required.

Area specific assessment outcomes

The assessment outcomes for proposed development in specific locations are listed below. Localities that are not listed do not have any area specific assessment outcomes to consider.

Locality	Assessment outcome			
Kambah	 The Kambah Group Centre achieves a range of building heights that encourage a variety of uses and allow for good solar access onto public spaces, particularly the central courtyard. 			
	Development and active uses in the Kambah Group Centre focus on the central courtyard and open spaces, promoting community and outdoor activity.			

Assessment Requirements

Assessment requirements set the mandatory development controls for specific areas, and sites within the Tuggeranong District. These provisions are in addition to and, where inconsistencies occur, prevail over any assessment requirements that are provided in the relevant zones policy.

Development proposals in the Tuggeranong District must meet the following requirements. Localities that are not listed do not have assessment requirements.

Control	Assessment requirement			
Calwell – Group	Centre			
Land use	 Residential use is permitted on the ground floor in Area A in <u>Figure 2</u> where not on a primary active frontage and complies with the Australian Standard AS4299 – Adaptable housing (class C). 			
Building height	 2. In accordance with Figure 3: a) Maximum height of buildings in area A is 4 storeys only where it is: i) Contained within block 41 section 787 Calwell. ii) Measured from the north-western boundary of block 41. iii) A maximum of 26m wide. b) Maximum height of buildings in area B is 4 storeys only where it is: i) Contained within block 12 section 787 Calwell. ii) Measured 10.5m from the western boundary of area A. iii) A maximum of 22m wide and a maximum of 60m long. c) Roof top plant that are screened and setback 3 metres from the building façade of the floor immediately below are not included in the number of storeys. 			
Active frontage	 The ground floor level of buildings along active frontages are adaptable for commercial uses. For new buildings located along primary active frontage areas identified in <u>Figure 1</u>, frontages and building design comply with all of the following: a) Buildings incorporate clear display windows and/or shop fronts at the ground floor level. 			

- - a) Buildings incorporate clear display windows and/or shop fronts at the ground floor level.
 - b) Buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities.
 - c) Any small areas of walls without windows contain displays, showcases and/or public art, with a maximum of 30% blank frontage per tenancy.
 - Open structured car parks and/or loading docks are not located along the frontage.
- For buildings located along secondary active frontage areas identified in Figure 1, frontages and building design complies with all of the following:
 - Commercial buildings incorporate clear display windows and shop fronts at the ground floor level.
 - b) Buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities.
 - Building facades are not dominated by extensive lengths of blank facades, open structured carparks, loading docks, substations or other service infrastructure.
 - Residential development of 2 storeys or more incorporates balconies and windows to habitable rooms addressing the public realm.

Awnings

Buildings fronting primary active frontage areas shown in Figure 1 have awnings that provide continuous all weather pedestrian shelter and activity in a form compatible with existing awnings.

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Control	As	essment requirement		
Public space	7.	In accordance with Figure 2, public spaces are provided of a scale and dimension that provides usable open spaces, are publicly accessible and are paved and landscaped.		
Pedestrian movement	8.	 In accordance with Figure 2: a) Pedestrian connections provide reasonable public access, provide views into and out of adjoining commercial premises and provide clearly identifiable entrances. b) Development in the hatched area incorporates a pedestrian path along the entire length of the southern boundary that extends the existing public pedestrian path onto block 41 that complies with all of the following: i) Has a total minimum width of 6m when combined with the existing public pathway. ii) Is finished at the level of the pedestrian path and with matching materials. iii) Remains unobstructed and publicly accessible at all times. 		
Car parking	9.	Development of public car parking areas provides for car parking that is generated by the development and makes a substantial contribution to the long term parking supply for public use at all times for the group centre as endorsed by the Territory.		

Figure 1 Calwell – Ground Floor Uses and Active Frontages

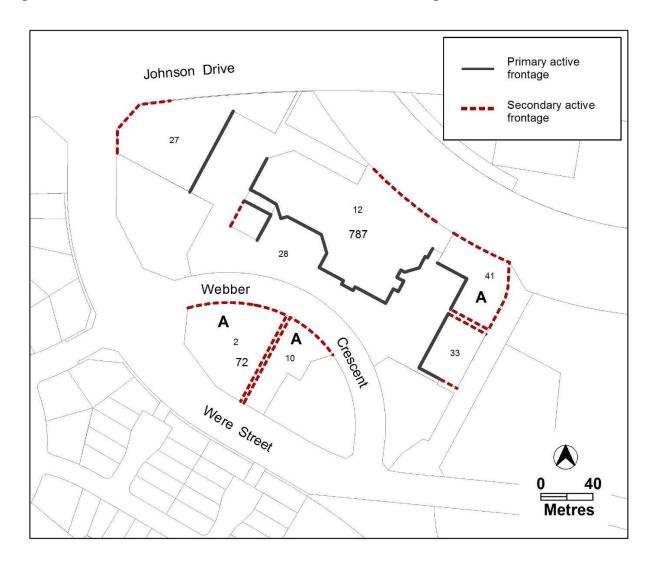


Figure 2 Calwell – Public Spaces and Pedestrian Paths

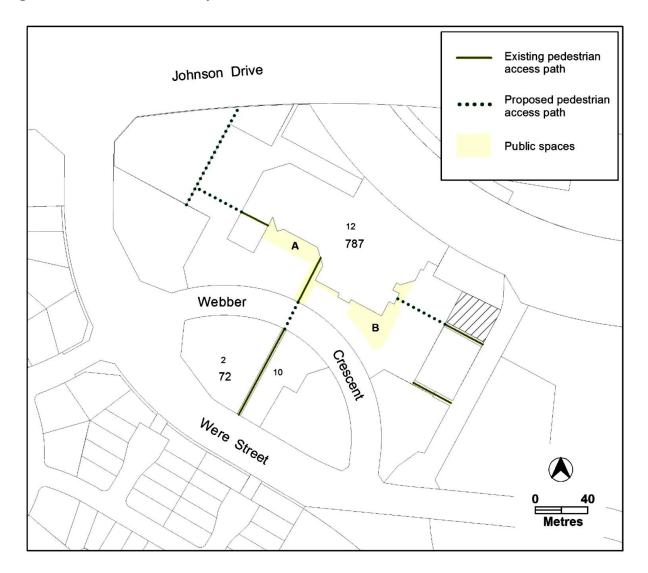
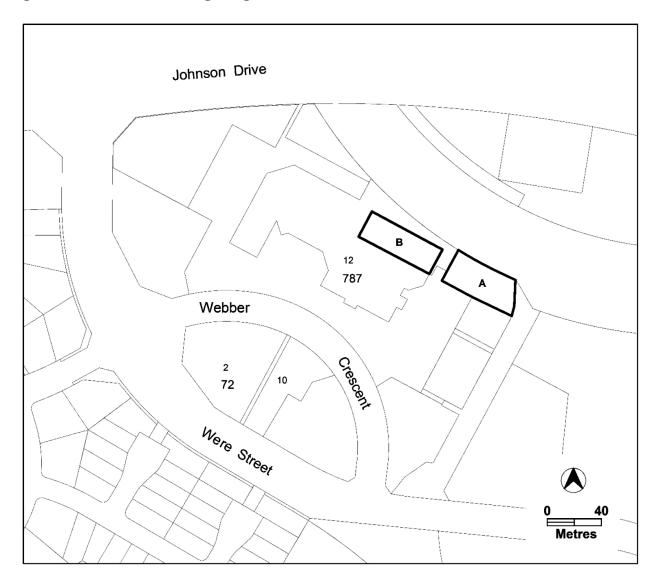


