

Plastic Reduction Amendment Regulation 2023 (No 1)

Subordinate Law SL2023-10

The Australian Capital Territory Executive makes the following regulation under the *Plastic Reduction Act 2021*.

Dated 31 May 2023.

ANDREW BARR
Chief Minister

CHRIS STEEL
Minister



Plastic Reduction Amendment Regulation 2023 (No 1)

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made under the

Plastic Reduction Act 2021

1 Name of regulation

This regulation is the *Plastic Reduction Amendment Regulation 2023* (No 1).

2 Commencement

(1) This regulation (other than section 5) commences on 1 July 2023.

Note The naming and commencement provisions automatically commence on the notification day (see Legislation Act, s 75 (1)).

(2) Section 5 commences on 1 January 2024.

3 Legislation amended

This regulation amends the *Plastic Reduction Regulation* 2022.

4 Section 4

substitute

4 Prescribed single-use plastic product—Act, s 7 (1), def prohibited plastic product, par (a) (v)

- (1) The following are prescribed:
 - (a) a single-use plastic drinking straw;
 - (b) a cotton bud with a single-use plastic stick or stem;
 - (c) single-use plastic microbeads contained in a rinse-off product;
 - (d) a single-use tray that is—
 - (i) made of expanded polystyrene; and
 - (ii) used for packaging perishable food for retail sale;
 - (e) single-use expanded polystyrene loose-fill packaging;

Example

peanut-shaped loose foam packaging used to protect products during transportation

- (f) a single-use plastic plate;
- (g) a single-use plastic bowl, other than a bowl designed or intended to have a spill-proof lid.

Note Subsection (1) does not apply to a single-use plastic product that is an integrated packaging item, eg a straw attached to a juice box (see Act, s 7 (1), def *prohibited plastic product*, par (b)).

(2) In this section:

plastic microbead means a plastic particle less than 5mm wide.

rinse-off product means a liquid product that is-

- (a) used for cleaning or personal care; and
- (b) designed or intended to be rinsed off immediately or shortly after use.

Examples—rinse-off product

- 1 shampoo and conditioner
- 2 face masks and face wash, including exfoliants
- 3 hair dye, whether permanent, semi-permanent or otherwise
- 4 toothpaste
- 5 body wash products, including exfoliants

5 New section 6

insert

- 6 Prescribed single-use plastic shopping bag—Act, s 7 (2), def single-use plastic shopping bag, par (a) (ii) and (b) (iii)
 - (1) A plastic retail carry bag is prescribed for the Act, section 7 (2), definition of *single-use plastic shopping bag*, paragraph (a) (ii).
 - (2) The following are prescribed for the Act, section 7 (2), definition of *single-use plastic shopping bag*, paragraph (b) (iii):
 - (a) an unsealed bag that is the packaging in which perishable food is offered for sale;
 - (b) a carry bag that is made (in whole or in part) of 1 or more of the following fabrics:
 - (i) nylon;
 - (ii) polyester;
 - (iii) woven polypropylene;

- (iv) non-woven polypropylene if—
 - (A) the bag has sewn, rather than heat-welded, seams; and
 - (B) the fabric has a minimum weight of 90g/m² measured as a single layer of fabric.
- (3) In this section:

plastic retail carry bag means a bag with handles that is—

- (a) made (in whole or in part) of plastic; and
- (b) used for conveying goods purchased from a retailer.

Example—made partly of plastic

made of plastic-laminated paper or cardboard

Endnotes

1 Notification

Notified under the Legislation Act on 8 June 2023.

2 Republications of amended laws

For the latest republication of amended laws, see www.legislation.act.gov.au.

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