Figure 3 Calwell – Building Heights



Control	Assessment requirement		
Chisholm			
Accessibility	10. For development on block 7 section 598, residential use on the ground floor complies with the Australian Standard AS4299 – Adaptable housing (class C) and is adaptable for commercial use on the front boundary to Benham Street		
Public space and pedestrian access	 Buildings fronting main pedestrian areas and routes in the CZ1 and CZ2 zones incorporate uses on the ground floor that generate activity in the public space. Buildings incorporate display windows and entrances with direct pedestrian access at ground floor level on frontages to main pedestrian areas and routes and public open spaces. 		
Car park	13. In the commercial centre, development of public car parking areas provides for car parking that is generated by the development and makes a substantial contribution to the long term parking supply for public use at all times for the group centre as endorsed by the Territory.		

Greenway – Tuggeranong Town Centre

Land use

- 14. The ground floor level of buildings is adaptable for commercial uses.
- 15. Development in the CZ6 zone is compatible with the Tuggeranong Town Centre, Murrumbidgee River and Lake Tuggeranong environments and achieve minimal servicing and structural demands.
- 16. Shops in the CZ2 zone are limited to a scale appropriate to providing convenient shopping and personal services for the local workforce and residents.

Building height

- 17. The maximum height of buildings in the areas shown on Figure 4 are as follows:
 - a) Area 'a' -9.5 metres.
 - b) Area 'b' 17 metres.
 - c) Area 'c' 20.5 metres.
 - d) Area 'd' 24 metres.
 - e) Area 'e' 24 metres.

Note: (area 'e' is measured as the area up to a maximum of 30 metres from the front boundary with Anketell Street or Reed Street South)

- f) Area 'f' 31 metres. Area 'f' is measured as follows:
 - The area a maximum of 30 metres from the front boundary for blocks adjoining the western side of Anketell Street.
 - ii) The area a maximum of 30 metres from the front boundary of blocks adjoining Soward Way west of Anketell Street.
 - iii) The area a maximum of 30 metres from the front boundary of blocks adjoining the eastern side of Athllon Drive.
 - iv) The area a maximum of 40 metres from the front boundary of blocks adjoining the western side of Athllon Drive.
- g) Area 'g' 38 metres with a maximum of 12 storeys.

Building height excludes: roof top plant and plant screening, lift overruns, antennas, photovoltaic panels, air conditioning units, non gross floor area architectural features, chimneys, flues and vents. Excluded items that are setback 3 metres from the building façade or floor immediately below are not included in the number of storeys.

- 18. The following applies to areas in Figure 6:
 - a) Maximum height of buildings are as follows:
 - b) In area 'a' 9.5 metres.
 - i) In areas 'b1, b2, b3' 13 metres.
 - c) The eastern edge of areas 'b1, b2 and b3' in Figure 12 are located between 4m and 10m of the boundary with Drakeford Drive.

Control **Assessment requirement** d) Area 'b1' is measured from the northern most edge of the RZ4 medium density zone for a length of 165m and a maximum depth of 20m. e) Areas 'b1' and 'b2' are separated by a minimum distance of 140m. Area 'b2' is measured as 90m and a maximum depth of 20m. g) Areas 'b2' and 'b3' are separated by a minimum distance of 30m. h) Area 'b3' is measured as 100m long and a maximum depth of 20m. Building height excludes: roof top plant and plant screening, lift overruns, antennas, photovoltaic panels, air conditioning units, non gross floor area architectural features, chimneys, flues and vents. Excluded items that are setback 3 metres from the building façade or floor immediately below are not included in the number of storeys. **Setbacks** 19. Building setbacks in the town centre protect and enhance views of hills, distant mountains, key open spaces and the Tuggeranong Town Park. Active 20. Buildings fronting main pedestrian areas and routes as shown in Figure 5 achieve all of the frontage following: a) Incorporate uses on the ground floor that generate activity in the public space. b) Have direct pedestrian access from main pedestrian areas. Avoid extensive lengths of blank walls unrelieved by doors, display windows or the like. 21. Buildings with frontages to Lake Tuggeranong as shown in Figure 5 achieve all of the following: a) An attractive frontage to the waterfront. b) Pedestrian activity along the waterfront. 22. Buildings in the area shown in Figure 5 maintain a continuous building line along main streets and pedestrian areas and routes. **Building design** 23. Gateway buildings in locations shown on Figure 5 address the intersection of Anketell Street and Soward Way. **Building** 24. The colours, materials and finishes of buildings in the area shown in Figure 5 achieve materials compatibility with adjacent development. 25. Development of public car parking areas provides for car parking that is generated by the Car parking development and makes a substantial contribution to the long term parking supply for public

use at all times for the town centre as endorsed by the Territory.

Figure 4 Greenway – Building Heights

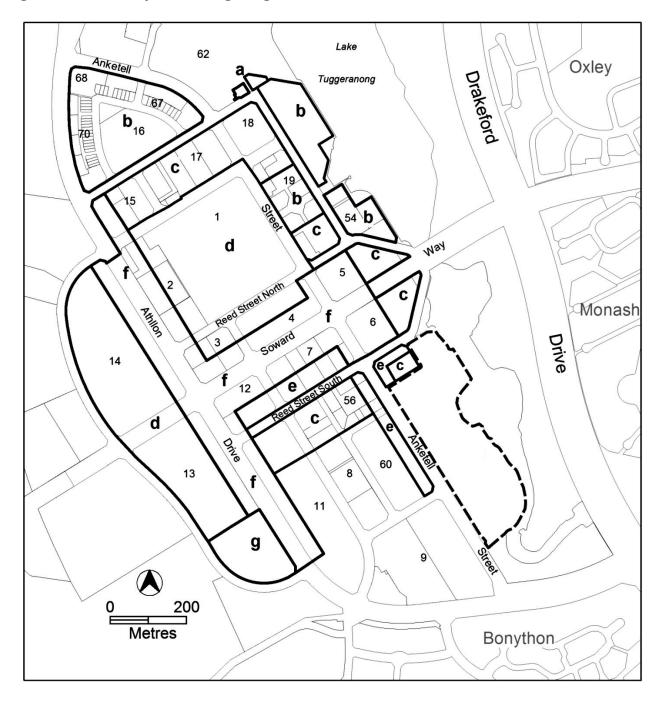


Figure 5 Greenway Frontages, Carparking, Gateway Buildings

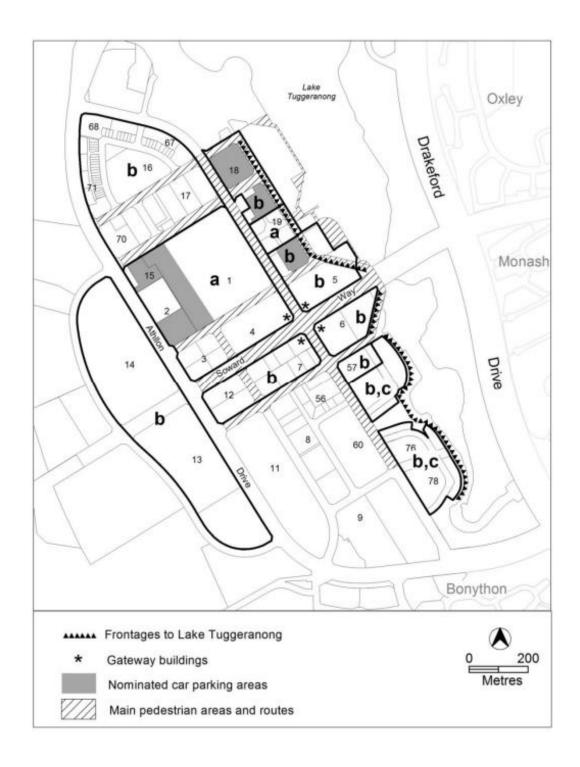
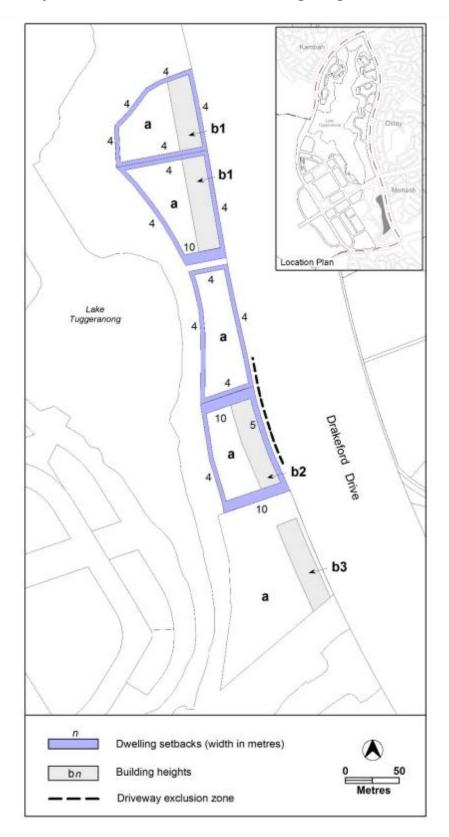


Figure 6 Greenway – Lakeside Residential – Building Heights

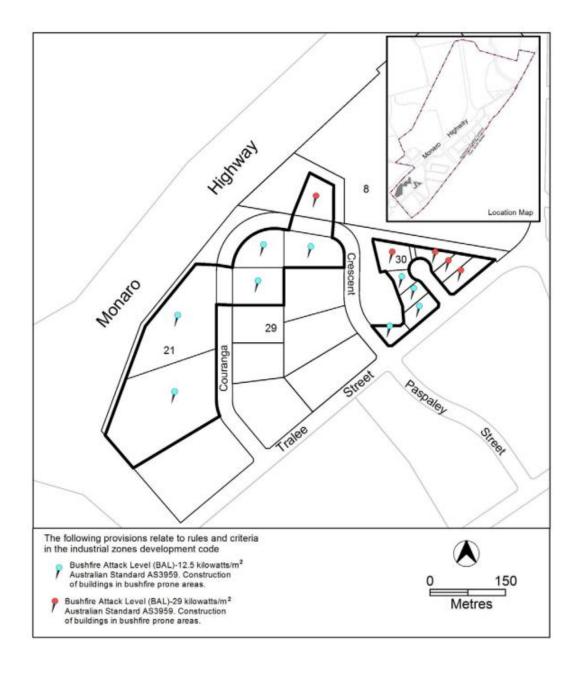


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Control	Assessment requirement
Hume	
Bushfire Attack Level	26. Development meets the required Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) ratings as shown on Figure 7.

Figure 7 Hume – Hume West Industrial Estate



Kambah – Group Centre

Land use

- 27. On the ground floor level in CZ1 zone:
 - a) Residential use or commercial accommodation uses are not permitted except on block 27 section 346 Kambah.
 - b) Buildings incorporate uses that generate activity in the public space
 - c) Buildings are adaptable for commercial uses.

Gross floor area

28. The maximum gross floor area for shops on any lease in the CZ2 zone is 100m².

Pedestrian movement

- 29. Main pedestrian areas as shown in Figure 8 achieve all of the following:
 - a) Publicly accessible at all times.
 - b) Minimum unobstructed width of 5m.

Active frontage

- 30. For buildings located along primary active frontage areas identified in <u>Figure 8</u>, frontages and building design comply with all of the following:
 - a) Buildings incorporate clear display windows and shop fronts at the ground level.
 - b) Buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities.
 - c) Tenancies at ground floor level that occupy more than a total of 10m of the frontage articulate the facade to present as more than one tenancy.
 - d) Any small areas of walls without windows contain displays, showcases and/or public art, with a maximum of 30% blank frontage per tenancy.
 - e) Development with a frontage to the central courtyard provide one or more public entrances to the courtyard.
- 31. Development at ground level along secondary active frontages as shown in Figure 8 achieves all of the following:
 - a) Is adaptable for shops.
 - b) Where building access is provided, direct pedestrian access at street level.
 - c) Provides opportunities for views into and out of the building.
- 32. Extensive lengths of blank facades, open structured car parks, loading docks, substations and other service infrastructure are not located along primary active frontage areas, and do not dominate secondary active frontage areas identified in Figure 10.

Awnings

33. For buildings fronting primary active frontage areas shown in <u>Figure 8</u>, awnings provide continuous all weather pedestrian shelter and activity in a form compatible with existing awnings, and are contained wholly within the block boundaries.

Building height

- 34. The maximum height of building is shown on Figure 9 as follows:
 - a) In area 'A' 16m.
 - b) In area 'B' 12m.
 - c) In area 'C' 9m.
 - d) Building height measurement excludes roofs with a pitch not more than 36°.

Building height excludes: roof top plant and plant screening, lift overruns, antennas, photovoltaic panels, air conditioning units, non gross floor area architectural features, chimneys, flues and vents. Excluded items that are setback 3 metres from the building façade or floor immediately below are not included in the number of storeys.

Solar access

35. Buildings in the CZ1 zone adjoining the northern boundary of the central courtyard minimise overshadowing of the central courtyard area.

Waste

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36. Waste collection areas are screened from public view.

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Vehicle access

- 37. Consistent with <u>Figure 10</u>, the design of the proposed new road:
 - a) Provides on-street parking.
 - b) Does not provide direct vehicular access to adjoining blocks.
- 38. Development of all or a portion of the hatched area identified in <u>Figure 9</u> maintains Primmer Court vehicular access around the western side of the centre.

Car parking

39. Development of public car parking areas identified as shaded areas in <u>Figure 10</u> provides for car parking that is generated by the development and makes a substantial contribution to the long term parking supply for public use at all times for the group centre as endorsed by the Territory.

Figure 8 Kambah – Main Pedestrian Areas and Active Frontages

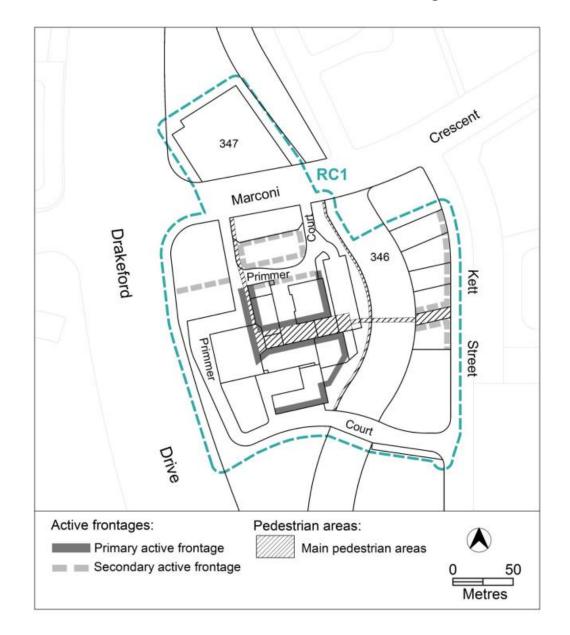


Figure 9 Kambah – Heights and Vehicular Circulation

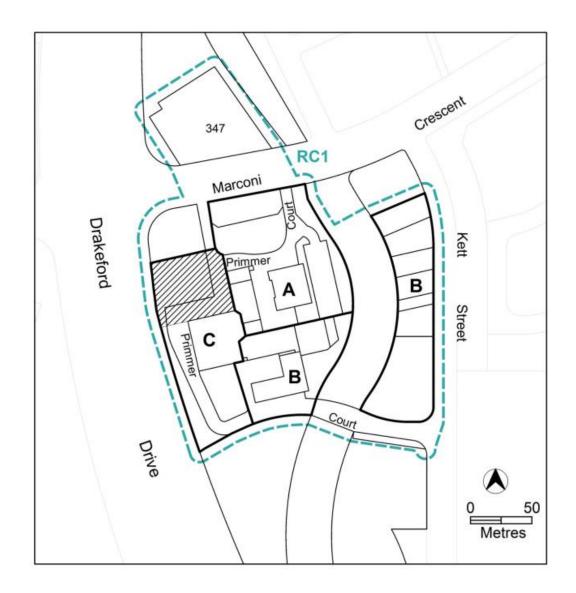
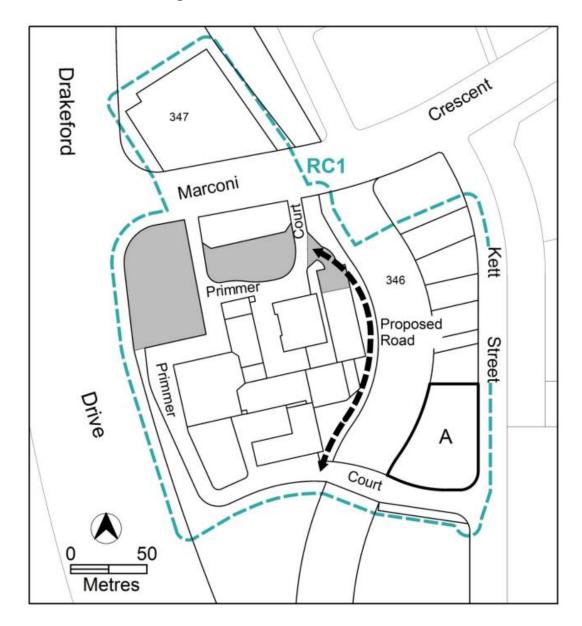


Figure 10 Kambah – Parking and Permitted Uses



Control **Assessment requirement Drakeford Drive Corridor** Land use and 40. Development within Drakeford Drive CZ2-zoned corridor area demonstrates all of the character following: a) Scale of retail activities are ancillary to other permitted uses and services the local workforce only. b) Buildings have a consistent building line and provide a landscaped setting to Drakeford **Tharwa** Number of 41. Development in Area 1 in accordance with Figure 11, the maximum number of detached dwellings dwellings on each block is 1. **Subdivision** 42. Development in Area 1 in accordance with Figure 11, subdivision or consolidation of blocks is not permitted. 43. Development in Area 1 in accordance with Figure 11, buildings respect the predominant setbacks and orientation of Tharwa's traditional buildings, with the front façade facing the front boundary and oriented to the street. **Building height** 44. Buildings are a maximum of one storey and a maximum floor to roof apex height of 6m. 45. Minimum floor to ceiling height for residential buildings is 2.7m at the front of the building. Roof 46. Roofs are: a) Steep pitched gable and/or hip roof design (between 30° and 45°). b) A prominent feature of dwellings and recognisable as a separate element to the verandahs. Constructed using corrugated metal, or similar, in a neutral and non-reflective colour or traditional galvanised finish. Plot ratio 47. Maximum plot ratio for residential buildings is 25%. **Garages and** 48. Attached garages are located behind the front façade of the primary building and screened sheds from the street. 49. Basement garages are accessed from the rear of the primary building and screened from the 50. Detached sheds are in the rear zone, single storey, and secondary in scale to the primary 51. Materials and finishes used in the construction of garages, carports and sheds are consistent with those used in the primary building. Courtyard 52. Courtyard walls are used as a landscape feature and are in the rear zone or integrated with walls the primary building. Visual 53. Development in Area 2, in accordance with Figure 11, incorporates measures to improve the

character

visual character of the locality.

Verandah

54. All residential buildings incorporate a verandah for at least 50% of the width of the front façade. The minimum depth of the verandah is 2m.

Driveway material

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55. Driveways are predominantly constructed of permeable surfaces such as gravel, concrete wheel strips or permeable paving to minimise sealed hardstand areas and minimise stormwater run-off. Concrete driveways are only used in areas where site topography and overland stormwater run-off present a high likelihood of erosion.

Stormwater

- 56. Development in Area 2, in accordance with Figure 11 complies with the following:
 - a) Is of low intensity on large blocks permitting point source retention of storm water runoff and opportunities for large scale landscaping. Stormwater runoff should be containable on site.

Rainwater tanks

- 57. The minimum size of rainwater tanks required to provide adequate water supply to dwellings is:
 - a) For dwellings less than or equal to 150m² in size 45,000 litres.
 - b) For dwellings greater than 150m² in size 90,000 litres.

Note: These are required minimum sizes only. Consideration should be given to ensure appropriate tank size to provide optimal capacity and meet bushfire safety requirements.

- 58. Tanks are constructed using corrugated metal, or similar, in a neutral and non-reflective colour or traditional galvanised finish.
- 59. Tanks are placed behind the primary building, or underground, or screened using landscape planting.

Bushfire attack level

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60. Development meets the required Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) ratings as shown on <u>Figure 12</u>.

Figure 11 Tharwa

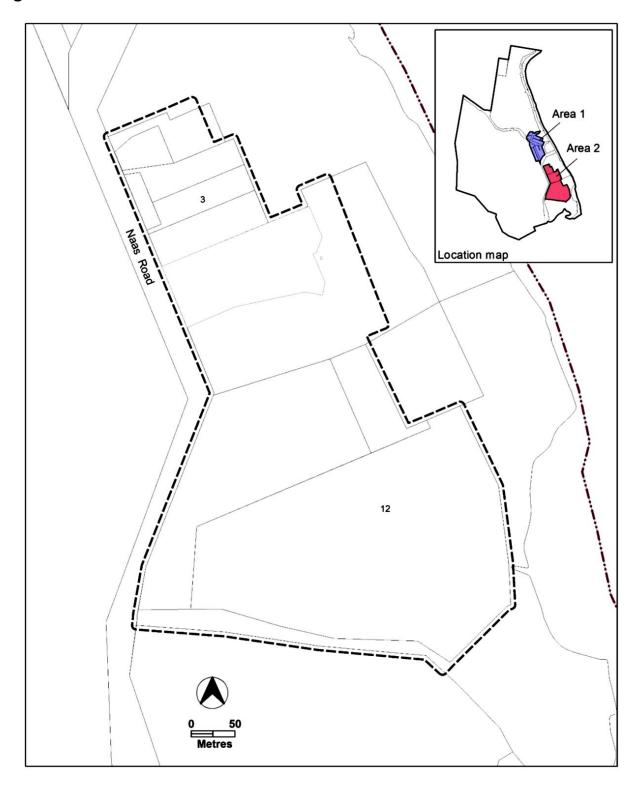
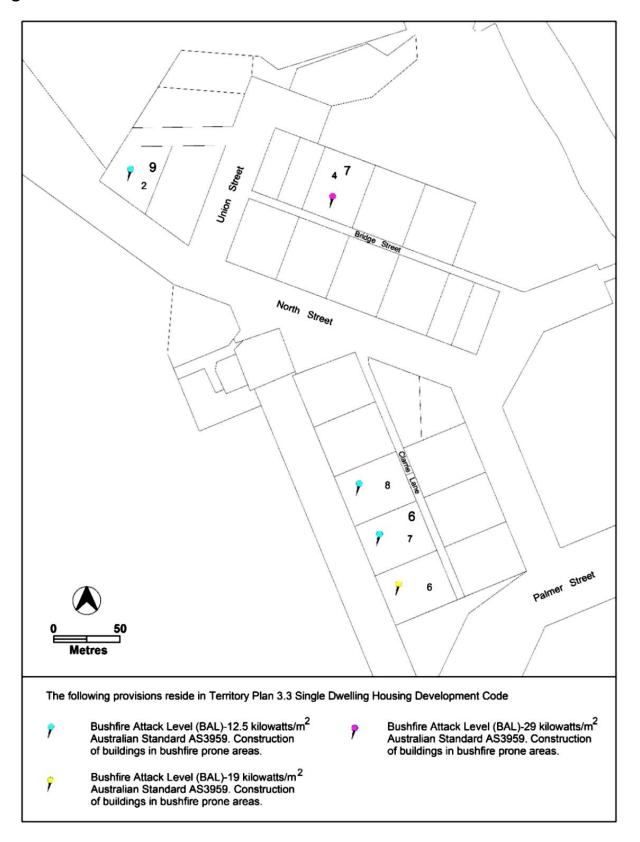


Figure 12 Tharwa – Residential Bushfire Protection



Control Assessment requirement

Wanniassa – Erindale Group Centre

Land use

- 61. In accordance with Figure 13, residential use is only permitted in Area A
- 62. The ground floor level of buildings in the CZ1, CZ2 and CZ3 zones is adaptable for commercial uses

Subdivision

63. Subdivision of the blocks is generally consistent with the pattern of proposed roads.

Gross floor area

64. A minimum of 1,400m2 gross floor area for community use uses is provided in the areas shaded grey unless a suitable replacement community use facility has been provided or is to be provided elsewhere within the centre, and/or the land is no longer required for community use.

Active frontage

- 65. In accordance with <u>Figure 13</u>, buildings incorporate uses on the ground floor that generate activity in the public space for sites with secondary active frontages
- 66. For buildings located along primary active frontage areas, frontages and building design comply with all of the following:
 - a) Buildings incorporate clear display windows and/or shop fronts at the ground floor level.
 - b) Buildings incorporate direct pedestrian access at grade with the verge level for access and egress for persons with disabilities.
 - c) Tenancies at ground floor level that occupy more than a total of 20m of the street frontage present as more than one tenancy.
 - d) Any areas of walls without windows contain displays, showcases and/or public art, with a maximum of 30% blank frontage per tenancy.
- 67. For buildings located along secondary active frontage areas, development at ground floor level achieves all of the following:
 - a) Is adaptable for shops.
 - b) Direct pedestrian access at street level.
 - c) Provide opportunities for views into and out of the building.
- 68. Blank facades, open structured car parks, loading docks, substations and other service infrastructure are not located along primary active frontages.
- 69. Extensive lengths of blank facades, open structured car parks, loading docks, substations and other service infrastructure do not dominate secondary active frontage areas.

Pedestrian access

- 70. Buildings fronting main pedestrian areas and routes incorporate uses on the ground floor that generate activity in the public space.
- 71. Buildings achieve all of the following:
 - a) Direct pedestrian access from main pedestrian areas.
 - b) Avoid extensive lengths of blank walls unrelieved by doors, display windows or the like

Building height

- 72. The maximum height of buildings in the CZ1, CZ2 and CZ3 zones is 10m, except for the following areas shown in Figure 14:
 - a) Area 'a' is the lesser of 12m or 3 storeys.
 - b) Area 'b' is the lesser of 16m or 4 storeys.
 - c) Area 'c' is the lesser of 20m or 5 storeys.

Building height excludes: roof top plant and plant screening, lift overruns, antennas, photovoltaic panels, air conditioning units, non gross floor area architectural features, chimneys, flues and vents. Excluded items that are setback 3 metres from the building façade or floor immediately below are not included in the number of storeys.

Building setbacks

- 73. Development of 2 storeys or more complies with nominated building setbacks as follows:
 - a) Development adjoining:
 - McBryde Crescent;
 - ii) Extension to Ricardo Street West;
 - iii) Gartside Street; is built to the boundary adjoining the existing or proposed road reserve.
 - b) Development adjoining the proposed road between Gartside Street and Erindale Drive is setback a minimum of 2 metres from the boundary adjoining the proposed road reserve.
- 74. Minor departures from the indicated setbacks in building alignment may be permitted to provide small spaces for active uses along main pedestrian areas and routes, or where alternate setbacks are established by existing adjacent development, in which case setbacks are consistent with the desired character.

Public access

75. In accordance with <u>Figure 13</u>, development maintains public access at all times to main pedestrian areas.

Vehicle access

76. In accordance with <u>Figure 13</u>, development in the area shaded grey does not preclude the future provision of an access road connecting Wynne Street to the intersection of Sternberg Crescent and Langdon Avenue

Car parking

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77. Development of public car parking areas provides for car parking that is generated by the development and makes a substantial contribution to the long term parking supply for public use at all times for the group centre as endorsed by the Territory.

Figure 13 Wanniassa – Erindale Group Centre – Pedestrian Areas, Active Frontages and Roads

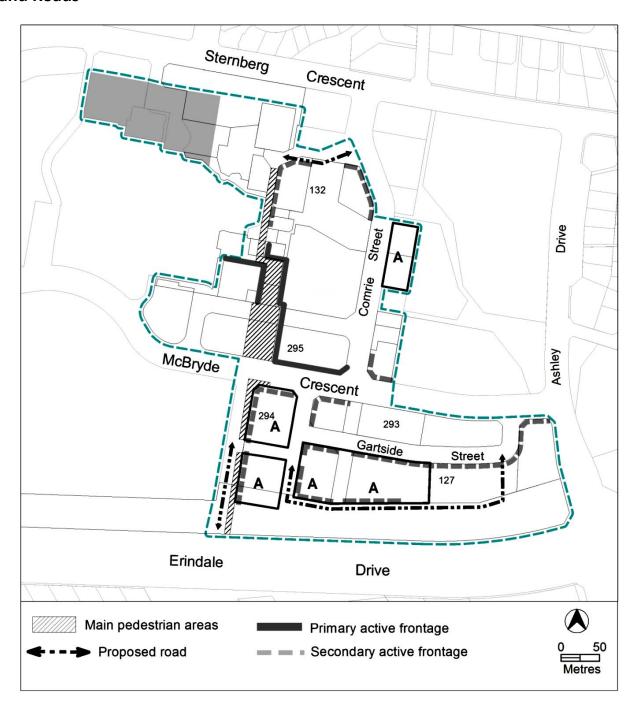


Figure 14 Wanniassa – Erindale Group Centre – Building Heights

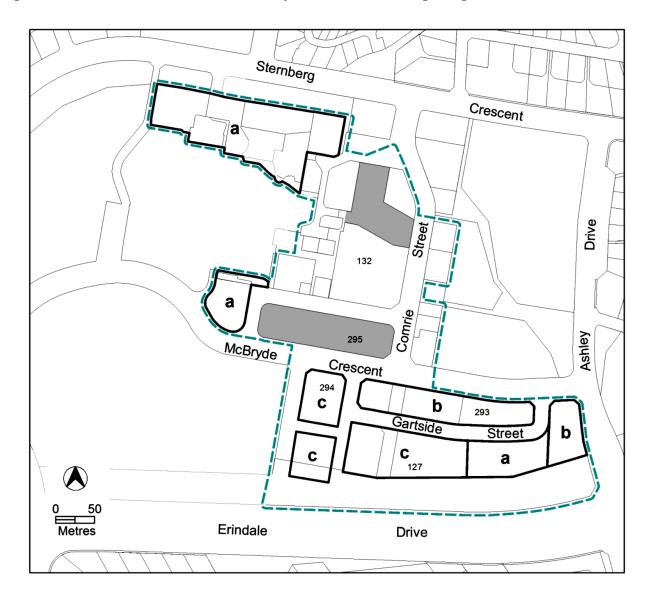


Figure 15 Wanniassa – Erindale Group Centre – GFA for Non-Retail Commercial Uses

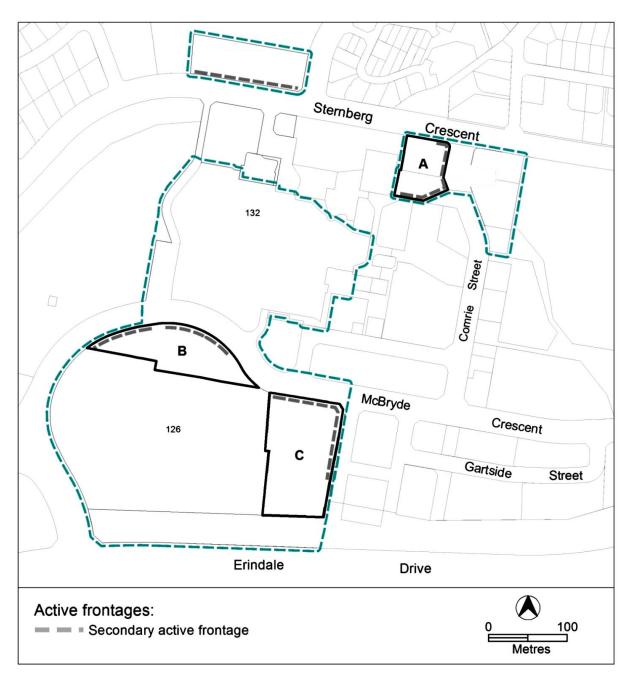
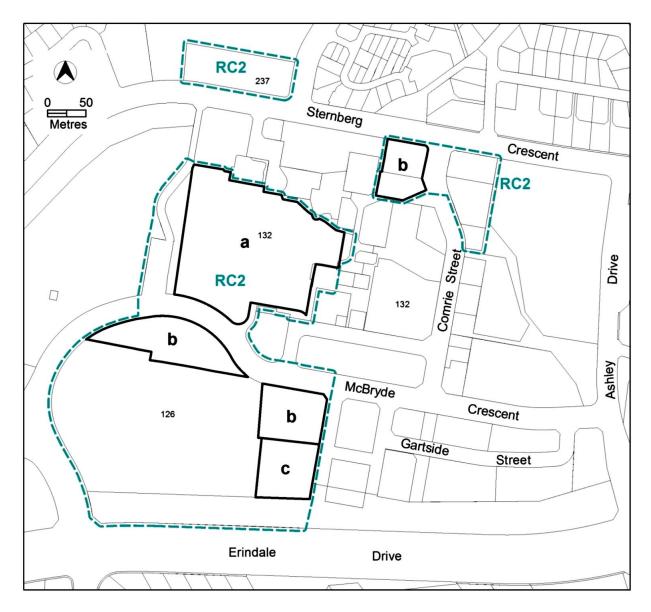


Figure 16 Wanniassa – Erindale Group Centre – Community and Recreation Facilities Building Heights



Control Assessment requirement Wanniassa – Erindale community and recreation facilities Land use 78. Development on the ground floor fronting the playing fields is compatible with the primary function of the outdoor recreation facility. **Gross floor** 79. The maximum gross floor area of public agency, office and business agency in area A on area Figure 21 does not exceed 2000m² per block. 80. The maximum gross floor area of 2000m² for business agency, financial establishment, office and public agency is permitted within each of area B and area C shown in Figure 21. **Building height** 81. The maximum height of building for the following areas is shown in Figure 22:

- a) Area 'a' is the lesser of 12m or 3 storeys.
 - b) Area 'b' is the lesser of 16m or 4 storeys.

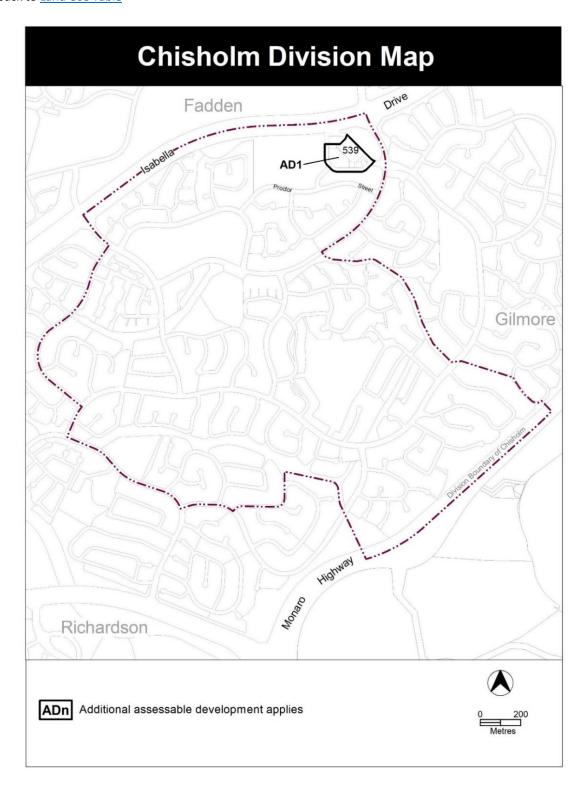
 - c) Area 'c' is the lesser of 20m or 5 storeys.

Building height excludes: roof top plant and plant screening, lift overruns, antennas, photovoltaic panels, air conditioning units, non gross floor area architectural features, chimneys, flues and vents. Excluded items that are setback 3 metres from the building façade or floor immediately below are not included in the number of storeys.

Figures – Assessable and Prohibited Development

Figure 17 Chisholm

Link back to Land Use Table



Part D - District Policies D08 - Tuggeranong District Policy

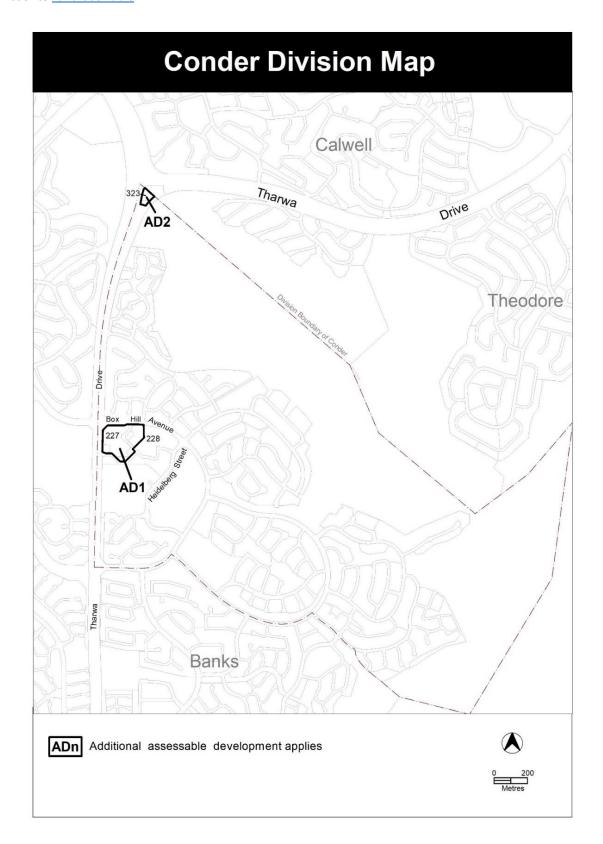
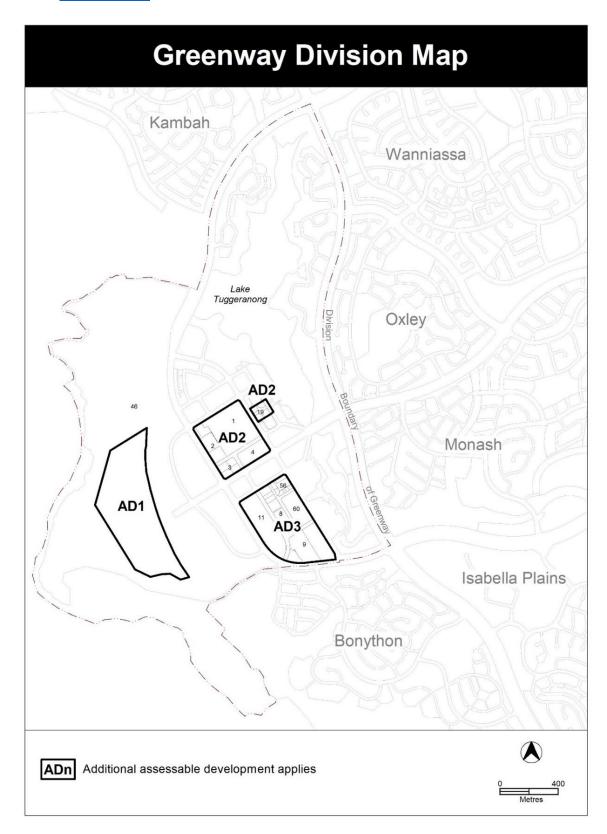
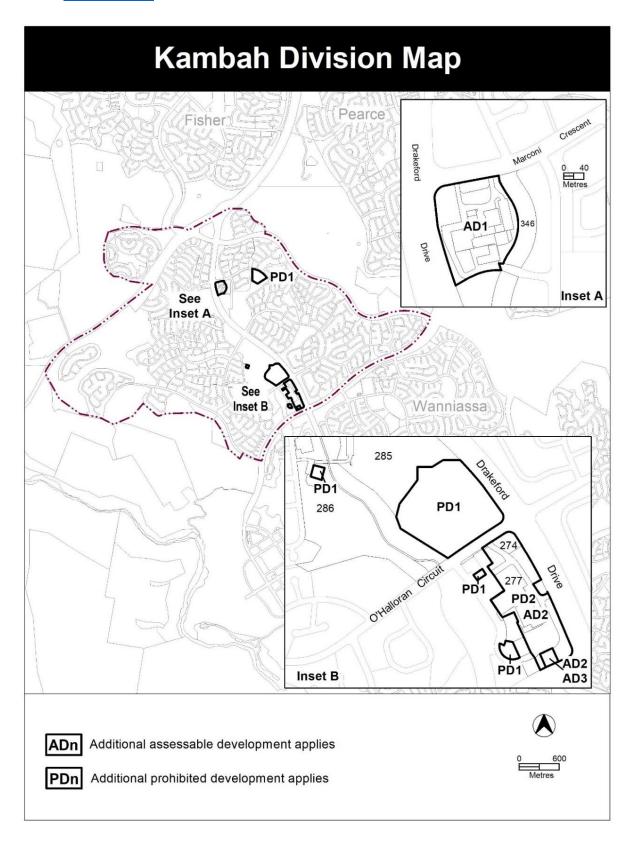


Figure 19 Greenway

Link back to Land Use Table



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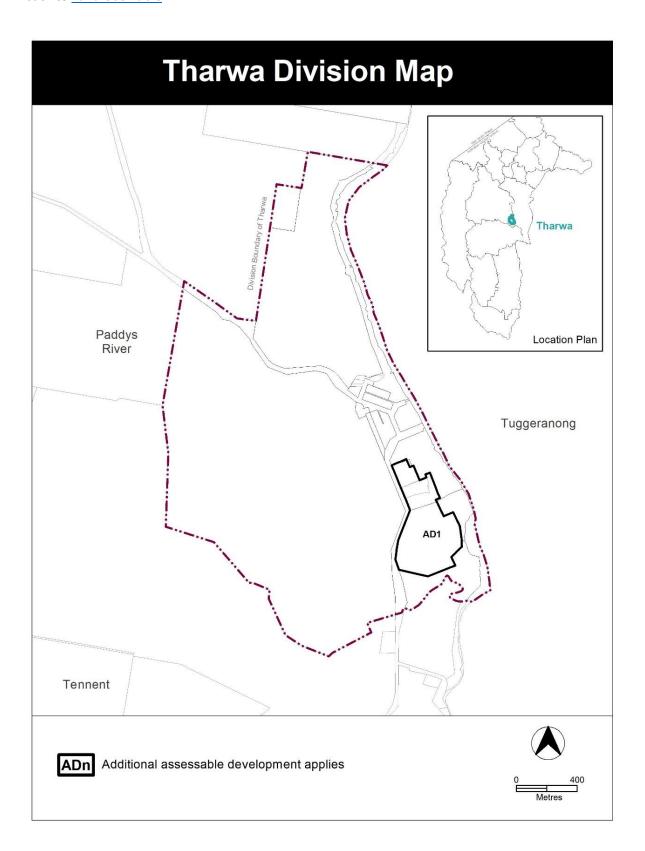


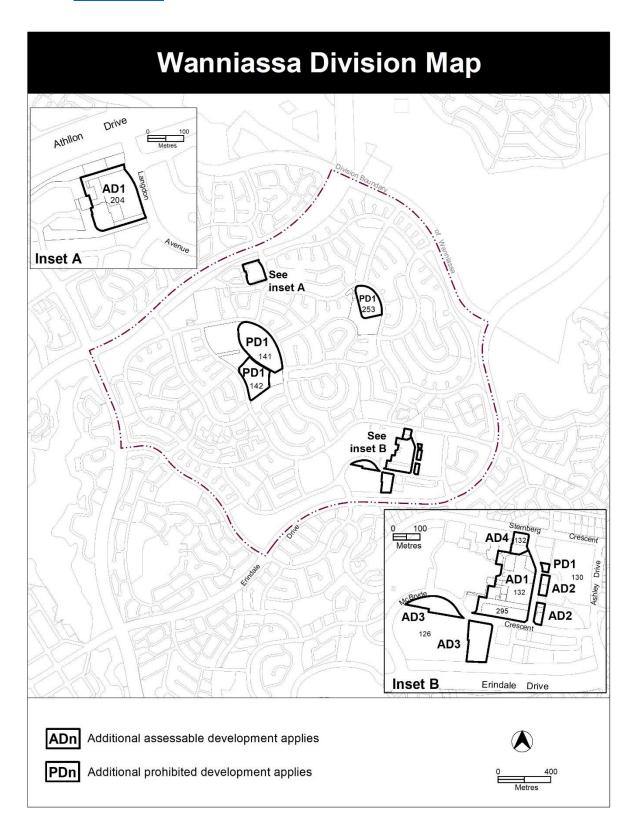
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Figure 21 Tharwa

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